The Sales Tax Act, 1990

(As amended up to 1\textsuperscript{st} July 2015)
(The amendments made through Finance Act 2015, have been shown in blue).

The Sales Tax Act, 1990

(Act No. III of 1951 as Amended by Act VII of 1990)

Last Updated vide the Finance Act, 2015

By

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Updated up to 01.07.2015

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An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to the levy of a tax on the sale, importation, exportation, production, manufacture or consumption of goods

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to the levy of a tax on the sale, importation, exportation, production, manufacture or consumption of goods;

It is hereby enacted as follows:-

Chapter-I

PRELIMINARY

1. Short title, extent and commencement.— (1) This Act may be called the Sales Tax Act, 1990.
   
   (2) It extends to the whole of Pakistan.

(3) It shall come into force on such date as the Federal Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

2. Definitions.— In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,
   
   (1) “active taxpayer” means a registered person who does not fall in any of the following categories, namely:-

1 For Statements of Objects and Reasons see Gazette of Pakistan, dated the 30th March 1951, Pt. V. pp 36 and 37.
2 Substituted for the words “or consumption of goods” by the Finance Act, 1960.
3 Substituted for the words “or consumption of goods” by the Finance Act, 1960.
4 Chapter I to X substituted for Chapters I to XVI by the Finance Act, 1990.
5 Brackets and word “(Amendment)” omitted by the Finance Act, 1991.
7 Section 2 Substituted by the Finance Act, 1996.
8 Clauses (1) and (1A) substituted for clause (1) by Finance Act, 2015.
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(a) who is blacklisted or whose registration is suspended or is blocked in terms of section 21;

(b) fails to file the return under section 26 by the due date for two consecutive tax periods;

(c) who fails to file an Income Tax return under section 114 or statement under section 115, of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001(XLI of 2001), by the due date; and

(d) who fails to file two consecutive monthly or an annual withholding tax statement under section 165 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

(1A) “Appellate Tribunal” means the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue established under section 130 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001);

(2) “appropriate officer” means an officer of Inland Revenue authorised by the Board by notification in the official Gazette to perform certain functions under this Act;

2[(2A) “arrears”, in relation to a person, means, on any day, the sales tax due and payable by the person under this Act before that day but which has not yet been paid;]

3[(3) “associates (associated persons)” means, –

(i) subject to sub-clause (ii), where two persons associate and the relationship between the two is such that one may reasonably be expected to act in accordance with the intentions of the other, or both persons may reasonably be expected to act in accordance with the intentions of a third person;

(ii) two persons shall not be associates solely by reason of the fact that one person is an employee of the other or both persons are employees of a third person;

(iii) without limiting the generality of sub-clause (i) and subject to sub-clause (iv), the following shall be treated as associates, namely: –

(a) an individual and a relative of the individual;

(b) members of an association of persons;

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1 Substituted for “Collector of Sales Tax” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010 published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259.


3 Clause (3) substituted by Finance Act, 2008.
(c) a member of an association of persons and the association, where the member, either alone or together with an associate or associates under another application of this section, controls fifty per cent or more of the rights to income or capital of the association;

(d) a trust and any person who benefits or may benefit under the trust;

(e) a shareholder in a company and the company, where the shareholder, either alone or together with an associate or associates under another application of this section, controls either directly or through one or more interposed persons—

(i) fifty per cent or more of the voting power in the company;

(ii) fifty per cent or more of the rights to dividends; or

(iii) fifty per cent or more of the rights to capital; and

(f) two companies, where a person, either alone or together with an associate or associates under another application of this section, controls either directly or through one or more interposed persons—

(i) fifty per cent or more of the voting power in both companies;

(ii) fifty per cent or more of the rights to dividends in companies; or

(iii) fifty per cent or more of the rights to capital in both companies.

(iv) two persons shall not be associates under sub-clause (a) or (b) of paragraph (iii) where the Commissioner is satisfied that neither person may reasonably be expected to act in accordance with the intentions of the other.

(v) In this clause, “relative” in relation to an individual, means—

(a) an ancestor, a descendant of any of the grandparents, or an adopted child, of the individual, or of a spouse of the individual; or

(b) a spouse of the individual or of any person specified in sub-clause (a).]

1 Substituted for “Collector of Sales Tax” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010 published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259.
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1[(3A) “association of persons” includes a firm, a Hindu undivided family, any artificial juridical person and anybody of persons formed under a foreign law, but does not include a company;]

2[(3AA) “banking company” means a banking company as defined in the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 (LVII of 1962) and includes anybody corporate which transacts the business of banking in Pakistan;]

3[(4) “Board” means the Federal Board of Revenue established under section 3 of the Federal Board of Revenue Act, 2007;]

4[(4A) “Chief Commissioner” means a person appointed as the chief Commissioner Inland Revenue under section 30;]

5[(5) “Commissioner” means the Commissioner of Inland Revenue appointed under section 30;]

6[(5A) “common taxpayer identification number” means the registration number or any other number allocated to a registered person;]

7[(5AA) “company” means –
   (a) a company as defined in the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XL VII of 1984);
   (b) a body corporate formed by or under any law in force in Pakistan;
   (c) a modaraba;
   (d) a body incorporated by or under the law of a country outside Pakistan relating to incorporation of companies;]

1 Clause (3A) inserted by Finance Act, 2008.
2 Clause (3A) re-numbered as (3AA). Earlier it was inserted by Finance Act, 2004.
3 Clause (4) substituted by Finance Act, 2008. Earlier it was substituted by Finance Act, 2007.
4 Clause (4A) inserted by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010. The same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010 published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made
6 Clause (5A) inserted by Finance Act, 2006. Earlier clause (5A) was omitted by Finance Act, 2004. Earlier it was inserted by Tax Laws (Amendments) Ordinance, 1999.
7 Clause (5AA) inserted by Finance Act, 2008.
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(e) a trust, a co-operative society or a finance society or any other society established or constituted by or under any law for the time being in force; or

(f) a foreign association, whether incorporated or not, which the Board has, by general or special order, declared to be a company for the purposes of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001 (XLIX of 2001);

1[(5AAA)] “computerized system” means any comprehensive information technology system to be used by the Board or any other office as may be notified by the Board, for carrying out the purposes of this Act;]

2[(5AB) “cottage industry” means a manufacturer whose annual turnover from taxable supplies made in any tax period during the last twelve months ending any tax period does not exceed five million rupees or whose annual utility (electricity, gas and telephone) bills during the last twelve months ending any tax period do not exceed 3[eight] hundred thousand rupees;]

4[(5AC) “CREST” means the computerized program for analyzing and cross matching of sales tax returns, also referred to as COMPUTERISED RISK-BASED EVALUATION of SALES TAX;]

(6) “Customs Act” means the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969), and where appropriate all rules and notifications made under that Act;

5[(6A) “defaulter” means a person and, in the case of company or firm, every director, or partner of the company, or as the case may be, of the firm, of which he is a director or partner or a proprietor and includes guarantors or successors, who fail to pay the arrears;]

6[(6B) “default surcharge” means the default surcharge levied under section 34;]

(7) “distributor” means a person appointed by a manufacturer, importer or any other person for a specified area to purchase goods from him for further supply and includes a

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1 Clause (5AA) re-numbered as (5AAA) by Finance Act, 2008. Earlier it was inserted by Finance Act, 2006.
2 Clause (5AB) inserted by Finance Act, 2007.
3 Word “eight” substituted for the word “seven” by Finance Act, 2015.
4 CREST 5AC inserted by Finance Act, 2013.
5 Clause (6A) inserted by Tax Laws (Amendments) Ordinance, 1999.
6 Clause (6B) substituted by Finance Act, 2008. Earlier it was inserted by Finance Act, 2005.
person who in addition to being a distributor is also engaged in supply of goods as a wholesaler or a retailer;

(8) “document” includes any electronic data, computer programmes, computer tapes, computer disks, micro-films or any other medium for the storage of such data;

(9) “due date” in relation to the furnishing of a return ¹[under section 26], ²[³[...] and section 26AA] means the ⁴[¹⁵th] day of the month following the end of the tax period, or such other date as the ⁵[Board] may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify;

⁶[(9A)] “e-intermediary” means a person appointed as e-intermediary under section 52A for filing of electronic returns and such other documents as may be prescribed by the Board from time to time, on behalf of a person registered under section 14;]

⁷[(9AA) ***]

(10) “establishment” means an undertaking, firm or company, whether incorporated or not, an association of persons or an individual;

(11) “exempt supply” means a supply which is exempt from tax under section 13;

⁸[(11A) “firm” means the relation between persons who have agreed to share the profits of a business carried on by all or any of them acting for all;]

(12) “goods” include every kind of movable property other than actionable claims, money, stocks, shares and securities;

(13) “importer” means any person who ⁹[...] imports any goods into Pakistan;

¹⁰[(14) “input tax”, in relation to a registered person, means –

¹ The words and figure inserted by Finance Act, 1998.
² The words and figure inserted by Tax Laws Amendment Ordinance, 2000, dated 24th May, 2000.
³ Comma and words etc. “, sub-section (6) of section 26A” omitted by Finance Act, 2004.
⁴ Substituted for “20th” by Finance Act, 1998
⁵ Substituted for “Federal Government” by Finance Act, 2008
⁶ Clause (9A) inserted by Finance Act, 2006. Earlier clause (9A) was omitted by Finance Act, 2004. Originally it was inserted by Tax Laws (Amendments) Ordinance, 2001.
⁸ Clause (11A) inserted by Finance Act, 2008.
⁹ Word “lawfully” omitted by Finance Act, 2008
¹⁰ Clause (14) substituted by Finance Act, 2008.
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(a) tax levied under this Act on supply of goods to the person;
(b) tax levied under this Act on the import of goods by the person;
(c) in relation to goods or services acquired by the person, tax levied under the Federal Excise Act, 2005 in sales tax mode as a duty of excise on the manufacture or production of the goods, or the rendering or providing of the services;
(d) Provincial sales tax levied on services rendered or provided to the person; and
(e) levied under the Sales Tax Act, 1990 as adapted in the State of Azad Jammu and Kashmir, on the supply of goods received by the person;]

1[(14A) the expression “KIBOR” means Karachi Inter-Bank Offered Rate prevalent on the first day of each quarter of the financial year;]

2[(15) “Local Inland Revenue Office” means the office of Superintendent of Inland Revenue or such other office as the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify;]

(16) “manufacture” or “produce” includes —

(a) any process in which an article singly or in combination with other articles, materials, components, is either converted into another distinct article or product or is so changed, transformed or reshaped that it becomes capable of being put to use differently or distinctly and includes any process incidental or ancillary to the completion of a manufactured product;
(b) process of printing, publishing, lithography and engraving; and
(c) process and operations of assembling, mixing, cutting, diluting, bottling, packaging, repackaging or preparation of goods in any other manner;

(17) “manufacturer” or “producer” means a person who engages, whether exclusively or not, in the production or manufacture of goods whether or not the raw material of which the goods are produced or manufactured are owned by him; and shall include –

(a) a person who by any process or operation assembles, mixes, cuts, dilutes, bottles, packages, repackages or prepares goods by any other manner;

1 Clause (14A) inserted by Finance Act, 2009.
2 Clause (15) substituted by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010. The same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010 published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259.
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(b) an assignee or trustee in bankruptcy, liquidator, executor, or curator or any manufacturer or producer and any person who disposes of his assets in any fiduciary capacity; and

(c) any person, firm or company which owns, holds, claims or uses any patent, proprietary, or other right to goods being manufactured, whether in his or its name, or on his or its behalf, as the case may be, whether or not such person, firm or company sells, distributes, consigns or otherwise disposes of the goods

[Provided that for the purpose of refund under this Act, only such shall be treated as manufacturer-cum-exporter who owns or has his own manufacturing facility to manufacture or produce the goods exported or to be exported;]

(18) “Officer of Inland Revenue” means an officer appointed under section 30;

(19) “open market price” means the consideration in money which that supply or a similar supply would generally fetch in an open market;

(20) “output tax”, in relation to a registered person, means –

(a) tax levied under this Act on a supply of goods, made by the person;

(b) tax levied under the Federal Excise Act, 2005 in sales tax mode as a duty of excise on the manufacture or production of the goods, or the rendering or providing of the services, by the person;

(c) Provincial sales tax levied on services rendered or provided by the person;

(21) “person” means,—

(a) an individual;

(b) a company or association of persons incorporated, formed, organized or established in Pakistan or elsewhere;

(c) the Federal Government;

(d) a Provincial Government;

(e) a local authority in Pakistan; or

1 Substituted for the semi-colon by Finance Ordinance, 2000


3 Clause (18) substituted by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010. The same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010 published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259.

4 Clause (20) substituted by Finance Act, 2008. Earlier it was inserted by Finance Act, 2007.

5 Clause (21) substituted by Finance Act, 2008.
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(f) a foreign government, a political subdivision of a foreign government, or public international organization;

(22) “prescribed” means prescribed by rules made under this Act;

1[(22A) “Provincial sales tax” means tax levied under, Provincial laws or laws relating to Islamabad Capital Territory, which are declared by the Federal Govt., through notification in the official Gazette to be Provincial Sales Tax for the purpose of input tax;]

(23) “registered office” means the office or other place of business specified by the registered person in the application made by him for registration under this Act or through any subsequent application to the Commissioner;]

(24) “registration number” means the number allocated to the registered person for the purpose of this Act;

3[(25) “registered person” means a person who is registered or is liable to be registered under this Act:

Provided that a person liable to be registered but not registered under this Act shall not be entitled to any benefit available to a registered person under any of the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder;]

5[(26) ***]

(27) “retail price”, with reference to the Third Schedule, means the price fixed by the manufacturer, inclusive of all duties, charges and taxes (other than sales tax) at which any particular brand or variety of any article should be sold to the general body of consumers or, if more than one such price is so fixed for the same brand or variety, the highest of such price:

1 Clause (22A) inserted by Finance Act, 2008.
2 The word “Collector” was substituted for “Commissioner” by Finance (Amendment) ordinance, 2010 promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010 dated February 6, 2010, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary part I at pages 229 to 259.
3 Clause (25) substituted by Finance Ordinance, 2002.
4 Words “shall remain liable to further tax under sub-section (1A) of section 3 and” omitted by Finance Act, 2004.
5 Clause (26) omitted by Finance Ordinance, 2002.
6 Words “or the importer” omitted by Finance Act, 2005. Earlier these were inserted by Finance Act, 2003.
7 Words and comma inserted by Finance Act, 2007.
8 Words “and octroi” omitted by Finance Act, 1998.
9 The “semicolon” has been substituted by “colon” in Finance Act, 2014.
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Provided that the Board may through a general order specify zones or areas for the purpose of determination of highest retail price for any brand or variety of goods.

(28) “retailer” means a person supplying goods to general public for the purpose of consumption.

Provided that any person, who combines the business of import and retail or manufacture or production with retail, shall notify and advertise wholesale prices and retail prices separately, and declare the address of retail outlets.

(28A)

(29) “return” means any return required to be furnished under Chapter-V of this Act;

(29A) “sales tax” means –

(a) the tax, additional tax, or default surcharge levied under this Act;
(b) a fine, penalty or fee imposed or charged under this Act; and
(c) any other sum payable under the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder;

(29AA) “sales tax account” means an account representing the double entry recording of sales tax transactions in the books of account;

(30) “Schedule” means a Schedule appended to this Act;

(31) “similar supply”, in relation to the open market price of goods, means any other supply of goods which closely or substantially resemble the characteristics, quantity, components and materials of the aforementioned goods;

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1 Inserted by Finance Act 2014.
2 Words “not being a manufacturer or producer or an importer” omitted by Finance Act, 2003, after omission the commas become superfluous. Earlier commas and words were inserted by Finance Act, 1998.
5 The comma, words and figures “; and his total turnover per annum shall be taken into account for the purposes of registration under section 14” omitted by Finance Act, 2015.
6 Clause (28A) omitted by Finance Act, 2008. Earlier it was inserted by Finance Act, 1997.
7 Clause (29A) inserted by Finance Act, 2008.
8 Clause (29A) renumbered as (29AA) by Finance Act, 2008. Earlier it was inserted by Finance Act, 2006.
9 Substituted for “resemble” by Finance Act, 2008.
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1 [(31A) “special audit” means an audit conducted under section 32A;]

(32) “Special Judge” means the Special Judge appointed under Section 2[37C of the act until such appointment is made by the Special Judge appointed under section] 185 of the Customs Act;

3 [(33) “supply” means a sale or other transfer of the right to dispose of goods as owner, including such sale or transfer under a hire purchase agreement, and also includes –

(a) putting to private, business or non-business use of goods produced or manufactured in the course of taxable activity for purposes other than those of making a taxable supply;

(b) auction or disposal of goods to satisfy a debt owed by a person; 4[***]

(c) possession of taxable goods held immediately before a person ceases to be a registered person 5[; and]

6 [(d) in case of manufacture of goods belonging to another person, the transfer or delivery of such goods to the owner or to a person nominated by him:]

Provided that the Federal Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify such other transactions which shall or shall not constitute supply;]

7 [(33A) “supply chain” means the series of transactions between buyers and sellers from the stage of first purchase or import to the stage of final supply;]

8 [(34) “tax”, unless the context requires otherwise, means sales tax;]

9 [(35) “taxable activity”, means any economic activity carried on by a person whether or not for profit, and includes — —

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1 Clause (31A) inserted by Finance Act, 1998.
2 Words etc. inserted by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010.
3 Clause (33) substituted by Finance Act, 2008.
4 Word “and” omitted by Finance Act, 2015.
6 Clause (d) added by Finance Act, 2015.
7 Clause (33A) inserted by Finance Act, 2013.
8 Clause (34) substituted by Finance Act, 2008.
9 Clause (35) substituted by Finance Act, 2008.
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(a) an activity carried on in the form of a business, trade or manufacture;

(b) an activity that involves the supply of goods, the rendering or providing of services, or both to another person;

(c) a one-off adventure or concern in the nature of a trade; and

(d) anything done or undertaken during the commencement or termination of the economic activity,

but does not include –

(a) the activities of an employee providing services in that capacity to an employer;

(b) an activity carried on by an individual as a private recreational pursuit or hobby; and

(c) an activity carried on by a person other than an individual which, if carried on by an individual, would fall within sub-clause (b).]

(36) “tax fraction” means the amount worked out in accordance with the following formula: –

\[
\frac{a}{100 + a}
\]

(‘a’ is the rate of tax specified in section 3);

(37) “tax fraud” means knowingly, dishonestly or fraudulently and without any lawful excuse (burden of proof of which excuse shall be upon the accused) –

(i) doing of any act or causing to do any act; or

(ii) omitting to take any action or causing the omission to take any action,

\[1\text{including the making of taxable supplies without getting registration under this Act }^2\text{[f; or]/.}\]

\[3\text{[(iii)] falsifying }^4\text{[or causing falsification] the sales tax invoices,].}\]

in contravention of duties or obligations imposed under this Act or rules or instructions issued thereunder with the intention of understating the tax liability \[5\text{[or underpaying the tax liability}\]

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1 Words etc. inserted by Finance Act, 2004.
2 Substituted for comma by Finance Act, 2005
3 Sub-clause (iii) inserted by Finance Act, 2005.
4 Words inserted by Finance Act, 2007.
5 Words inserted by Finance Ordinance, 2000.
for two consecutive tax periods] or overstating the entitlement to tax credit or tax refund to cause loss of tax;

1[(38) ***]

(39) “taxable goods” means all goods other than those which have been exempted under section 13;

(40) “tax invoice” means a document required to be issued under section 23;

(41) “taxable supply” means a supply of taxable goods made [by an importer, manufacturer, wholesaler (including dealer), distributor or retailer] other than a supply of goods which is exempt under section 13 and includes a supply of goods chargeable to tax at the rate of zero per cent under section 4;

4[(42) ***]

(43) “tax period” means a period of one month or such other period as the Federal Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify;

6[(44) “time of supply”, in relation to,—

(a) a supply of goods, other than under hire purchase agreement, means the time at which the goods are delivered or made available to the recipient of the supply” [or the time when any payment is received by the supplier in respect of that supply, whichever is earlier];

(b) a supply of goods under a hire purchase agreement, means the time at which the agreement is entered into; and

(c) services, means the time at which the services are rendered or provided;

8[Provided that in respect of sub clause ( a) ,(b) or (c), where any part payment is received, –

1 Clause (38) omitted by Finance Act, 2004.
2 The words “In Pakistan” omitted by Finance Act, 2003.
3 The words and commas inserted by Finance Act, 1998.
4 Clause (42) omitted by Finance Act, 1997.
6 Clause (44) (44 A) and (44 AA) substituted for clause (44) by Finance Act, 2008.
7 Clause (44) amended by Finance Act, 2013.
8 Proviso added by Finance Act, 2013.
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(i) for the supply in a tax period, it shall be accounted for in the return for that tax period; and

(ii) in respect of exempt supply, it shall be accounted for in the return for the tax period during which the exemption is withdrawn from such supply;]

(44A) “trust” means an obligation annexed to the ownership of property and arising out of the confidence reposed in and accepted by the owner, or declared and accepted by the owner for the benefit of another, or of another and the owner, and includes a unit trust;

(44AA) “unit trust” means any trust under which beneficial interests are divided into units such that the entitlements of the beneficiaries to income or capital are determined by the number of units held;]

1[(45) ***]

(46) “value of supply” means:--

(a) in respect of a taxable supply, the consideration in money including all Federal and Provincial duties and taxes, if any, which the supplier receives from the recipient for that supply but excluding the amount of tax:

Provided that –

(i) in case the consideration for a supply is in kind or is partly in kind and partly in money, the value of the supply shall mean the open market price of the supply excluding the amount of tax;

(ii) in case the supplier and recipient are associated persons and the supply is made for no consideration or for a consideration which is lower than the open market price, the value of supply shall mean the open market price of the supply excluding the amount of tax;

(iii) in case a taxable supply is made to a consumer from general public on installment basis on a price inclusive of mark up or surcharge rendering it higher than open market price, the value of supply shall mean the open market price of the supply excluding the amount of tax;]

(b) in case of trade discounts, the discounted price excluding the amount of tax; provided the tax invoice shows the discounted price and the

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1 Clause (45) omitted by Finance Act, 2004.
2 Words inserted by Finance Act, 1999.
5 Sub-clause (iii) inserted by Finance Ordinance, 2001.
related tax and the discount allowed is in conformity with the normal business practices;

(c) in case where for any special nature of transaction it is difficult to ascertain the value of a supply, the open market price;

(d) in case of imported goods, the value determined under section 25\(^1\) of the Customs Act, including the amount of customs-duties and central excise duty levied thereon;\(^2\)[…]

(e) in case where there is sufficient reason to believe that the value of a supply has not been correctly declared in the invoice, the value determined by the Valuation Committee comprising representatives of trade and the 3\[Inland Revenue\] constituted by the 4\[Commissioner\] and

\(^{6}\)(f) in case the goods other than taxable goods are supplied to a registered person for processing, the value of supply of such processed goods shall mean the price excluding the amount of sales tax which such goods will fetch on sale in the market;

\(^{7}\)(g) in case of a taxable supply, with reference to retail tax, the price of taxable goods excluding the amount of retail tax, which a supplier will charge at the time of making taxable supply by him, or such other price as the Board may, by a notification in the official Gazette, specify.\]

\(^{8}\)[Provided] that, where the Board deems it necessary it may, by notification in the official Gazette, fix the value of any imported goods or taxable supplies or class of supplies and for that purpose fix different values for different classes or description of same type of imported goods or supplies:

\(^1\) Words etc. “or 25B” omitted by Finance Act, 2004.

\(^2\) The word “and” omitted by Finance Supplementary (Amendment) Act, 1997. Earlier the same amendment was made by Sales Tax (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 1996, dated 2\(^{nd}\) November, 1996; and again was made by the Sales Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 1979.

\(^3\) Substituted for “Sales Tax Department” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) ordinance 2010 promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010 dated February 6, 2010, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary part I at pages 229 to 259.

\(^4\) Substituted for “Collector” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) ordinance 2010 promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010 dated February 6, 2010, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary part I at pages 229 to 259.

\(^5\) Word etc. “; and” substituted for “colon” by Finance Supplementary (Amendment) Act, 1997. Earlier it was substituted by Sales Tax (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 1996, dated 2\(^{nd}\) November, 1996; and again was made by the Sales Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 1979.

\(^6\) Sub clause (f) inserted by Finance Supplementary (Amendment) Act, 1997. Earlier it was substituted by Sales Tax (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 1996, dated 2\(^{nd}\) November, 1996; and again was made by the Sales Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 1979.

\(^7\) Sub-Clause (g) inserted by Finance Act, 1997.

\(^8\) Provisos substituted by Finance Act, 2006.
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Provided further that where the value at which import or supply is made is higher than the value fixed by the Board, the value of goods shall, unless otherwise directed by the Board, be the value at which the import or supply is made:

\[\text{(46A) “whistleblower” means whistleblower as defined in section 72D of the Sales Tax Act, 1990;}\]

(47) “wholesaler” \[\text{includes a dealer and means any person who carries on, whether regularly or otherwise, the business of buying and selling goods by wholesale or of supplying or distributing goods, directly or indirectly, by wholesale for cash or deferred payment or for commission or other valuable consideration or stores such goods belonging to others as an agent for the purpose of sale; and includes a person supplying taxable goods to a person \text{[who deducts income tax at source under the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001)]}; and}

(48) “zero-rated supply” means a taxable supply which is charged to tax at the rate of zero per cent under section 4.

CHAPTER-II

SCOPE AND PAYMENT OF TAX

3. Scope of tax.– (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, there shall be charged, levied and paid a tax known as sales tax at the rate of \[\text{seventeen} \] per cent of the value of–

(a) taxable supplies made \[\text{in Pakistan} \] by a registered person in the course or furtherance of any taxable activity carried on by him; and

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1 Clause (46A) added by Finance Act, 2015.
2 Words inserted by Finance Act, 1997.
3 The words, brackets and figures inserted by Finance Act, 1998.
5 Substituted for “whose income is not liable to tax under the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001) but has deducted income tax at source under section 153 of the said Ordinance” by Finance Act, 2006.
6 Comma and words “:, and a person who in addition to making retail supplies is engaged in wholesale business” omitted by Finance Act, 2008.
7 Substituted for seventeen vide Finance Act, 2013
8 Words “in Pakistan” omitted by Finance Act, 2003
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(b) goods imported into Pakistan.

2[(1A) Subject to the provision of sub section (6) of section 8 or any notification issued thereunder, where taxable supplies are made to a person who has not obtained registration number, there shall be charged, levied and paid a further tax at the rate of 3[two] percent of the value In addition to the rate specified in sub sections 1), (1B), (2), (5) and (6) provided that the Federal Govt. may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify the taxable supplies in respect of which the further tax shall not be charged, levied and paid.]

4[(1B) The Board may, by notification in the Official Gazette, in lieu of levying and collecting tax under sub section (1) on taxable supplies, levy and collect tax –

(a) On the production capacity of plants, machinery, undertaking, establishments or installation producing on manufacturing such goods; or

(b) On fixed basis, as it may deem fit, from any person who is in a position to collect such tax due to the nature of the business.]

5[(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-section (1): –

(a) taxable supplies specified in the Third Schedule shall be charged to tax at the rate of 1[seventeen] per cent of the retail price which along with the amount of sales tax shall be legibly, prominently and indelibly printed or embossed by the manufacturer on each article, packet, container, package, cover or label, as the case may be; 6[;] 7[ ]

8[Provided that the Federal Government, may, by notification in the official Gazette, exclude any taxable supply from the said Schedule or include any taxable supply therein; 9[…]]

(aa) 1[goods specified in the Eighth schedule shall be charged to tax at such rates and subject to such conditions and limitations as specified therein; and]

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1 Words substituted by Finance Act, 1996.
2 Sub section (1A) inserted by Finance Act, 2013.
3 Word “two” substituted for word “one” by Finance Act, 2015.
4 Sub section (1B) inserted by Finance Act, 2013.
5 Sub section (2) substituted by Finance Act, 2001
7 The word ‘; and” omitted by Finance Act, 2014.
(b) the Federal Government may, subject to such conditions and restrictions as it may impose, by notification in the official Gazette, declare that in respect of any taxable goods, the tax shall be charged, collected and paid in such manner and at such higher or lower rate or rates as may be specified in the said notification.]

The liability to pay the tax shall be,-

(a) in the case of supply of goods, of the person making the supply, and

(b) in the case of goods imported into Pakistan, of the person importing the goods.

(3A) Notwithstanding anything contained in clause (a) of sub-section (3), the Federal Government may, by a notification in the official Gazette, specify the goods in respect of which the liability to pay tax shall be of the person receiving the supply.]

(3B) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub section (1) and (3), sales tax on the import and supply of the goods specified in the Ninth Schedule to this Act shall be charged, collected and paid at the rates, in the manner, at the time, and subject to the procedure and conditions as specified therein or as may be prescribed, and the liability to charge, collect and pay the tax shall be on the persons specified therein.

(4) ***]

(5) The Federal Government may, in addition to the tax levied under sub-section (1), sub-section (2) and sub-section (4), levy and collect[“tax at such extra rate or amount”] not exceeding [seventeen] per cent of the value of such goods or class of goods and on such persons or class of persons, in such mode, manner and at time, and subject to such conditions and limitations as it may, by rules, prescribe.]
1[(6) The Federal Government or 2[the Board] may, in lieu of the tax under sub-section (1), by notification in the official Gazette, levy and collect such amount of tax as it may deem fit on any supplies or class of supplies or on any goods or class of goods and may also specify the mode, manner or time of payment of such amount of tax.

3[(7) The Federal Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify any person or class of persons as withholding agent for the purpose of deduction and deposit of tax at the specified rate in such manner and subject to such conditions or restrictions as the Federal Government may prescribe in this behalf.]

4[(8) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law or notification made thereunder 5[, but subject to the provisions of clause (b) of sub-section (2)] in case of supply of natural gas to CNG stations, the Gas Transmission and Distribution Company shall charge sales tax from the CNG stations at the rate of seventeen per cent of the value of supply to the CNG consumers, as notified by the Board from time to time, but excluding the amount of tax, as provided in clause (46) of section 2.

6[(9) Notwithstanding anything contained in subsection (1), tax shall be charged from retailers through their monthly electricity bills, at the rate of five percent where the monthly bill amount does not exceed rupees twenty thousand and at the rate of seven and half per cent where the monthly bill amount exceeds the aforesaid amount, subject to the exclusions, procedure, restrictions and limitations as prescribed in Chapter II of the Sales Tax Special Procedure Rules, 2007:

Provided that the tax under this sub-section shall be in addition to the tax payable on supply of electricity under sub section (1), (1A) and (5).

7[3A. ***]
8[3AA. ***]
1[3AAA. ***]
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2[3B. Collection of excess sales tax etc.– (1) Any person who has collected or collects any tax or charge, whether under misapprehension of any provision of this Act or otherwise, which was not payable as tax or charge or which is in excess of the tax or charge actually payable and the incidence of which has been passed on to the consumer, shall pay the amount of tax or charge so collected to the Federal Government.

3[(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law or judgement of a court, including the Supreme court and a High court, any amount payable to the Federal Government under sub-section (1) shall be deemed to be an arrear of tax or charge payable under this Act and shall be recoverable accordingly and any claim for refund in respect of such amount shall neither be admissible to the registered person nor payable to any court of law or to any person under direction of the court.]

(3) The burden of proof that the incidence of tax or charge referred to in sub-section (1) has been or has not been passed to the consumer shall be on the person collecting the tax or charge.

4. Zero rating.– Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3, 4[...] the following goods shall be charged to tax at the rate of zero per cent:--

[(a) goods exported, or the goods specified in the Fifth Schedule;]
(b) supply of stores and provisions for consumption aboard a conveyance proceeding to a destination outside Pakistan as specified in section 24 of the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969);
5[(c) such other goods as the Federal Government may, by notification in the Gazette, specify:]

Provided that nothing in this section shall apply in respect of a supply of goods which --
(i) are exported, but have been or are intended to be re-imported into Pakistan; or
(ii) have been entered for export under Section 131 of the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969), but are not exported 6[***] 7[; or]

1 Section (3AAA) omitted by Finance Act, 2002.
2 Old section (3A) renumbered as (3B) by Finance Act, 1996.
3 Sub-section (2) substituted by Finance Act, 2014.
6 Words “within thirty days of the date of filling of bill of export r such extended period as a collector may allow” omitted.
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2[(iii) have been exported to a country specified by the Federal Government, by Notification in the official Gazette 3[::]]

4[Provided further that the Federal Government may by a notification in the official Gazette, restrict the amount of credit for input tax actually paid and claimed by a person making a zero-rated supply of goods otherwise chargeable to sales tax.

5[(d) such other goods as may be specified by the Federal Board of Revenue through a general order as are supplied to a registered person or class of registered persons engaged in the manufacture and supply of 6[goods supplied at reduced rate of sales tax.]]

5. Change in the rate of tax.— If there is a change in the rate of tax-

(a) a taxable supply made 7[***] by a registered person shall be charged to tax at such rate as is in force at the time of supply;

(b) imported goods shall be charged to “tax at such rate as” is in force,-

(i) in case the goods are entered for home consumption, on the date on a 8[goods declaration] is presented under section 79 of the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969);

(ii) in case the goods are cleared from warehouse, on the date on which a 8[goods declaration] for clearance of such goods is presented under section 104 of the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969);

Provided that where a 8[goods declaration] is presented in advance of the arrival of the conveyance by which the goods are imported, the tax shall be charged as is in force on the date on which the manifest of the conveyance is delivered:

Provided further that if the tax is not paid within seven days of the of the 9[goods declaration] 10[under section 104 of the Customs Act,] the tax shall be charged at the rate as is in force on the date on which tax is actually paid.

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1 Substituted for full stop by Finance Act, 1991
2 Inserted by Finance Act, 1991 w.e.f 30th May, 1991
3 Full stop replaced by the colon and thereafter proviso inserted by the Finance Act, 1996.
4 Brackets and figures “(1)” omitted by Finance Act 1996
5 Clause (d) inserted by Finance Act, 2007
6 The words “zero-rated goods” substituted by the words “goods supplied at reduced rate of sales tax” by Finance Act, 2014
7 Words “in Pakistan” omitted by Finance Act, 2003
8 Substituted for “bill of entry” by Finance Act, 2005
9 Substituted for “bill of entry” by Finance Act, 2005
10 Words, figure and comma inserted by the Finance Act, 1996.
6. **Time and manner of payment.** – (1) The tax in respect of goods imported into Pakistan shall be charged and paid in the same manner and at the same time as if it were a duty of customs payable under the Customs Act, 1969 \[1\][and the provisions of the said Act \[2\][including section 31A thereof], shall, so far as they relate to collection, payment and enforcement \[3\][including recovery] of tax under this Act on such goods where no specific provision exists in this Act, apply.].

\[4\](1A) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, including but not limited to the Protection of Economic Reforms Act, 1992 (XII of 1992), and notwithstanding any decision or judgment of any forum, authority or court whether passed, before or after the promulgation of the Finance Act, 1998 (III of 1998), the provisions of section 31-A of the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969), referred to in sub-section (1) shall be incorporated in and shall be deemed to have always been so incorporated in this Act and no person shall be entitled to any exemption from or adjustment of or refund of tax on account of the absence of such a provision in this Act, or in consequence of any decision or judgment of any forum, authority or court passed on that ground or on the basis of the doctrine of *promissory estoppel* or on account of any promise or commitment made or understanding given whether in writing or otherwise, by any government department or authority.]

(2) The tax in respect of taxable supplies made \[5\][***] during a tax period shall be paid by the registered person at \[6\][the time of] filing the return in respect of that period under Chapter-V \[7\][:]

\[8\][Provided that the Board may, by a notification in the Official Gazette, direct that the tax in respect of all or such classes of supplies (other than zero-rated supplies) of all or such taxable goods, as may be specified in the aforesaid notification, shall be charged, collected and paid in any other way, mode, manner or at time as may be specified therein.]

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1. The Words inserted in place of “IV of 1969” by Finance Act, 1996
3. Words “including recovery” inserted by Finance Act, 2015.
4. Sub Section (1A) inserted by Sales Tax (amendment) Ordinance, 2002 dated June 07, 2002 and shall be deemed to have always been so inserted.
5. Words “in Pakistan” omitted by Finance Act, 2013
6. Substituted for “any time before” by Finance Act, 1996
7. Substituted for full stop by Finance Act, 1997
8. Proviso inserted by Finance Act, 1997
The tax due on taxable supplies shall be paid by any of the following modes, namely:

(i) through deposit in a bank designated by the Board; and

(ii) through such other mode and manner as may be specified by the Board.

7. Determination of tax liability. – (1) Subject to the provisions of section 8 and, for the purpose of determining his tax liability in respect of taxable supplies made during a tax period, a registered person shall, subject to the provisions of section 73, be entitled to deduct input tax paid or payable during the tax period for the purpose of taxable supplies made, or to be made, by him from the output tax excluding the amount of further tax under sub-section (1A) of section 3 that is due from him in respect of that tax period and to make such other adjustments as are specified in Section 9:

Provided that where a registered person did not deduct input tax within the relevant period, he may claim such tax in the return for any of the six succeeding tax periods.

(2) A registered person shall not be entitled to deduct input tax from output tax unless,

(i) in case of a claim for input tax in respect of a taxable supply made, he holds a tax invoice in his name and bearing his

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1 Sub Section III substituted by Finance Act, 1996.
3 Sub Section 4 omitted by Finance Act, 1996.
4 Substituted for the word “ for by Finance Act, 2007
5 The word” section” substituted by the words and figure “section 8 and” in Finance Act 2014.
6 Comma and word etc, inserted by Finance Ordinance, 2001
7 Words inserted by Finance Act, 1996
8 Words inserted by Finance Act, 2004.
10 Inserted by Finance Act 2014
11 Words etc “ excluding the amount of tax” omitted by Finance Act, 2004
12 Substituted for the full stop by Finance Act, 2003
13 Proviso substituted by Finance Act, 2008.
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registration number] in respect of such supply for which a return is furnished;

(ii) 1[in case of goods imported into Pakistan, he holds bill of entry or goods declaration in his name and showing his sales tax registration number, duly cleared by the customs under section 79 2[section 81] or section 104 of the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969);]

(iii) 3[in case of goods purchased in auction, he holds a treasury challan, 4[in his name and bearing his registration number,] showing payment of sales tax;] 5[(iv) ***]

6[(3) Notwithstanding anything in sub-sections (1) and (2), the Federal Government may, by a special order, subject to such conditions, limitations or restrictions as may be specified therein allow a registered person to deduct input tax paid by him from the output tax determined or to be determined as due from him under this Act.]

7[(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or rules made there under, the Federal Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, subject to such conditions, limitations or restrictions as may be specified therein, allow a registered person or class of persons to deduct such amount of input tax from the output tax as may be specified in the said notification.]

8[7A. Levy and collection of tax on specified goods on value addition. – 9[(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or the rules made there under, the Federal Government may specify, by notification in the official Gazette, that sales tax chargeable on the supply of goods of such description or class shall, with such limitations or restrictions as may be prescribed, be levied and collected on the difference between the value of supply for which the goods are acquired and the value of supply for which the goods, either in the same state or on further manufacture, are supplied.]

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1 Clause (ii) substituted by Finance Act, 2003.
2 Expression “, section 81” inserted by Finance Act, 2015.
3 Clause (iii) inserted by Finance Ordinance, 2002
4 Comma and words inserted by Finance Act, 2004.
5 Clause (iv) omitted by Finance Act, 1997.
6 Sub Section (3) inserted by Finance Ordinance, 2002.
7 Sub Section (4) inserted by Finance Act, 2007.
8 Section (7A) inserted by Finance Act, 2003.
9 Renumbered by Finance Act, 2004
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

1[(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or the rules made there under, the Federal Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, and subject to the conditions, limitations, restrictions and procedure mentioned therein, specify the minimum value addition required to be declared by certain persons or categories of persons, for supply of goods of such description, or class as may be prescribed, and to waive the requirement of audit or scrutiny of records if such minimum value addition is declared.]

8. Tax credit not allowed. – (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, a registered person shall not be entitled to reclaim or deduct input tax paid on –

3[(a) the goods 4[or services] used or to be used for any purpose other 5[***] for taxable supplies made or to be made by him;]

(b) any other goods or services which the Federal Government may, by a notification in the official Gazette, specify 6[[***]]

8[(c)] 9[***] the goods under 10[sub-section] (5) of section 3 11[:]

12[(ca) the goods 13[or services] in respect of which sales tax has not been deposited in the Government treasury by the respective supplier;]

14[(caa) purchases, in respect of which a discrepancy is indicated by CREST or input tax of which is not verifiable in the supply chain;]

15[(d) fake invoices; 16[***]]

(e) purchases made by such registered person, in case he fails to furnish the information required by the Board through a notification issued under sub-section (5) of section 26 :]

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1 Sub Section (2) inserted by Finance Act, 2004.
2 Section (8) substituted by Finance Act, 1996.
3 Clause (a) substituted by Sales Tax (amendment) Ordinance, 2001 dated February 07, 2001.
4 Words inserted by Finance Act, 2008.
5 Words “for the manufacture of production of manufacture goods or,” omitted by Finance Act, 2007.
6 Substituted for full stop by Finance Act, 1999
8 Clause (c) inserted by Finance Act, 1999
10 Substituted for subsection (1A) and Finance Act, 2004
11 Substituted for the full stop by Finance Act, 2004
12 Clause (ca) inserted by Finance Act, 2006.
13 Words inserted by Finance Act, 2008.
14 Clause (caa) inserted by Finance Act, 2013
15 Clause (d) inserted by Finance Act, 2004.
16 The word “and “omitted by Finance Act 2014.
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1(f) goods and services not related to the taxable supplies made by the registered person.

2(g) goods and services acquired for personal or non-business consumption;

3(h) goods used in, or permanently attached to, immovable property, such as building and construction materials, paints, electrical and sanitary fittings, pipes, wires and cables, but excluding buildings and such goods acquired for sale or re-sale or for direct use in the production or manufacture of taxable goods; 4[**[]]

5(i) vehicles falling in Chapter 87 of the First Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969), parts of such vehicles, electrical and gas appliances, furniture furnishings, office equipment (excluding electronic cash registers), but excluding such goods acquired for sale or re-sale]

6(j) services in respect of which input tax adjustment is barred under the respective provincial sales tax law;

(k) import or purchase of agricultural machinery or equipment subject to sales tax at the rate of 7% under Eighth Schedule to this Act; and

(l) from the date to be notified by the Board, such goods and services which, at the time of filing of return by the buyer, have not been declared by the supplier in his return.

(2) If a registered person deals in taxable and non-taxable supplies, he can reclaim only such proportion of the input tax as is attributable to taxable supplies in such manner as may be specified by the Board.

(3) No person other than a registered person shall make any deduction or reclaim input tax in respect of taxable supplies made or to be made by him.

9(4) **]

1(5) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force or any decision of any Court, for the purposes of this section, no input tax credit shall

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1 Inserted by Finance Act, 2014
2 Inserted by Finance Act, 2014
3 Inserted by Finance Act, 2014
4 Words inserted by Finance Act, 2015.
5 Word “and” omitted by Finance Act, 2015.
6 Inserted by Finance Act, 2014
7 Semi-colon substituted for full stop by Finance Act, 2015.
8 Clauses (j), (k) and (l) added by the Finance Act, 2015.
9 Sub-Section (4) omitted by Finance Act, 1999.
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be allowed to the persons who paid fixed tax under any provisions of this Act as it existed at any time prior to the first day of December, 1998.]

2[(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force or any provision of this Act, the Federal Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify any goods or class of goods which a registered person cannot supply to any person who is not registered under this Act.]

4[(7) ***]

5[8A. Joint and several liability of registered persons in supply chain where tax unpaid.― Where a registered person receiving a taxable supply from another registered person is in the knowledge or has reasonable grounds to suspect that some or all of the tax payable in respect of that supply or any previous or subsequent supply of the goods supplied would go unpaid[, of which the burden to prove shall be on the department] such person as well as the person making the taxable supply shall be jointly and severally liable for payment of such unpaid amount of tax:

6[Provided that the Board may by notification in the official gazette, exempt any transaction or transactions from the provisions of this section.]

8B. Adjustable input tax.― (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, in relation to a tax period, a registered person shall not be allowed to adjust input tax in excess of ninety per cent of the output tax for that tax period:

1[Provided that the restriction on the adjustment of input tax in excess of ninety percent of the output tax, shall not apply in case of fixed assets or Capital goods:]
Provided further that the Board may by notification in the official Gazette, exclude any person or class of persons from the purview of sub-section (1).

(2) A registered person, subject to sub-section (1), may be allowed adjustment \(^2\) of input tax not allowed under sub-section (1) subject to the following conditions, namely:

(i) in the case of registered persons, whose accounts are subject to audit under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, upon furnishing a statement along with annual audited accounts, duly certified by the auditors, showing value additions less than the limit prescribed under sub-section (1) above; or

(ii) in case of other registered persons, subject to the conditions and restrictions as may be specified by the Board by notification in the official Gazette.

3) The adjustment or refund of input tax mentioned in sub-sections (2), if any, shall be made on yearly basis in the second month following the end of the financial year of the registered person.

4) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1) and (2), the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, prescribe any other limit of input tax adjustment for any person or class of persons.

5) Any auditor found guilty of misconduct in furnishing the certificate mentioned in sub-section (2) shall be referred to the Council for disciplinary action under section 20D of Chartered Accountants, Ordinance, 1961 (X of 1961).

9. **Debit and credit note.** – Where a registered person has issued a tax invoice in respect of a supply made by him and as a result of cancellation of supply or return of goods or a change in the nature of supply or change in the value of the supply or some such event the amount shown in the tax invoice or the return needs to be modified, the registered person may, subject to such conditions and limitations as the Board may impose, issue a debit or credit note and make corresponding adjustment against output tax in the return.

10. **Refund of input tax.** – (1) If the input tax paid by a registered person on taxable purchases made during a tax period exceeds the output tax on account of zero rated

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\(^1\) Proviso substituted by Finance Act, 2011.

\(^2\) Words inserted by Finance Act, 2009.

\(^3\) Section 10 substituted by Finance Act, 2007. Earlier it was also substituted by Finance Act, 1998 and Finance Act, 1996
local supplies or export made during that tax period, the excess amount of input tax shall be refunded to the registered person not later than forty-five days of filing of refund claim in such manner and subject to such conditions as the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette specify:

1[Provided that in case of excess input tax against supplies other than zero-rated or exports, such excess input tax may be carried forward to the next tax period, along with the input tax as is not adjustable in terms of sub-section (1) of section 8B, and shall be treated as input tax for that period and the Board may, subject to such conditions and restrictions as it may impose, by notification in the official Gazette, prescribe the procedure for refund of such excess input tax.]

Provided further that the Board may, from such date and subject to such conditions and restrictions as it may impose, by notification in the official Gazette, direct that refund of input tax against exports shall be paid along with duty drawback at the rates notified in the such notification.

(2) If a registered person is liable to pay any tax, default surcharge or penalty payable under any law administered by the Board, the refund of input tax shall be made after adjustment of unpaid outstanding amount of tax or, as the case may, default surcharge and penalty.

(3) Where there is reason to believe that a person has claimed input tax credit or refund which was not admissible to him, the proceedings against him shall be completed within sixty days. For the purposes of enquiry or audit or investigation regarding admissibility of the refund claim, the period of sixty days may be extended up to one hundred and twenty days by an officer not below the rank of an Additional 2[Commissioner Inland Revenue] and the Board may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the aforesaid period which shall in no case exceed nine months.]

3][11. Assessment of Tax & Recovery of Tax not levied or short levied or erroneously refunded] .– (1) Where a person who is required to file a tax return fails to file

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1 Proviso substituted by Finance Act, 2008.
3 Section 11 substituted by the Finance Act, 2012. Earlier it was substituted by Finance Act, 1996.
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

the return for a tax period by the due date or pays an amount which, for some miscalculation is less than the amount of tax actually payable, an officer of Inland Revenue shall, after a notice to show cause to such person, make an order for assessment of tax, including imposition of penalty and default surcharge in accordance with sections 33 and 34:

Provided that where a person required to file a tax return files the return after the due date and pays the amount of tax payable in accordance with the tax return along with default surcharge and penalty, the notice to show cause and the order of assessment shall abate.

(2) Where a person has not paid the tax due on supplies made by him or has made short payment or has claimed input tax credit or refund which is not admissible under this Act for reasons other than those specified in sub-section (1), an officer of Inland Revenue shall after a notice to show cause to such person, make an order for assessment of tax actually payable by that person or determine the amount of tax credit or tax refund which he has unlawfully claimed and shall impose a penalty and charge default surcharge in accordance with sections 33 and 34.

(3) Where by reason of some collusion or deliberate Act any tax or charge has not been levied or made or has been short levied or has been erroneously refunded, the person liable to pay any amount of tax or charge or the amount of fund erroneously made shall be served with the notice requiring him to show cause for payment of the amount specified in the notice.

(4) Where, by reason of any inadvertence, error or misconstruction any tax or charge has not been levied or made or has been short-levied or has been erroneously refunded, the person liable to the amount of tax or charge or the amount of refund erroneously made shall be served with a notice requiring him to show cause for payment of the amount specified in the notice;

Provided that, where a tax or charge has not been levied under this sub section the amount of tax shall be recovered as tax fraction of the value of supply.

(5) No order under this section shall be made by an officer of Inland Revenue unless a notice to show cause is given within five years, of the relevant date, to the person in default specifying the grounds on which it is intended to proceed against him and the officer of Sales Tax shall take into consideration the representation made by such person and provide him with an opportunity of being heard:
Provided that order under this section shall be made within one hundred and twenty days of issuance of show cause notice or within such extended period as the Commissioner may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, fix provided that such extended period shall in no case exceed ninety days:

Provided further that any period during which the proceedings are adjourned on account of a stay order or Alternative Dispute Resolution proceedings or the time taken through adjournment by the petitioner not exceeding sixty days shall be excluded from the computation of the period specified in the first proviso.

(6) Notwithstanding anything in sub-section (1), where a registered person fails to file a return, an officer of Inland Revenue, not below the rank of Assistant Commissioner, shall subject to such conditions as specified by the Federal Board of Revenue, determine the minimum tax liability of the registered person.

(7) For the purpose of this section, the expression “relevant date” means—
(a) the time of payment of tax or charge as provided under section 6; and
(b) in a case where tax or charge has been erroneously refunded, the date of its refund.]

1[11A. Short paid amounts recoverable without notice.— Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this Act, where a registered person pays the amount of tax less than the tax due as indicated in his return, the short paid amount of tax along with default surcharge shall be recovered from such person by stopping removal of any goods from his business premises and through attachment of his business bank accounts, without giving him a show cause notice and without prejudice to any other action prescribed under section 48 of this Act or the rules made thereunder:

Provided that no penalty under section 33 of this Act shall be imposed unless a show cause notice is given to such person.]  

2[12. ***]

3[13. Exemption.— (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3, supply of goods or import of goods specified in the Sixth Schedule shall, subject to such conditions as may be specified by the 1[Federal Government], be exempt from tax under this Act 2[.]

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1 Section 11A Substituted by Finance Act, 2006. Earlier it was inserted by Finance Ordinance, 2002.
2 Section 12 omitted by Finance Act, 1996.
3 Section 13 substituted by Finance Act, 1996.
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-section (1) –

(a) the Federal Government may, pursuant to the approval of the Economic Coordination Committee of Cabinet, whenever circumstances exist to take immediate action for the purposes of national security, natural disaster, national food security in emergency situations, protection of national economic interests in situations arising out of abnormal fluctuation in international commodity prices, removal of anomalies in taxes, development of backward areas and implementation of bilateral and multilateral agreements] by notification in the official Gazette, exempt any taxable supplies made or import or supply of] any goods or class of goods, from the whole or any part of the tax chargeable under this Act, subject to the conditions and limitations specified therein; [(***)]

(b) [(***)]

(3) The exemption from tax chargeable under sub-section (2) may be allowed from any previous date specified in the notification issued under clause (a).

(4) [(***)]

(5) [(***)]

(6) The Federal Government shall place before the National Assembly all notifications issued under this section in a financial year.

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2 Substituted for colon by Tax Laws Amendment Ordinance, 2000, full Stop was substituted for colon by sales tax “(Amendment) Ordinance, 1999, dated 13th August, 1999.
3 Provisos omitted by Tax Laws Amendment Ordinance, 2000, dated 24th May, 2000. Earlier it was omitted by sales Tax (Amendment) Act, 1999 dated 30-03-1999
4 Commas and words inserted by Finance Act, 2015.
6 Substituted for “Supply” by Finance Act, 2004
7 Word “and” omitted by Finance Act, 2015.
8 Clause (b) omitted by Finance Act, 2015.
9 Expression “or, as the case may be, order made under clause (b) of that sub-section” omitted by Finance Act, 2015.
10 Sub-section (4) omitted by Finance Act, 2006.
12 Sub-section (6) and sub-section (7) added by Finance Act, 2015.
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

(7) Any notification issued under sub-section (2), after 1st July, 2015 shall, if not earlier rescinded, stand rescinded on the expiry of the financial year in which it was issued.

Chapter-III
REGISTRATION

1[14. Registration.— (1) Every person engaged in making taxable supplies in Pakistan, including zero-rated supplies, in the course or furtherance of any taxable activity carried on by him, falling in any of the following categories, if not already registered, is required to be registered under this Act, namely:

(a) a manufacturer who is not running a cottage industry;
(b) a retailer who is liable to pay sales tax under the Act or rules made thereunder, excluding such retailer required to pay sales tax through his electricity bill under sub-section (9) of section 3;
(c) an importer;
(d) an exporter who intends to obtain sales tax refund against his zero-rated supplies;
(e) a wholesaler, dealer or distributor; and
(f) a person who is required, under any other Federal law or Provincial law, to be registered for the purpose of any duty or tax collected or paid as if it were a levy of sales tax to be collected under the Act.

(2) Persons not engaged in making of taxable supplies in Pakistan, if required to be registered for making imports or exports, or under any provisions of the Act, or any other Federal law, may apply for registration.

(3) The registration under this Act shall be regulated in such manner as the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, prescribe.]

2[15. ***]

3[16. ***]

1Section 14 substituted by Finance Act, 2015.
2Section 15 omitted by the Finance Act, 2014.
3Section 16 omitted by Finance Act, 2003.
17. ***
18. ***
19. ***
20. ***]

21. De-registration, blacklisting and suspension of registration.— (1) The Board or any officer, authorized in this behalf, may subject to the rules, de-register a registered person or such class of registered persons not required to be registered under this Act.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, in cases where the [Commissioner] is satisfied that a registered person is found to have issued fake invoices [...] or has otherwise committed tax fraud, he may blacklist such person or suspend his registration in accordance with such procedure as the Board may by notification in the official Gazette, prescribe.]

6[(3) During the period of suspension of registration, the invoices issued by such person shall not be entertained for the purposes of sales Tax refund or input tax credit, and once such person is black listed, the refund or input tax credit claimed against the invoices issued by him, whether prior or after such black listing, shall [...] be rejected through a self-speaking appealable order and after affording an opportunity of being heard to such person.]

8[(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, where the Board, the concerned Commissioner or any officer authorized by the Board in this behalf has reasons to believe that a registered person is engaged in issuing fake or flying invoices, claiming

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1 Sections 17 to 20 omitted by Finance Act, 2004.
2 Section 21 substituted by Finance Act, 2004.
3 Substituted “for collector” by Finance Act, 2010
4 Comma and words “, evaded tax” omitted by Finance Act, 2005.
5 Word inserted by Finance Act, 2005.
6 Sub Section (3) inserted by Finance Act, 2011
7 Words and figure omitted by Finance Act, 2013.
8 Sub section (4) inserted by Finance Act, 2013.
fraudulent input tax or refunds, does not physically exist or conduct actual business, or is committing any other fraudulent activity, the Board, concerned Commissioner or such Officer may after recording reasons in writing, block the refunds or input tax adjustments of such person and direct the concerned Commissioner having jurisdiction for further investigation and appropriate legal action.]

1[21A. Active taxpayers list.-The Board shall have the power to maintain active taxpayers list in the manner as may be prescribed by rules and such rules may provide for the restrictions and limitations to be imposed on a person who ceases to be an active taxpayer.]

Chapter-IV
BOOK KEEPING AND INVOICING
REQUIREMENTS

2[22. Records.– (1) A registered person making taxable supplies shall maintain and keep at his business premises or registered office in English or Urdu language the following records of goods purchased 3[, imported] and supplied (including zero-rated and exempt supplies) made by him or by his agent acting on his behalf in such form and manner as would permit ready ascertainment of his tax liability during a tax period –

(a) records of supplies made shall indicate the description, quantity and value of goods, name and address of the person to whom supplies were made and the amount of the tax charged;
(b) records of goods purchased shall show the description, quantity and value of goods, name, address and registration number of the supplier and the amount of the tax on purchases;
4[(c) records of goods imported shall show the description, quantity and value of goods and the amount of tax paid on imports;]
5[(d)] records of zero-rated and exempt supplies;]
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

1[(da) double entry sales tax accounts;]
2[(e)] invoices, credit notes, debit notes, bank statements, 3[including instruments in terms of section 73,] inventory records, 4[utility bills, salary and labour bills, rental agreements, sale purchase agreements and lease agreements; 5[...]]
6[(ea) Record relating to Gate passes, inward or outward and transport receipts.]
7[(f)] such other records as may be specified by the Board:

8[Provided that the persons paying retail tax shall keep such record as may be specified by the Board.]

9[(1A) Notwithstanding anything in any other law for the time being in force, the Board may require, by notification in the official Gazette, a registered person or class of registered persons to declare and use only as many number of business bank accounts as may be specified by the Board in such notification to make or receive payments on account of purchase and sale transactions for the purpose of this Act or rules made thereunder and to make payment of due tax from such accounts only.]

(2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify for any class of taxable persons or any other person registered under this Act to keep such other records for the purposes of this Act.

10[(2A) The Board may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify for any class of taxable persons registered under this Act to use such electronic fiscal cash registers as are approved by the Board in the manner as may be prescribed.]

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1 Clause (da) inserted by Finance Act, 2006.
2 Existing clause (d) re-lettered as clause (e) by Finance Act, 2005.
3 The words, comma and figure inserted by Finance Act, 2004.
4 The commas and words inserted by Finance Act, 1999.
5 The word “and” omitted by Finance Act, 2013.
6 Clause (ea) inserted by Finance Act, 2013.
7 Existing clause (e) re-lettered as clause (f) by Finance Act, 2005
8 Proviso substituted by the Finance Act, 1997.
9 The words “turnover tax or” omitted by Finance Act, 2005.
10 Sub-section (1A) inserted by Finance Act, 2007.
11 Sub-section (2A) inserted by Finance Act, 1999.
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

1{(3) The Board may, by notification in the official gazette, prescribe the procedure or software for electronically maintenance of records, filing of sales tax returns or refunds and for any other matter or approve any software for electronic maintenance of records and filing of returns or refunds by a person or class of such persons.]

2{(4) The registered persons, whose accounts are subject to audit under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984), shall be required to submit a copy of the annual audited accounts, along with a certificate by the auditors certifying the payment of due tax by the registered person.]

23. Tax Invoices. – (1) A registered person making a taxable supply shall issue a serially numbered tax invoice at the time of supply of goods containing the following particulars, namely: –

(a) name, address and registration number of the supplier;
(b) name ³ [address and registration number] of the recipient;
(c) date of issue of invoice;
(d) description and quantity of goods;
(e) value exclusive of tax;
(f) amount of sales tax; and

³[(ff) ***]

(g) value inclusive of tax:

⁴[Provided that the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify such modified invoices ⁶[...] for different persons or classes of persons:

Provided further that not more than one tax invoice shall be issued for a taxable supply.]

¹ Sub Section (3) substituted by Finance Act, 2003.
² Sub Section (4) inserted by Finance Act, 2007.
³ Substituted for “and address” by Finance Act, 1998.
⁴ Clause (ff) omitted by Finance Act, 2004.
⁵ Proviso substituted by Finance Act, 1996.
⁶ Comma and words “; including replacement invoice,” omitted by Finance Act, 1997.
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

1[(2)  No person other than a registered person or a person paying 2[***3[***]]
4[retail tax] shall issue an invoice under this section.

5[(3)  A registered person making a taxable supply may, subject to such conditions,
restrictions and limitations as the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify,
issue invoices to another registered person electronically and to the Board as well as to the
6[Commissioner], as may be specified.]

7[(4) The Board may, by notification in the Official Gazette, prescribe the manner
and procedure for regulating the issuance and authentication of tax invoices.]

8[24. Retention of record and documents for 9[Six] years.— A person, who is
required to maintain any record or documents under this Act, shall retain the record and
documents for a period of 8[Six] years after the end of the tax period to which such record or
documents relate 10[or till such further period the final decision in any proceedings including
proceedings for assessment, appeal, revision, reference, petition and any proceedings before
an alternative Dispute Resolution Committee is finalized].]

11[25. Access to record, documents, etc.— 12[(1) A person who is required to
maintain any record or documents under this Act 13[or any other law] shall, as and when
required by  5[Commissioner], produce record or documents which are in his possession or
control or in the possession or control of his agent; and where such record or documents have

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1 Sub Section (2) inserted by Finance Act, 1996.
2 Words “turnover tax or” omitted by Finance Act, 2004.
3 Words “or retailer tax” added by Finance Act, 1997.
4 Words inserted by Finance Act, 1997.
5 Sub section (3) inserted by Finance Act, 2005.
6 Substituted for “Collector” by Finance Act, 2010
7 Sub Section (4) inserted by Finance Act, 2007.
8 Section (24) substituted by Finance Act, 1996.
10 Words and Commas inserted by Finance Act, 2010.
12 Numbered by Finance Act, 2003
13 Words inserted by Finance Act, 1999.
been kept on electronic data, he shall allow access to [the officer of Inland Revenue authorized by the Commissioner] and use of any machine on which such data is kept.]

1[(2) The officer of Inland Revenue authorized by the Commissioner, on the basis of the record, obtained under sub-section (1), may, once in a year, conduct audit:

Provided that in case the Commissioner has information or sufficient evidence showing that such registered person is involved in tax fraud or evasion of tax, he may authorize an officer of Inland Revenue, not below the rank of Assistant Commissioner, to conduct an inquiry or investigation under section 38:

Provided further that nothing in this sub-section, shall bar the officer of Inland Revenue from conducting audit of the records of the registered person if the same were earlier audited by the office of the Auditor-General of Pakistan.]

2[(3) After completion of Audit under this section or any other provision of this Act, the officer of Inland Revenue may, after obtaining the registered person’s explanation on all the issues raised in the audit shall pass an order under section (11) 3[***].]

4[(4) ***]

5[(4A) ***]

6[(5) Notwithstanding the penalties prescribed in section 33, if a registered person wishes to deposit the amount of tax short paid or amount of tax evaded along with [default surcharge] voluntarily, whenever it comes to his notice, before receipt of notice of audit, no penalty shall be recovered from him:

Provided if a registered person wishes to deposit the amount of tax short paid or amount of tax evaded along with [default surcharge] during the audit, or at any time before

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1 Substituted for “Such Officer of Sales tax” by Finance Act, 2010
2 Sub Section 3 substituted by Finance Act, 2010.
3 Words, figures and comma “or section 36, as the case may be” omitted by Finance Act, 2015.
4 Sub Section 4 omitted by Finance Act, 2010.
5 Sub Section (4A) expired.
7 Substituted for “Additional Tax” by Finance Act, 2005
issuance of show cause notice [... he may deposit the evaded amount of tax, [default surcharge] under section 34, and twenty five per cent of the penalty payable under section 33:

Provided further that if a registered person wishes to deposit the amount of tax short paid or amount of tax evaded along with [default surcharge] after issuance of show cause notice, he shall deposit the evaded amount of tax, [default surcharge] under section 34, and full amount of the penalty payable under section 33 and thereafter, the show cause notice, shall stand abated.]

2[Explanation.— For the purpose of sections 25, 38, 38A, 38B and 45A and for removal of doubt, it is declared that the powers of the Board, Commissioner or officer of Inland Revenue under these sections are independent of the powers of the Board under section 72B and nothing contained in section 72B restricts the powers of the Board, Commissioner or Officer of Inland revenue to have access to premises, stocks, accounts, records, etc. under these sections or to conduct audit under these sections.]

3[25A. Drawing of samples.— Where an authorized officer of [Inland Revenue] considers it necessary to take a sample of any goods or raw materials, for the purpose of determining their liability to sales tax or for the purpose of establishing their value or for any other reason, he may remove a minimum quantity of goods or raw materials sufficient to enable a proper examination or analysis to be made. At the time of taking the sample the person in possession of the goods shall be informed and given the opportunity to sign the representative samples, so drawn, and take a corresponding sample for his record. Any sample taken under this section shall be taken against a proper receipt a copy each of which

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1 Words in lieu of Audit report omitted by Finance Act, 2010
2 Explanation added by Finance Act, 2013.
3 Section 25A inserted by Finance Act, 1999.
shall be kept in the record by the registered person and the [Large Taxpayers Unit or Regional Tax Office, as the case may be].]

2[25AA. Transactions between associates.— The Commissioner or an office of Inland Revenue may, in respect of any transaction between persons who are associates, determine the transfer price of taxable supplies between the persons as is necessary to reflect the fair market value of supplies in an arm’s length transaction.]

Chapter-V

RETURNS

3[26. [***] Return.— (1) Every registered person [...] shall furnish not later than the due date a true and correct return in the prescribed form to a designated bank [or any other office] specified by the Board, indicating the purchases and the supplies made during a tax period, the tax due and paid and such other information, as may be prescribed.]

[Provided that the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, require any person or class of persons to submit return on quarterly basis:

Provided further that the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, require any person or class of persons to submit such return as may be prescribed annually in addition to the monthly return or quarterly return:

1 Substituted for “Collectorate” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extra Ordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009 published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259.

2 Section (25AA) by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extra Ordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009 published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259.

3 Section 26 substituted by Finance Act, 1996.


5 Words “making taxable supplies” omitted by Finance Act, 1999.

6 Words inserted by Finance Act, 2006.

7 In the proposed amendment “a full stop is substituted for a colon” while colon is already appearing.

8 Proviso inserted by Finance Act, 2006.

9 Proviso omitted by Finance Act, 2006.
Provided also that the return filed electronically on the web or any magnetic media or any other computer readable media as may be specified by the Board shall also be deemed to be a return for the purpose of sub-section (1) and the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, make rules for determining eligibility of the data of such returns and e-intermediaries who will digitize the data of such returns and transmit the same electronically under their digital signatures.]

1[...]

(2) If there is a change in the rate of tax during a tax period, a separate return in respect of each portion of tax period showing the application of different rates of tax shall be furnished.

2[(3) A registered person may, subject to approval of the 3[Commissioner Inland Revenue] having jurisdiction, file a revised return within 4[one hundred and twenty] days of the filing of return under sub-section (1) or, as the case may be, sub-section (2), 5[ or under clause (a) or clause (b) of section 27], to correct any omission or wrong declaration made therein.]

6[(4) Notwithstanding the penalties prescribed in section 33, if a registered person wishes to file revised return voluntarily along with deposit of the amount of tax short paid or amount of tax evaded along with 7[default surcharge], whenever it comes to his notice, before receipt of notice of audit, no penalty shall be recovered from him:

1 Proviso omitted by Finance Act, 2006
2 Sub section (3) substituted by Finance Act, 2006.
3 Substituted for collector of Sales tax by Finance Act, 2010
4 Substituted for “ninety” by Finance Act, 2008.
5 Words inserted by Finance Act, 2011.
7 Substituted for “Additional Tax” by Finance Act, 2005
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

Provided that in case the registered person wishes to deposit the amount of tax as pointed out by the officer of [Inland Revenue] during the audit, or at any time before issuance of the show cause notice [default surcharge] under section (34), and twenty five percent of the penalty payable under section 33 along with the levied return:

Provided further that in case the registered person wishes to deposit the amount after issuance of show cause notice, he shall deposit the evaded amount of sales tax [default surcharge] under section 34, and full amount of leviable penalty under section 33 along with the revised return and thereafter, the show cause notice, shall stands abated.]

4[(5) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, require any person or class of persons, for any goods of such description or class, to furnish such summary or details or particulars pertaining to the imports, purchases and supplies during any tax period or periods, in such format as may be specified.]

5[26A. ***]

6[26AA. ***]

7[27. Special Returns.– In addition to the return specified under section 26 – ]

(a) a person registered [under this Act] shall furnish special return within such date and in such form indicating information such as

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1 Substituted for “Sales tax” by Finance Act, 2010
2 Words “etc alongwith the amount of further tax as per provision of sub section (1A)
3 Words “in lieu of the audit report” omitted by Finance Act, 2010
6 Section 26AA omitted by Finance Act, 2008.
7 Section 27 substituted by the Finance Ordinance, 2000.
8 Substituted for words and figure “under section 14” by sales tax (Amendments) Ordinance, 2000, dated September 05, 2000.
9 Words “or enrolled” omitted by Finance Act, 2004.
quantity manufactured or produced, purchases made, goods supplied or payment of arrears made, etc, for such period as the Board may, by a notification in official gazette, specify; and

(b) the 1[commissioner] may require any person whether, registered or not, to furnish a return (whether on his own behalf or as an agent or trustee) in a prescribed form and such person shall furnish the return not later than the date specified in this regard.]

2[28. Final Return.— If a person applies for de-registration in terms of section 21, he shall before such de-registration, furnish a final return to the 3[commissioner] in the specified form in such manner and at such time as directed by the 4[commissioner].]

29. Return deemed to have been made.— A return purporting to be made on behalf of a person 5[by his duly appointed representative] shall, for all purposes, be deemed to have been made by such person or under his authority unless proved to the contrary.

Chapter-VI

APPOINTMENT OF 6[OFFICERS OF SALES TAX] & THEIR POWERS

7[30. Appointment of Authorities.— (1) For the purposes of this Act, the Board may, appoint in relation to any area, person or class of persons, any person to be –

(a) a chief commissioner of Inland Revenue;
(b) a commissioner of Inland Revenue;
(c) a commissioner of Inland Revenue (Appeals);
(d) an Additional commissioner of Inland Revenue;

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1 Substituted for “Collector” by Finance Act, 2010
2 Section 28 substituted by Finance Act, 1996.
3 Substituted for “Collector” by Finance Act, 2010
4 Substituted for “Collector” by Finance Act, 2010
5 Words inserted by Finance Act, 1996.
6 Any reference to the “Sales Tax Officer” shall be construed as reference to an “Officer of “Inland Revenue” by virtue of section 72 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990.
7 Section 30 substituted by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010. The same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, Published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at Pages 229 to 259. Earlier it was substituted by Finance Act, 1996.
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

(e) a Deputy commissioner of Inland Revenue;
(f) an Assistant commissioner of Inland Revenue;
(g) an Inland Revenue Officer;
(h) a Superintendent Inland Revenue;
(i) an Inland Revenue Auditor Officer [...];
(ia) [an inspector Inland Revenue; and]
(j) an officer of Inland Revenue with any other designation.

(2) The Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue and Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) shall be sub-ordinate to the Board and Commissioner Inland Revenue shall be sub-ordinate to the Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue.

(3) Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue, Deputy Commissioners Inland Revenue, Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue, Superintendent Inland Revenue, Inland Revenue Audit Officer, Inland Revenue Officer [..., Inspector Inland Revenue], and officer of Inland Revenue with any other designation shall be sub-ordinate to the Commissioner Inland Revenue and shall perform their functions in respect of such persons or classes of persons or such areas as the Commissioners, to whom they are sub ordinate, may direct.

(4) Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue, Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue, Superintendent Inland Revenue, Inland Revenue Audit Officer, Inland revenue Officer, [Inspector Inland Revenue Officer] an officer of Inland Revenue with any other designation shall be sub-ordinate to the Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue.]

[30A. Directorate General, (Intelligence and Investigation) [Inland Revenue] –
The Directorate General (Intelligence and Investigation) [...Inland Revenue] shall consist of a Director General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors and

1 Word “and” omitted by Finance Act, 2011.
2 Clause “(ia)” inserted by Finance Act, 2011
3 Comma and words inserted by Finance Act, 2011.
4 Comma and words inserted by Finance Act, 2011
5 Section 30A inserted by Finance Act, 2005.
6 Substituted for “CBR” by Finance Act, 2011, earlier it was substituted for “Customs and Excise” by Finance Act, 2007.
Assistant Directors and such other officers as the Board, may by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

1[^30B. Directorate General ^2[^...] Internal Audit.] The Directorate General ^5[^...] Internal Audit shall consist of a Director General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors and Assistant Directors and such other officers as the Board, may by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

3[^30C. Directorate General of Training and Research.--]The Directorate General of Training and Research shall consist of a Director General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors and Assistant Directors and such other officers as the Board, may by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

4[^30D. Directorate General of Valuation ^5[^...]--]The Directorate General of Valuation ^8[^...] shall consist of a Director General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors and Assistant Directors and such other officers as the Board, may by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

6[^30DD. Directorate of Post Clearance Audit.--]The Directorate of Post clearance Audit shall consist of a Director and as many Additional Directors, Deputy Directors, Assistant Directors and such other officers as the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.]

7[^30E. Powers and Functions of Directorate, etc.--]The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify the functions, jurisdiction and powers of the Directorates General as specified in the preceding sections and their officers by notification in the official Gazette.]

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1 Section 30B inserted by Finance Act, 2005.
2 Words “of inspection and” omitted by Finance Act, 2007.
3 Section 30C inserted by Finance Act, 2005.
4 Section 30D inserted by Finance Act, 2005.
6 Section 30DD inserted by Finance Act, 2007.
7 Section 30E inserted by Finance Act, 2005.
31. **Powers.**— An officer of [Inland Revenue] appointed under section 30 shall exercise such powers and discharge such duties as are conferred or imposed on him under this Act; and he shall also be competent to exercise all powers and discharge all duties conferred or imposed upon any officer subordinate to him:

Provided that, notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or the rules, the Board may, by general or special order, impose such limitations or conditions on the exercise of such powers and discharge of such duties as it deems fit.

32. **Delegation of powers.**— (1) The Board or the Chief Commissioner, with the approval of the Board, may, by an order and subject to such limitations or conditions as may be specified therein, empower by name or designation—

   ((a)) any Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue or Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue to exercise any of the powers of a Commissioner Inland Revenue under this Act; and
   
   (b) any Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue or Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue to exercise any of the powers of an Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue under this Act;
   
   (c) any Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue to exercise any of the powers of a Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue under this Act; and
   
   (d) any other officer of Inland Revenue to exercise any of the powers of an Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue under this Act.

(2) ***

(3) The officer to whom any powers are delegated under this section shall not further delegate such powers.

---

1 Substituted for “sales tax” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No.III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259

2 Section 32 substituted by Finance Act, 1996.

3 Sub Section (1) substituted by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010. Earlier clause (a) to (d) substituted by Finance (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2010

4 Sub Section (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2010.
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

1[32A. 2[Audit by Special Audit Panels].— 3[(1) The Board may appoint as many special audit panels as may be necessary, comprising two or more members from the following. –

(a) an officer or officers of Inland Revenue;

(b) a firm of chartered accountants as defined under the Chartered Accountants Ordinance, 1961 (X of 1961);

(b) a firm of cost and management accountants as defined under the Cost and Management Accountants Act, 1966 (XIV of 1966); or

(d) any other person as directed by the Board,

to conduct audit of a registered person or persons, including audit of refund claims and forensic audit and the scope of such audit shall be determined by the Board or the Commissioner Inland Revenue on a case-to-case basis. In addition, the Board may, where it considers appropriate, also get such audit conducted jointly with similar audits being conducted by provincial administrations of sales tax on services.]

(2) Notwithstanding that records of a registered person have been audited by an officer appointed under section 30, the Board or the Commissioner may direct a [special audit panel] appointed under sub-section (1) to audit the records of any registered person.

(3) [Every member of special audit panel] appointed under sub-section (1), shall have the powers of an officer of [Inland Revenue] under sections 25, 37 and 38.

1[(4) Each special audit panel shall be headed by a chairman who shall be an officer of Inland Revenue.

1 Section 32A inserted by Finance Act, 1998.
2 Substituted for the words “Special Audit by Chartered Accountants or Cost Accountants” by Finance Act, 2015
3 Substituted for sub-section (1) by Finance Act, 2015
5 Substituted for the words “an auditor” by Finance Act, 2015
6 Substituted for the words “An Auditor” by Finance Act, 2015
(5) If any one member of the special audit panel, other than the chairman, is absent from conducting an audit, the proceedings of the audit may continue and the audit conducted by the special audit panel shall not be invalid or be called in question merely on the ground of such absence.

(6) The Board may prescribe rules in respect of constitution, procedure and working of special audit panel.

Chapter-VII
OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

3[33. Offences and penalties.—] 4[...] Whoever commits any offence described in column (1) of the Table below shall, in addition to and not in derogation of any punishment to which he may be liable under any other law, be liable to the penalty mentioned against that offence in column (2) thereof: –

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Offences</th>
<th>Penalties</th>
<th>Section of the Act to which offence has reference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Where any person fails to furnish a return within the due date.</td>
<td>Such person shall pay a penalty of five thousand rupees: Provided that in case a person files a return within (5[\text{ten}]) days of the due date, he shall pay a penalty of one hundred rupees for each day of default.</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Sub-sections (4), (5) and (6) inserted by Finance Act, 2015.

2 Section 32 AA omitted by Finance Act, 2008, earlier it was inserted by Tax Laws Amendment Ordinance, 2000, dated may 24, 2000.

3 Section 33 substituted by Finance Act, 2005.

4 Bracket and figure “one” omitted by Finance Act, 2008.

5 Substituted for the word “fifteen” by Finance Act, 2015
## The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Summary</th>
<th>Penalty details</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Any person who fails to issue an invoice when required under this Act.</td>
<td>Such person shall pay a penalty of five thousand rupees or three per cent of the amount of the tax involved, whichever is higher.</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Any person who unauthorisedly issues an invoice in which an amount of tax is specified.</td>
<td>Such person shall pay a penalty of ten thousand rupees or five per cent of the amount of the tax involved, whichever is higher.</td>
<td>3, 7 and 23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Any person who fails to notify the changes of material nature in the particulars of registration of taxable activity.</td>
<td>Such person shall pay a penalty of five thousand rupees.</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Any person who fails to deposit the amount of tax due or any part thereof in the time or manner laid down under this Act or rules or orders made thereunder.</td>
<td>Such person shall pay a penalty of ten thousand rupees or five per cent of the amount of the tax involved, whichever is higher: Provided that, if the amount of tax or any part thereof is paid within [ten] days from the due date, the defaulter shall pay a penalty of five hundred rupees for each day of default: Provided further that no penalty shall be imposed when any miscalculation is made for the first time during a year: Provided further that if the amount of tax due is not paid even after the expiry of a period of sixty days of issuance of the notice for such payments by an officer of [Inland Revenue, not below the rank of Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue], the defaulter shall, further be liable, upon conviction by a Special Judge, to imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine which may extend to amount equal to the amount of tax involved, or with both.</td>
<td>3, 6, 7 and 48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Any person who repeats erroneous calculation in the return during a year whereby amount of tax less than the actual tax</td>
<td>Such person shall pay a penalty of five thousand rupees or three per cent of the amount of the tax involved, whichever is higher.</td>
<td>7 and 26</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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1. Substituted for the word “fifteen” by Finance Act, 2015

2. Substituted for “Sales tax”, not below the rank of Assistant Collector of sales tax” by Finance Act, 2010
### The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Any person who is required to apply for registration under this Act fails to make an application for registration before making taxable supplies. Such person shall pay a penalty of ten thousand rupees or five per cent of the amount of tax involved, whichever is higher: Provided that such person who is required to get himself registered under this Act, fails to get registered within sixty days of the commencement of taxable activity, he shall, further be liable, upon conviction by a Special Judge, to imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine which may extend to an amount equal to the amount of tax involved, or with both.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Any person who fails to maintain records required under this Act or the rules made there under. Such person shall pay a penalty of ten thousand rupees or five per cent of the amount of tax involved, whichever is higher.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Where a registered person who, without any reasonable cause, in non compliance with the provisions of section 25, (a) fails to produce the record on receipt of first notice; (b) fails to produce the record on receipt of second notice; and (c) fails to produce the record on receipt of third notice. Such person shall pay a penalty of five thousand rupees; such person shall pay a penalty of ten thousand rupees; and such person shall pay a penalty of fifty thousand rupees.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Any person who fails to furnish the information required by the Board through a notification issued under sub-section (5) of section 26. Such person shall pay a penalty of ten thousand rupees.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Any person who, (a) submits a false or Such person shall pay a penalty of twenty five thousand rupees or one hundred per cent of the amount of tax</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

56
### The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>forged document to any officer of Inland revenue; or</td>
<td>involved, whichever is higher. He shall, further be liable, upon conviction by a Special Judge, to imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine which may extend to an amount equal to the amount of tax involved, or with both.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) destroys, alters, mutilates or falsifies the records including a sales tax invoice; or</td>
<td>Such person shall pay a penalty of twenty five thousand rupees or one hundred per cent of the amount of tax involved, whichever is higher. He shall, further be liable, upon conviction by a Special Judge, to imprisonment for a term which may extend to five years, or with fine which may extend to an amount equal to the loss of tax involved, or with both.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Knowingly or fraudulently makes false statement, false declaration, false representation, false personification, gives any false information or issues or uses a document which is forged or false.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Any person who denies or obstructs the access of an authorized officer to the business premises, registered office or to any other place where records are kept, or otherwise refuses access to the stocks, accounts or records or fails to present the same when required under section 25, 38 38A and 40B.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Such person shall pay a penalty of twenty five thousand rupees or one hundred per cent of the amount of tax involved, whichever is higher. He shall, further be liable, upon conviction by a Special Judge, to imprisonment for a term which may extend to five years, or with fine which may extend to an amount equal to the loss of tax involved, or with both.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Any person who commits, causes to commit or attempts to commit the tax fraud, or abets or connives in commissioning of tax fraud.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Such person shall pay a penalty of twenty five thousand rupees or one hundred per cent of the amount of tax involved, whichever is higher. He shall, further be liable, upon conviction by a Special Judge, to imprisonment for a term which may extend to five years, or with fine which may extend to an amount equal to the loss of tax involved, or with both.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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1. Any reference to “officer of Sales Tax” shall be construed as reference to an ‘officer of Inland Revenue” by virtue of Section 72A of the Sales Tax Act, 1990.

2. Substituted for the words “Sales Tax” by the Finance Act, 2010

3. Substituted for “or 38A” by Finance Act, 2009

4. Substituted for “or 38A” by Finance Act, 2009
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14.</td>
<td>Where any person violates any embargo placed on removal of goods in connection with recovery of tax. Such person shall pay a penalty of twenty five thousand rupees or ten per cent of the amount of the tax involved, whichever is higher. He shall, further be liable, upon conviction by a Special Judge, to imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine which may extend to amount equal to the amount of tax involved, or with both.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.</td>
<td>Any person who obstructs the authorized officer in the performance of his official duties. Such person shall pay a penalty of twenty five thousand rupees or one hundred per cent of the amount of tax involved, whichever is higher.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Any person who fails to make payment in the manner prescribed under section 73 of this Act. Such person shall pay a penalty of five thousand rupees or three per cent of the amount of tax involved, whichever is higher.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17.</td>
<td>Any person who fails to fulfil any of the conditions, limitations or restrictions prescribed in a Notification issued under any of the provisions of this Act. Such person shall pay a penalty of five thousand rupees or three per cent of the amount of tax involved, whichever is higher.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.</td>
<td>Where any officer of [Inland Revenue] authorized to act under this Act, acts or omits or attempts to act or omit in a manner causing loss to the sales tax revenue or otherwise abets or connives in any such act. Such officer of [Inland Revenue] shall be liable, upon conviction by a Special Judge, to imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine which may extend to amount equal to the amount of tax involved, or with both.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.</td>
<td>Any person who contravenes any of the provision of this Act for which no penalty has, specifically, been Such person shall pay a penalty of five thousand rupees or three per cent of the amount of tax involved, whichever is higher.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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1 Words “Sales Tax” substituted for Inland Revenue by Finance (Amended) Ordinance, 2010.
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

| Provided in this section. |  
|---------------------------|---|
| 1[20. ***] |   |

21. Where any person repeats an offence for which a penalty is provided under this Act, such person shall pay twice the amount of penalty provided under the Act for the said offence. General.

22. Any person who,-

(a) knowingly and without lawful authority gains access to or attempts to gain access to the computerized system; or

(b) unauthorizedly uses or discloses or publishes or otherwise disseminates information obtained from the computerized system; or

(c) falsifies any record or information stored in the computerized system; or

(d) knowingly or dishonestly damages or impairs the computerized system; or

(e) knowingly or dishonestly damages or

Such person shall pay a penalty of twenty-five thousand rupees or one hundred per cent of the amount of tax involved, whichever is higher. He shall, further be liable, upon conviction by the Special Judge, to imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine which may extend to an amount equal to the loss of tax involved, or with both. 50A.

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1 Serial No. 20 omitted by Finance Act, 2008.

2 Serial No. 21 and 22 inserted by Finance Act, 2006.
impairs any duplicate tape or disc or other medium on which any information obtained from the computerized system is kept or stored; or

(f) unauthorizedly uses unique user identifier of any other registered user to authenticate a transmission of information to the computerized system; or

(g) fails to comply with or contravenes any of the conditions prescribed for security of unique user identifier.

1[34. Default Surcharge.-- (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 11, if a registered person does not pay the tax due or any part thereof, whether wilfully or otherwise, in time or in the manner specified under this Act, rules or notifications issued thereunder or claims a tax credit, refund or makes an adjustment which is not admissible to him, or incorrectly applies the rate of zero *per cent* to supplies made by him, he shall, in addition to the tax due, pay default surcharge at the rate mentioned below:—

(a) the person liable to pay any amount of tax or charge or the amount of refund erroneously made, shall pay default surcharge at the rate of [KIBOR plus three *per cent* per annum], of the amount of tax due or the amount of refund erroneously made; **[and]**

---

1 Section 34 substituted by Finance Act, 2005. Earlier it was also substituted by Finance Act, 1996.

2 Words and comma “for the first six months of default,” omitted by Finance Act, 2008.

3 Substituted for “one [and half] percent per month” by Finance Act, 2009, earlier the words “and half” inserted in these words by Finance Act, 2008.

4 Word inserted by Finance Act, 2008.
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

1[(b) ***]

(c) in case, the default is on account of tax fraud, the person who has committed tax fraud shall pay default surcharge at the rate of two per cent per month, of the amount of tax evaded or the amount of refund fraudulently claimed, till such time the entire liability including the amount of default surcharge is paid.

(2) For the purpose of calculation of default surcharge, –

(a) in the case of inadmissible input tax credit or refund, the period of default shall be reckoned from the date of adjustment of such credit or, as the case may be, refund is received; and

(b) in the case of non-payment of tax or part thereof, the period of default shall be reckoned from the 16th day of a month (following the due date of the tax period to which the default relates) to the day preceding the date on which the tax due is actually paid.

Explanation.– For the purpose of this section tax due does not include the amount of penalty.

2[34A. Exemption from penalty and 3[default surcharge].--The Federal Government may, by a notification in the official Gazette, or the 4[Board] by a special order published in Gazette for reasons to be recorded in writing, exempt any person or class of persons from payment of the whole or part of the penalty and 5[default surcharge] imposed under sections 33 and 34 subject to such conditions and limitations as may be specified in such notification or, as the case may be, special order.]

6[35. ***]

7[35A. ***]
37. Power to summon persons to give evidence and produce documents in inquiries under the Act.– (1) Any officer of [Inland Revenue] shall have powers to summon any person whose attendance he considers necessary either to tender evidence or to produce documents or any other thing in any inquiry which such officer is making for any of the purposes of this Act.

(2) Any person summoned under sub-section (1) shall be bound to attend either in person or by an authorised agent, as the officer of [Inland Revenue] may direct;

Provided that a person who is exempted from personal appearance in a court under section 132 and 133 of the Code of Civil Procedure (Act V of 1908), shall not be required to appear in person.

(3) Any inquiry before an officer of [Inland Revenue] shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of section 193 and [228] of the Pakistan Penal Code (Act XLV of 1860).

37A. Power to arrest and prosecute.-- (1) An officer of [Inland Revenue not below the rank of an Assistant Commissioner of Inland Revenue] or any other officer of equal rank authorised by the [Board] in this behalf, who on the basis of material evidence

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1 Section 36 omitted by Finance Act, 2012. Earlier it was substituted by Finance Act, 1996. Before this it was substituted by the Finance Act, 1994.


4 Substituted for the figure “223” by Finance Act, 1994

5 Section 37A substituted by Finance Act, 1996.

6 Substituted for “sales tax”, not below the rank of an Assistant Collector of Sales tax by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No.III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010, published in the Official Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary part I at pages 23 to 53.

7 Substituted for “Central Board of Revenue” by Finance Act, 2007
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

has reason to believe that any person has committed a tax fraud \(^1\) [or any offence warranting prosecution under this Act] \(^2\)[…], \(^3\) [may cause arrest of such person.]

(2) All arrests made under this Act shall be carried out in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898).

\(^4\) [\((3) \quad ***\)]

(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) to subsection (3) or any other provision of this Act, where any person has committed a tax fraud \(^5\) [or any offence warranting prosecution under this Act], the \(^6\) [Commissioner] may, either before or after the institution of any proceedings for recovery of tax, compound the offence if such person pays the amount of tax due along with such \(^7\) [default surcharge] and penalty as is determined under the provisions of this Act.

(5) Where the person suspected of tax fraud \(^8\) [or any offence warranting prosecution under this Act] is a company, every director or officer of that company whom the authorised officer has reason to believe is personally responsible for actions of the company contributing the tax fraud \(^9\) [or any offence warranting prosecution under this Act] shall be liable to arrest; provided that any arrest under this sub-section shall not absolve the company from the liabilities of payment of tax, \(^10\) [default surcharge] and penalty imposed under this Act.  

\(^1\) Words inserted by Finance Act, 2007.
\(^2\) Words “in respect of a supply or supplies made by him” omitted by Finance Act, 2007.
\(^3\) Substituted for the words “may arrest such person” by Finance Act, 2003.
\(^4\) Sub-section (3) omitted by Finance Act, 2005.
\(^7\) Substituted for “additional tax” by Finance Act, 2005.
\(^8\) Words inserted by Finance Act, 2007.
\(^10\) Substituted for “additional tax” by Finance Act, 2005.
37B. Procedure to be followed on arrest of a person.-- (1) When a Sales Tax Officer authorized in this behalf arrests a person under Section 37A, he shall immediately intimate the fact of the arrest of that person to the Special Judge who may direct such Officer to produce that person at considers such time and place and on such date as the Special Judge considers expedient and such Officer shall act accordingly.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the sub-section (1), any person arrested under this Act shall be produced before the Special Judge or, if there is no Special Judge within a reasonable distance, to the nearest Judicial Magistrate, within twenty-four hours of such arrest, excluding the time necessary for the journey from the place of arrest to the Court of the Special Judge or, as the case may be, of such Magistrate.

(3) When any person is produced under sub-section (2) before the Special Judge, he may, on the request of such person, after perusing the record, if any and after giving the prosecution an opportunity of being heard, admit him to bail on his executing a bond, with or without sureties, or refuse to admit him to bail and direct his detention at such place as he deems fit:

Provided that nothing herein contained shall preclude the Special Judge from cancelling the bail of any such person at a subsequent stage if, for any reason, he considers such cancellation necessary, but before passing such order he shall afford such person an opportunity of being heard, unless for reasons to be recorded he considered that the affording of such opportunity shall defeat the purposes of this Act.

(4) When such person is produced under sub-section (2) before a Judicial Magistrate, such Magistrate may, after authorising his detention in such custody at such place and for such period as he considers necessary or proper for facilitating his earliest production before the Special Judge, direct his production before the Special Judge on a date and time to be fixed by him or direct such person to be forthwith taken to, and produced before, the Special Judge and he shall be so taken.

1 Section 37B inserted by Finance Act, 1995.
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

(5) Nothing in sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) shall preclude the Special Judge or the Judicial Magistrate from remanding any such person to the custody of the Sales Tax Officer holding inquiry against that person if such officer makes a request in writing to that effect, and the Special Judge or the Judicial Magistrate, after perusing the record, if any, and hearing such person, is of the opinion that for the completion of inquiry or investigation it is necessary to make such order:

Provided that in no case the period of such custody shall exceed fourteen days.

(6) When any person is arrested under this Act, the Sales Tax Officer shall record the fact of arrest and other relevant particulars in the register specified in sub-section (10) and shall immediately proceed to inquire into the charge against such person and if he completes the inquiry within twenty-four hours of his arrest, excluding the time necessary for journey as aforesaid, he may, after producing such person before the Special Judge or the nearest Judicial Magistrate, make a request for his further detention in his custody.

(7) While holding an inquiry under sub-section (6), the Sales Tax Officer shall exercise the same powers as are exercisable by an officer in charge of a police station under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), but such officer shall exercise such powers subject to the foregoing provisions of this section while holding an inquiry under this Act.

(8) If the Sales Tax Officer, after holding an inquiry as aforesaid, is of the opinion that there is no sufficient evidence or reasonable ground for suspicion against such person, he shall release him on his executing a bond, with or without sureties, and shall direct such person to appear, as and when required, before the Special Judge, and make a report to the Special Judge for the discharge of such person and shall make a full report of the case to his immediate superior.

(9) The Special Judge to whom a report has been made under sub-section, (8) may, after the perusal of record of the inquiry, and hearing the prosecution, agree with such report and discharge the accused or, if he is of the opinion that there is sufficient ground for
proceedings against such person, proceed with his trial and direct the prosecution to produce evidence.

(10) Sales Tax Officer empowered to hold inquiry under this section shall maintain a register to be called “Register of Arrests and Detentions” in the prescribed form in which he shall enter the name and other particulars of every person arrested under this Act, together with the time and date of arrest, the details of the information received, the details of things, goods or documents, recovered from his custody, the name of the witnesses and the explanation, if any, given by him and the manner in which the inquiry has been conducted from day to day; and, such register or authenticated copies of its aforesaid entries shall be produced before the Special Judge, whenever such Officer is so directed by him.

(11) After completing the inquiry, the Sales Tax Officer shall, as early as possible, submit to Special Judge a complaint in the same form and manner in which the officer incharge of a police station submits a report, before a court.

(12) Magistrate of the first class may record any statement or confession during inquiry under this Act, in accordance with the provisions of Section 164 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898).

(13) Without prejudice to the foregoing provisions of this section, the Federal Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, authorize any other officer working under the ¹[Board] to exercise the powers and perform the functions of a Sales Tax Officer under this section, subject to such conditions, if any, that it may deem fit to impose.]

²[37C. Special Judges.— (1) The Federal Government may by notification in the official Gazette, appoint as many Special Judges as it considers necessary and, where it appoints more than one Special Judge, it shall specify in the notification the headquarter of each Special Judge and the territorial limits within which he shall exercise jurisdiction under this Act.

¹ Substituted for “Central Board of Revenue” by Finance Act, 2007

² Section 37C inserted by Finance Act, 2010 earlier a different section 37C was omitted by Finance Act, 2005 which was inserted by Finance Act, 1997.
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

(2) No person shall be appointed as a Special Judge unless he is or has been a Sessions Judge.]

\[37D. Cognizance of offences by Special Judges.\] (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or any other law for the time being in force, a Special Judge may, within the limits of his jurisdiction, take cognizance of any offence punishable under this Act:

(a) Upon a report in writing made by an officer of Inland Revenue or by any other officer especially authorized in this behalf by the Federal Government; or

(b) Upon receiving a complaint or information of facts constituting such offence made or communicated by any person; or

(c) Upon his own knowledge acquired during any proceeding before him under this act or under any other law for the time being in force.

(2) Upon the receipt of report under clause (a) of sub-section (1), the Special Judge shall proceed with trial of the accused.

(3) Upon the receipt of a complaint or information under clause (b), or acquired in the manner referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (1), the Special Judge may, before issuing a summon or warrant for appearance of the person complained against, hold a preliminary inquiry for the purpose of ascertaining the truth or falsehood of the complaint, or direct any magistrate or any officer of Inland Revenue or any police officer to hold such inquiry and submit a report, and such Magistrate or officer shall conduct such inquiry and make report accordingly.

(4) If, after conducting such inquiry or after considering the report of such Magistrate or officer, the Special Judge is of the opinion that—

(a) there is no sufficient ground for proceeding, he may dismiss the complaint, or

(b) there is sufficient ground for proceeding, he may proceed against the person complained against in accordance with law.

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1 Section 37D to 371 inserted by Finance Act, 2010.
(5) A special Judge or a Magistrate or an officer holding inquiry under sub-section (3) may hold such inquiry, as early as possible, in accordance with the provision of section 202 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898).

37E. Special Judge, etc. to have exclusive jurisdiction.— Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or in any other law for the time being in force,—

(a) no court other than the Special Judge having jurisdiction, shall try an offence punishable under this Act;

(b) no other court or officer, except in the manner and to the extent specifically provided for in this Act, shall exercise any power, or perform any function under this Act;

(c) no court, other than the High Court, shall entertain, hear or decide any application, petition or appeal under chapters XXXI and XXXII of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), against or in respect of any order or direction made under this Act; and

(d) no court, other than the Special Judge or the High Court, shall entertain any application or petition or pass any order or give any direction under chapters XXXVII, XXXIX, XLIV or XLV of the aforesaid Code.]

37F. Provisions of Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, to apply.— (1) The provision of the Code of Criminal procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, shall apply to the proceedings of the court of a Special Judge and such court shall be deemed to be a court of Sessions for the purpose of the said Code and the provisions of Chapter XXIIA of the foresaid Code, so far as applicable and with the necessary modifications, shall apply to the trial of cases by the Special Judge under this Act.

(2) For the purposes of sub-section (1), the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), shall have effect as if an offence punishable under this Act were one of the offences referred to in sub-section (1) of section 337 of the said Code.

37G. Transfer of cases.— (1) Where more than one Special Judge are appointed within the territorial jurisdiction of a High Court, the High Court, and where not more than one Special Judge is so appointed, the Federal Government, may by order in writing direct the transfer, at any stage of the trial, of any case from the court of one Special Judge to the Court of another Special Judge for disposal, whenever it appears to the High Court or, as the
case may be, the Federal Government, that such transfer may promote the ends of justice or tend to the general convenience of the parties or witnesses.

(2) In respect of a case transferred to a Special Judge under sub-section (1), such Special Judge shall not by reason of the said transfer, be bound to recall and reheat any witness whose evidence has been recorded in the case before the transfer and may act upon the evidence already recorded or produced before the court which tried the case before the transfer.]

37H. Place of Sittings.— A Special Judge shall ordinarily hold sittings at his headquarters but, keeping in view the general convenience of the parties or the witnesses, he may hold sittings at any other place.

37I. Appeal to the High Court.— (1) Any person, including the Federal Government, the Board, the Commissioner or Director of Intelligence and Investigation or any other officer authorized in this behalf by the Board, aggrieved by any order passed or decision made by a Special Judge under this Act or under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), may, subject to the provisions of Chapters XXXI and XXXII of the said Code, within Sixty days from the date of the order or decision, prefer an appeal to the High Court.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in sub-section (1), the provisions of the Limitation Act, 1908 (IX of 1908), shall apply to an appeal preferred under sub-section (1).]

1[38. Authorized officers to have access to premises, stocks, accounts and records— (1) Any officer authorised in this behalf by the Board 2[or the Commissioner 3[***]] shall have free access to business or manufacturing premises, registered office or any other place where any stocks, business records or documents required under this Act are kept or maintained belonging to any registered person or a person liable for registration or whose business activities are covered under this Act or who may be required for any inquiry or investigation in any tax fraud committed by him or his agent or any other person; and such officer may, at any time, inspect the goods, stocks, records, data, documents, correspondence, accounts and statements, utility bills, bank statements, information regarding nature and

1 Section 38 Substituted by Finance Act, 1996.
3 The words “or the Collector” were omitted by Finance Act, 2009.
The registered person, his agent or any other person specified in sub-section (1) shall be bound to answer any question or furnish such information or explanation as may be asked by the authorised officer.

(3) The department of direct and indirect taxes or any other Government department, local bodies, autonomous bodies, corporations or such other institutions shall supply requisite information and render necessary assistance to the authorised officer in the course of inquiry or investigation under this section.

1[38A. Power to call for information.— The Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require any person, including a banking company, to furnish such information or such statement in connection with any investigation or inquiry in cases of tax fraud, as may be specified in such notice 3[:]]

4[Provided that the Commissioner may require any regulatory authority to provide information concerning the licenses and authorizations issued by it.]

1[38B. Obligation to produce documents and provide information.— (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or any other law for the time being in force,
any person required to maintain the record under the Act, on demand by an officer, not below the rank of 2[an Assistant] 3[Commissioner Inland Revenue], by notice in writing, as and when specified in the notice, shall,—

(a) produce for examination, such documents or records which the officer of 4[Inland Revenue] considers necessary or relevant to the audit, inquiry or investigation under the Act;
(b) allow the officer of 5[Inland Revenue] to take extracts from or copies of such documents or records; and
(c) appear before the officer of 6[Inland Revenue] and answer any question put to him concerning the documents and records relating to the audit or inquiry or investigation referred to in clause (a) above.

(2) An officer of 7[Inland Revenue] conducting an audit, inquiry or, as the case may be, an investigation under the Act, may require in writing any person, department, company or organization to furnish such information as is held by that person, department, company or organization, which, in the opinion of the officer of 8[Inland Revenue], is relevant to such audit, inquiry or investigation.

(3) The Board may require, in writing, any person, department, company or organization, as the case may be, to provide any information or data held by that person, department, company or organization, which, in the opinion of the Board, is required for purposes of formulation of policy or administering the Customs, Sales Tax, Federal Excise or Income Tax.

(4) Every person, department, company or organization shall furnish the information requisitioned by the Board or the officer of Sales Tax under sub-section (2) or...
(3), within the time specified in the notice issued by the Board or, as the case may be, the officer of \[1\] [Inland Revenue].]  

\[2\] \[39. ***\]  

\[3\] \[40. \textbf{Searches under warrant}.– (1) Where any officer of \[4\] [Inland Revenue] has reason to believe that any documents or things which in his opinion, may be useful for, or relevant to, any proceedings under this Act are kept in any place, he may after obtaining a warrant from the magistrate, enter that place and cause a search to be made at any time.  

2) The search made \[5\] [in his presence] under sub-section (1) shall be carried out in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898).]  

\[6\] \[40A. ***\]  

\[7\] \[40B. \textbf{Posting of} \[1\] [Inland Revenue] \textbf{Officer}.– Subject to such conditions and restrictions, as deemed fit to impose, the \[8\] [Board], or \[9\] [Chief Commissioner] may post Officer of \[1\] [Inland Revenue] to the premises of registered person or class of such persons to monitor production, sale of taxable goods and the stock position:  

Provided that if a \[10\] [Commissioner], on the basis of material evidence, has reason to believe that a registered person is involved in evasion of sales tax or tax fraud, he may, by

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1 Substituted for “Sales Tax” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010  
2 Section 39 omitted by Finance act, 1996.  
3 Section 40 substituted by Finance Act, 2004.  
4 Substituted for “Sales Tax” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010  
5 The word and comma, inserted by the Finance Act, 2005  
6 Section 40A omitted by Finance Act, 2006.  
7 Section 40B inserted by Finance Act, 2003.  
8 Substituted for “Central Board of revenue” by Finance Act, 2007  
9 The words inserted by Finance Act, 2013.  
10 Substituted for “Collector” by Finance Act, 2010
recording the reason in writing, post an 1[Inland Revenue] to the premises of such registered person to monitor production or sale of taxable goods and the stocks position.]

2[Explanation.-- For the removal of doubt, it is declared that the powers of the Board, Chief Commissioner and Commissioner under this section are independent of the provisions of section 40.]

3)40C. Monitoring or Tracking by Electronic or other means.– (1) Subject to such conditions, restrictions, and procedures, as it may being fit to impose or specified, the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify any registered person or class of registered persons or any good or class of goods in respect of which monitoring or tracking of production, sales, clearances, stocks or any other related activity may be implemented through electronic or other means as may be prescribed

(2) From such date as may be prescribed by the Board, no taxable goods shall be removed or sold by the manufacturer or any other person without affixing tax stamp, bandrole stickers, labels, 4[barcodes.] etc. in any such form, style and manner as may be prescribed by the Board in this behalf.]

5) [(3) Such tax stamps, banderols, stickers, labels, barcodes etc., shall be acquired by the registered person referred to in sub-section (2) from a licensee appointed by the Board for the purpose, against price approved by the Board, which shall include the cost of equipment installed by such licensee in the premises of the said registered person.]

6)41. ***

42. ***]
Chapter-VIII

[APPEALS]

1[43. ***]

44. ***]

3[45. ***]

4[45A. Power of the Board 5[and 6[Commissioner]] to call for records.-- (1) The Board may, of its own motion 7[, or otherwise] call for and examine the record of any departmental proceedings under this Act or the rules made there under for the purpose of satisfying itself as to the legality or propriety of any decision or order passed therein by an Officer of 8[Inland Revenue], it may pass such order as it may think fit:

Provided that no order imposing or enhancing any penalty or fine requiring payment of a greater amount of [Sales Tax] than the originally levied shall be passed unless the person affected by such order has been given an opportunity of showing cause and of being heard.

(2) No proceeding under 9[this section] shall be initiated in a case where an appeal under Section 10[45B] or Section 46 is pending.

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1 Heading of chapter Adjudication substituted for cases by finance act 1996

2 Sections 43 and 44 omitted by Finance Act, 1996

3 Section 45 omitted by Finance Act, 2010

4 Section 45A added by Finance Act, 1993.

5 Substituted for “Collector and Collector (Adjudication)” by Finance Act, 2005. Earlier these were substituted for “and Collector” by Finance Act, 2003.


7 Words inserted by Finance Act, 2015.

8 Substituted for “Sales Tax” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010

9 Substituted for “sub-section (1)” by Finance Act, 2008

10 Substituted for the figure “45” by Finance Ordinance, 2002
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

(3) No order shall be made under this Section after the expiry of 1[five] years from the date of original decision or order of the sub-ordinate officer referred to in sub-section (1).

2[(4) The 1[Commissioner] may, suo moto, call for and examine the record of any proceeding under this Act or the rules made thereunder for the purpose of satisfying himself as to the legality or propriety of any decision or order passed by an officer of 4[Inland Revenue] subordinate to him, and pass such order as he may deem fit.]

3[45B. Appeals.– 6[(1) Any person, other than the Sales Tax Department, aggrieved by any decision or order passed under sections 10, 11, 25, 36, or 66, by an officer of Inland Revenue may, within thirty days of the date of receipt of such decision or order, prefer appeal to the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals):

Provided that an appeal preferred after the expiry of thirty days may be admitted by the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) if he is satisfied that the appellant has sufficient cause for not preferring the appeal within the specified period:

Provided further that the appeal shall be accompanied by a fee of one thousand rupees to be paid in such manner as the Board may prescribe.]

7[(1A) Where in a particular case, the Commissioner (Appeals) is of the opinion recovery of tax levied under this act, shall cause undue hardship to the taxpayer, he, after affording opportunity of being heard to the commissioner or officer of Inland revenue against whose orders appeal has been made, may stay the recovery of such tax for a period not exceeding thirty days in aggregate.]

(2) The 8[Commissioner Inland Revenue] (Appeals) may, after giving both parties to the appeal an opportunity of being heard, pass such order as he thinks fit, confirming, varying, altering, setting aside or annulling the decision or order appealed against 9[:]

1 Substituted for “three” by Finance Ordinance, 2000

2 Sub-section (4) substituted by Finance Act, 2005

3 Substituted for the word “Collector” by Finance Act, 2010

4 Substituted for the words “Sales Tax” by Finance, Act, 2010

5 Section 45B inserted by Finance Ordinance, 2002


7 Inserted through Finance Act, 2013

8 Substituted for “Collector of Sales Tax” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance no. III of 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010, published in the official Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259.

9 Colon inserted through Finance, Act, 2005
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

1[Provided that such order shall be passed not later than 2[one hundred and twenty] days from the date of filing of appeal or within such extended period as the 3[Commissioner] (Appeals) may, for reasons to be recorded in writing fix:

Provided further that such extended period shall, in no case, exceed 4[sixty] days 5[:]]

6[Provided further that any period during which the proceedings are adjourned on account of a stay order or Alternative Dispute Resolution proceedings or the time taken through adjournment by the petitioner not exceeding thirty days shall be excluded from the computation of aforesaid periods.]

(3) In deciding an appeal, the 1[Commissioner of Inland Revenue] (Appeals) may make such further inquiry as may be necessary provided that he shall not remand the case for de novo consideration.

7[(4) ***]

46. Appeals to Appellate Tribunal.– 8[(1) Any person including an officer of 9[Inland Revenue] (not below the rank of an 10[Additional Commissioner], aggrieved by any order passed by—–

(a) the 11[Commissioner Inland Revenue] (Appeals) under section 45B,

(b) the 12[Commissioner Inland Revenue] through adjudication or under any of the provisions of this Act or rules made thereunder,

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1 Two provisos inserted by Finance Act, 2005
2 Substituted for “ninety” by Finance Act, 2008.
3 Substituted for “Collector” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 05, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010 published in the Gazette of Pakistan
4 Substituted for “one hundred and twenty” by Finance Act, 2009, earlier it was substituted for “ninety” by Finance Act, 2008.
5 Substituted for full stop by Finance Act, 2009
6 Proviso inserted by Finance Act, 2009
7 Sub-section (4) omitted y Finance Act, 2006.
8 Sub Section (1) substituted by Finance Act, 2008. Earlier it was substituted by the Finance ordinance 2002.
9 Substituted for “Sales Tax” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 05, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010 published in the Gazette of Pakistan.
10 Substituted for “Sales Tax” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 05, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010 published in the Gazette of Pakistan.
11 Substituted for “Collector of Sales Tax” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

(c) the Board under section 45A, may, within sixty days of the receipt of such decision or order, prefer appeal to the Appellate Tribunal.

\[2\] (2) The Appellate Tribunal may admit, hear and dispose of the appeal as per procedure laid down in sections \[3\] [131 and 132 of the Income tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001, and rules made thereunder.]

\[4\] (2A) All appeals and proceedings under this Act pending before the customs, Excise and Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal Constituted under section 194 of the customs Act 1969 (IV of 1969) shall stand transferred to the Appellate Tribunal constituted under section 130 of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001 (XLIX of 2001) with effect from 28th Day of October, 2009.

\[5\] (3) ***

(4) ***

(5) ***

(6) ***

(7) ***

(8) ***

(9) ***

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1 Substituted for “Collector of Sales Tax” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010

2 Sub-Section (2) substituted by Finance Act, 2009.


4 Sub Section (2A) inserted by Finance Act w.e.f. June 5, 2010.

5 Sub-sections (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8) and (9) omitted by Finance Act, 2009.
47. **Reference to the High Court.**—(1) Within ninety days of the communication of the order of the Appellate Tribunal under sub-section (2) of section 46, the aggrieved person or any officer of Inland Revenue not below the rank of an Additional Commissioner, authorized by the Commissioner may prefer an application in the prescribed form along with a statement of the case to the High Court, stating any question of law arising out of such order.

(2) The statement to the High Court referred to in sub-section (1), shall set out the facts, the determination of the Appellate Tribunal and the question of law, which arises out of its order.

(3) Where, on an application made under sub-section (1), the High Court is satisfied that a question of law arises out of the order referred to in sub-section (1), may proceed to hear the case.

(4) A reference to the High Court under this section shall be head by a bench of not less than two judges of the High Court and, in respect of the reference, the provisions of section 98 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908) shall apply, so far as may be, notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force.

(5) The High Court upon hearing a reference under this section shall decide the question of law raised by the reference and deliver judgment thereon specifying the grounds on which such judgment is based and the order of the Tribunal shall stand modified accordingly. The Court shall send a copy of the judgment under the seal of the Court to the Appellate Tribunal.

(6) The cost of any reference to the High Court shall be in the discretion of the Court.

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1 Section 47 substituted by Finance Act, 2005. Earlier it was substituted by Finance Act, 1997
2 Substituted for “5” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 05, 2010
3 Substituted for “Sales Tax” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010
4 Substituted for “Deputy Collector” by Finance Act, 2006
5 Substituted for “Collector” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010
(7) Notwithstanding that a reference has been made to the High Court, the tax shall be payable in accordance with the order of the Appellate Tribunal:

Provided that, if the amount of tax is reduced as a result of the judgment in the reference by the High Court, and amount of tax found refundable by the High Court, the High Court may on application by an Additional [Commissioner] authorized by the [Commissioner] within thirty days of the receipt of the judgment of the High Court that he intends to seek leave to appeal to the Supreme Court, make an order authorizing the Collector to postpone the refund until the disposal of the appeal by the Supreme Court.

(8) Where recovery of tax has been stayed by the High Court by an order, such order shall cease to have effect on the expiration of a period of six months following the day on which it is made unless the reference is decided, or such order is withdrawn, by the High Court earlier.

(9) Section 5 of the Limitation Act, 1908 (IX of 1908), shall apply to an application made to the High Court under sub-section (1).

(10) An application under sub-section (1) by a person other than the [Commissioner] shall be accompanied by a fee of one hundred rupees.

(11) Notwithstanding anything contained in any provision of this Act, where any reference or appeal was filed with the approval of [Commissioner] by the officer of lower rank than the [Commissioner], and the reference or appeal is pending before an appellate forum or the Court, such reference or appeal shall always be deemed to have been so filed by the [Commissioner].

1 Words inserted by Finance Act, 2006.
2 Substituted for “Collector” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010
3 Sub section (11) inserted by Finance Act, 2006.
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

[47A. Alternative dispute resolution.— (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, or the rules made there under, any registered person aggrieved in connection with any dispute pertaining to:—

(a) the liability of tax against the registered person, or admissibility of refunds, as the case may be;

(b) the extent of waiver of default surcharge and penalty;

(c) the quantum of input tax admissible in terms of sub-section (3) of section 7;

(d) relaxation of any procedural or technical irregularities and condonation of any prescribed time limitation; and

(e) any other specific relief required to resolve the dispute,

may apply the Board for the appointment of a committee for the resolution of any hardship or dispute mentioned in detail in the application, which is under litigation in any Court of Law or an Appellate authority, except in the cases where first information reports (FIRs) have been lodged under the Act or criminal proceedings initiated or where interpretation of question of law having larger revenue impact in the opinion of the Federal Board of Revenue is involved, may apply to the Federal Board of Revenue for the appointment of a committee for the resolution of dispute in appeal and only such application may be entertained for dispute resolution under the provisions of this section.

(2) The Board may, after examination of the application of a registered person, appoint a committee within thirty days of receipt of such application in the Board, consisting of an officer of [Inland Revenue not below the rank of an Additional Commissioner] and two persons from the notified panel consisting of retired Judges not below District and Sessions Judge, chartered or cost accountants, advocates, representatives of trade bodies or associations, or any other reputable taxpayers, for the resolution of dispute.

1 Section 47A substituted by Finance Act, 2007. Earlier it was substituted by Finance Act, 2004. Originally it was inserted by Finance Ordinance, 2002.

2 Substitutes for “Sales Tax not below the rank of an Additional Commissioner” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010. The same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010, published in the official Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259.
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

1[(3) The committee constituted under sub-section (2) shall examine the issue and may if it deems fit, conduct inquiry, seek expert opinion, direct any officer of the 2[Inland Revenue] or any other person to conduct an audit and shall make recommendations within ninety days of its constitution in respect of the dispute. If the committee fails to make recommendations within the said period the Board shall dissolve the committee and constitute a new committee which shall decide the matter within a further period of ninety days. If after the expiry of that period the dispute is not resolved the matter shall be taken up by the appropriate forum for decision.]

(4) The Board may, on the recommendation of the committee, pass such order, as it may deem appropriate 3[within forty-five days of the receipt of the recommendations of the Committee].

4[(4A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (4) or under sub-section (4) the Chairman may on the application of an aggrieved person, for reasons to be recorded in writing, and on being satisfied that there is an error in order or decision, pass such order may be deemed just and equitable.]

(5) The registered person may make payment of sales tax and other duty and taxes as determined by the Board in its order under sub-section (4), 5[or under sub section (4A)] and such order of the Board shall be submitted before the forum, tribunal or the Court where the matter is subjudice for consideration of orders as deemed appropriate.

(6) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this section.]

1 Sub-section (3) substituted by Finance Act, 2009.
2 Substituted for “Sales Tax” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance no. III of 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010, published in the official Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259.
3 Words inserted by Finance Act, 2009.
4 Sub-section (4A) substituted by Finance Act, 2011. Earlier it was inserted by Finance Act, 2008.
5 Words etc. inserted by Finance Act, 2009.
Chapter-IX

RECOVERY OF ARREARS

48. Recovery of arrears of tax.--(1) [Subject to sub-section (1A), where] any amount of tax [...] is due from any person, the officer of [Inland Revenue] may:—

(a) deduct the amount from any money owing to person from whom such amount is recoverable and which may be at the disposal or in the control of such officer or any officer of Income Tax, Customs or Central Excise Department;

(b) require by a notice in writing any person who holds or may subsequently hold any money for or on account of the person from whom tax may be recoverable to pay to such officer the amount specified in the notice;

(c) stop removal of any goods from the business premises of such person till such time the amount of tax is paid or recovered in full;

[(ca)] require by a notice in writing any person to stop clearance of imported goods or manufactured goods or attach bank accounts;

(d) seal the business premises till such time the amount of tax is paid or recovered in full;

(e) attach and sell or sell without attachment any movable or immovable property of the registered person from whom tax is due [...]; and

(f) [...] recover such amount by attachment and sale of any moveable or immovable property of the guarantor, person, company, bank or

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1 Words etc. “levied, penalty imposed or demand raised under any bond or other instrument executed under this Act” omitted by Finance Ordinance, 2002.


3 Substituted for “Sales Tax” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010, published in the official Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259.

4 Clause (ca) inserted by Finance Act, 1999.

5 Semi-colon and the word “and” at the end of clause (e) and thereafter clause (f) inserted by Finance Act, 1997. Earlier it was omitted by Finance Act, 1996. Originally it was inserted by Finance Act, 1994.

6 Word “may” omitted by Finance Act, 2007.
1[(1A) If any arrears of tax, default surcharge, penalty or any other amount which is adjudged or payable by any person and which cannot be recovered in the manner prescribed above, the Board or any officer authorized by the Board, may, write off the arrears in the manner as may be prescribed by the Board.]

(2) For the purpose of recovery of tax, penalty or any other demand raised under this Act, the officer of Inland Revenue shall have the same powers which under the Code of Civil Procedure 1908 (V of 1908), a Civil Court has for the purpose of recovery of an amount due under a decree.

Chapter-X
MISCELLANEOUS

3[49. Sales of taxable activity or transfer of ownership.--(1) In case of termination of taxable activity or part thereof or its sale or transfer of ownership to a non-registered person, the possession of taxable goods or part thereof by the registered person shall be deemed to be a taxable supply and the registered person shall be required to account for and pay the tax on the taxable goods held by him:

Provided that if the tax payable by such registered person remains unpaid, the amount of unpaid tax shall be the first charge on the assets of the business and shall be payable by the transferee of business.

1 Sub-section (1A) inserted by Finance Act, 2007.

2 Substituted for “Sales Tax” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance no. III of 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010, published in the official Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259.

3 Section 49 Substituted by Finance Act, 1996

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(2) In the case of sale or transfer of ownership of a taxable activity or part thereof to another registered person as an ongoing concern, sales tax chargeable on taxable goods or part thereof shall be accounted for and paid by the registered person to whom such sale is made or ownership is transferred.]

1[49A. Liquidators. – (1) Every person (hereinafter referred to as a “liquidator”) who is –

(a) a liquidator of a company;
(b) a receiver appointed by a Court or appointed out of Court;
(c) a trustee for a bankrupt; or
(d) a mortgagee in possession;

shall, within fourteen days of being appointed or taking possession of an asset in Pakistan, whichever occurs first, give written notice thereof to the 2[Commissioner].

(2) The 2[Commissioner] shall, within three months of being notified under sub-section (1), notify the liquidator, in writing, of the amount which appears to the 2[Commissioner] to be sufficient to provide for any sales tax which is or will become payable by the person whose assets are in the possession of the liquidator.

(3) A liquidator shall not, without leave of the 2[Commissioner]. Part with any asset held as liquidator until the liquidator has been notified under sub-section (2).

(4) A liquidator: –

(a) shall set aside, out of the proceeds of sale of any asset by the liquidator, the amount notified by the 2[Commissioner] under sub-section (2), or such amount as is subsequently agreed to by the 2[Commissioner]; and
(b) shall be liable to the extent of the amount set aside for the Sales tax liability of the person who owned the asset.

1 Section 49A inserted by Finance Act, 2004.

2 Substituted for “Collector” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance no. III of 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010, published in the official Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259.
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(5) A liquidator shall be personally liable to the extent of any amount required to be set-aside under sub-section (4) for the tax referred to in sub-section (2) if, and to the extent that, the liquidator fails to comply with the requirements of this section.

(6) Where the proceeds of sale of any asset are less than the amount notified by the Commissioner under sub-section (2), the application of sub-sections (4) and (5) shall be limited to the proceeds of sale.

(7) This section shall have effect notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force.]

50. Power to make rules.—[(1) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act, including rules for charging fee for processing of return, claims and other documents and for preparation of copies thereof.]

[(2) All rules made under sub-section (1) or any other provisions of this Act, shall be collected, arranged and published along with general orders and departmental instructions and rulings, if any, at appropriate intervals and sold to the public at reasonable price.]

50A. Computerized system.—(1) The Board may prescribe the use of computerized system for carrying out the purposes of this Act, including the receipt of applications for registration, returns and such other declarations or information required to be

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1 Substituted for “Collector” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated asOrdinance no. III of 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010, published in the official Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259.

2 Brackets and figure inserted by Finance Act, 2008.

3 Comma and words inserted by Finance Act, 1994

4 Sub-section (2) inserted by Finance Act, 2008.

5 Section 50A inserted by Finance Act, 2006.
provided under this Act and the rules made thereunder, from such date and for such registered persons or class of persons as the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify.

(2) The Board may make rules for regulating the conduct and transaction of business in relation to the submission of returns or other information to the Board by the persons required to transmit or receive any information through the computerized system, including matters such as grant of authorization, suspension and cancellation of authorization and for security of the information transmitted or received through the computerized system.]

2[(3) Unless otherwise proved, the information received in the computerized system from or on behalf of any registered person shall, for all official and legal purposes, be deemed to have been furnished by and received from such registered person.

(4) The business information gathered through computerized system shall be confidential to be used only for official and legal purposes and no unauthorized person shall claim for any access to such information.]

3[50B. Electronic scrutiny and intimation.— (1) The Board may implement a computerized system for the purpose of automated scrutiny, analysis and cross-matching of returns and other available data relating to registered persons and to electronically send intimations to such registered persons about any issue detected by the system.

(2) The intimation sent by the computerized system under sub-section (1) shall be in the nature of an advice or advance notice, aimed at allowing the registered person to clarify the issue, rectify any mistake or take other corrective action before any legal or penal action is initiated.

(3) The computerized system shall be so implemented so as to keep record of the issues detected, intimations sent, responses received and actions taken, and to present such information to the officer of Inland Revenue and to the Board in the prescribed manner.

1 Substituted for “their” by Finance Act, 2007
2 Sub-section (3) and (4) inserted by Finance Act, 2007.
3 Section 50B inserted by Finance Act 2014
(4) The Board may prescribe procedures and specifications for the smooth and efficient operation of the computerised system.]

51. Bar of suits, prosecution and other legal proceedings.— (1) No suit shall be brought in any Civil Court to set aside or modify any order passed, any assessment made, any tax levied, any penalty imposed or collection of any tax made under this Act.

(2) No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Federal Government or against any public servant in respect of any order passed in good faith under this Act.

1(3) Notwithstanding anything in any other law for the time being in force, no investigation or inquiry shall be undertaken or initiated by any governmental agency against any officer or official for anything done in his official capacity under this Act, rules, instructions or direction made or issued thereunder without the prior approval of the Board.]

52. Appearance by authorised representative.— A registered person required to appear before the Appellate Tribunal or an officer of 2[Inland Revenue] in connection with any proceedings under this Act may, in writing, authorise any person 3[having such qualification as may be prescribed] to represent him or appear on his behalf.

4[52A. e-intermediaries to be appointed.— (1) Subject to such conditions, limitations and restrictions, the Board may, by a notification in the official Gazette, appoint a person to electronically file return under Chapter V and such other documents electronically, as may be prescribed from time to time, on behalf of a person registered under section 14.

(2) A person registered under section 14 may authorize an e-intermediary to electronically file return or any other documents, as specified in sub-section (1).

(3) The return or such other documents filed by an e-intermediary on behalf of a registered person shall be deemed to have been filed by that registered person.

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1 Sub section (3) inserted by Finance Act, 2004.

2 Substituted for “Sales Tax Act” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance no. II of 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010, published in the official Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259.

3 Words inserted by Sales Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2000, dated September 5, 2000

4 Section 52A inserted by Finance Act, 2006.
(4) Where this Act requires anything to be done by the registered person and if such thing is done by an e-intermediary authorized by the registered person under sub-section (2), unless the contrary is proved, shall be deemed to have been done with the knowledge and consent of such registered person so that in any proceedings under this Act, the registered person shall be liable as if the thing has been done by him.

(5) Where an e-intermediary, authorized by a registered person under sub-section (2) to act on his behalf, knowingly or wilfully submits a false or incorrect information or document or declaration with an intent to avoid payment of tax due or any part thereof or claiming a tax credit or a refund that is not due to the registered person, such e-intermediary shall be jointly and severally responsible for recovery of the amount of tax short paid or the amount refunded in excess as a result of such incorrect or false information or document or declaration, without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against him under the relevant provisions of the law.

(6) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, prescribe rules for the conduct and transaction of business of e-intermediaries, including their appointment, suspension and cancellation of appointment, subject to such conditions as specified therein.

53. Estate of deceased person.— The tax liability of a deceased registered person under the Act shall be the first charge on his estate in the hands of his successors.

54. Estate in bankruptcy.— (1) If a registered person is declared bankrupt, the tax liability under this Act shall pass on to the estate in bankruptcy if it continues to operate the business.

(2) If tax liability is incurred by an estate in bankruptcy, the tax is deemed to be a current expenditure in the operations of the estate in bankruptcy and shall be paid before the claims preferred by other creditors are settled.

1[55. Removal of difficulties.— If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act or the rules made or notifications issued there under, the Board may through a general order or otherwise, issue instructions or directions, not inconsistent with the

1 Substituted vide Finance Ordinance, 2001
provisions of this Act, for such actions to be taken by an officer of Inland Revenue or any other person as it considers necessary or expedient for the purpose of removing the difficulty.]

\[56. \textbf{Service of orders; decisions etc.} – (1) subject to this Act, any notice, order or requisition required to be served on a resident individual, other than in a representative capacity for the purposes of this Act shall be treated as properly served on the individual if –

(a) personally served on the individual or, in the case of an individual under a legal disability or a non-residents individual the representative of the individual;

(b) sent by register post or courier service specified in clause (b) of sub-section (2) or to the individual’s usual or last known address in Pakistan; or

(c) served on the individual in the manner prescribed for service of a summons under the code of civil procedure, 1908(Act V of 1908).

(2) Subject to this Act, any notice order or requisition required to be served on any person, other than a resident individual to whom sub-section (1) applies, for the purposes of this Act, shall be treated as properly served on person if –

(a) personally served on the representative of the person;

(b) sent by registered post or courier service to the person’s registered office or address for service of notices under this Act, in Pakistan or where the person does not have such office or address, the notice is sent by registered [Post to any office or place of business of the person in Pakistan; or

(c) served on the Person in the manner prescribed for service of a summons under the code of civil procedure, 1908(Act V of 1908).

(3) Where an association of persons is dissolved, any notice, order or requisition required to be served under this Act, on the association or a member of the association may be served on any person who was the principal officer or a member of the association immediately before such dissolution.

(4) Where, business stands discontinued, any notice, order or requisition required to be served under this Act, on the person discontinuing the business may be served on the

\[^1\text{Section 56 substituted vide Finance Act, 2010}\]
person personally or on any individual who was the person’s representative at the time of discontinuance.

(5) The validity of service of a notice under this Act shall not be called into question after the notice has been complied with in any manner.]

1[56A. Agreement for the exchange of information.— (1) The Federal Government may enter into bilateral or multilateral agreements with provincial governments or with governments of foreign countries for the exchange of information, including electronic exchange of information, with respect to sales tax imposed under this Act or any other law of Pakistan and under the corresponding laws of such countries and may, by notification in the official Gazette, make such provisions as may be necessary for implementing such agreements.


56B. Disclosure of information by a public servant.— (1) Any information acquired under any provision of this Act or in pursuance of a bilateral or multilateral agreement or tax information exchange agreement shall be confidential and no public servant shall disclose any such information, except as provided under section 216 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001).

(2) The provisions of section 216 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to the provisions of this section.

56C. Prize schemes to promote tax culture.- The Board may prescribe prize schemes to encourage the general public to make purchases only from registered persons issuing tax invoices.]

2[57. Rectification of Mistake.— (1) The officer of Inland Revenue, Commissioner, the Commissioner (Appeals) or the Appellate Tribunal may, by an order in writing, amend any order passed by him to rectify any mistake apparent from the record on his or its own

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1 Sections 56A, 56B and 56C added by Finance Act, 2015

2 Section 57 is substituted by Finance Act, 2013.
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

motion or any mistake brought to his or its notice by a taxpayer or, in the case of the Commissioner (Appeals) or the Appellate Tribunal, the Commissioner.

(2) No order under sub section (1) which has the effect of increasing an assessment, reducing a refund or otherwise applying adversely to the taxpayer shall be made unless the taxpayer has been given a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

(3) Where a mistake apparent on the record is brought to the notice of the officer of Inland Revenue, Commissioner or Commissioner (Appeals), as the case may be, and no order has been made under sub section (1), before the expiration of the Financial year next following the date on which the mistake was brought to their notice, the mistake shall be treated as rectified and all the provisions of this Act shall have effect accordingly.

(4) No order under sub-section (1) shall be made after five years from the date of the order sort to be rectified.]

58. Liability for payment of tax in the case of private companies [or business enterprises].— Notwithstanding anything contained in the Companies Ordinance 1984, (XLVII of 1984), where any private company [or business enterprise] is wound up and any tax chargeable on the company [or business enterprise], whether before, or in the course, or after its liquidation, in respect of any tax period cannot be recovered from the company [or business enterprise], every person who was a [owner of, or partner in, or director of,] the company [or business enterprise] during the relevant period shall, jointly and severally with such persons, be liable for the payment of such tax.

1[58A. Representatives.— (1) For the purpose of this Act and subject to sub-sections (2) and (3), the expression “representative” in respect of a registered person, means: –

(a) where the person is an individual under a legal disability, the guardian or manager who receives or is entitled to receive income on behalf, or for the benefit of the individual;

(b) where the person is a company (other than a trust, a Provincial Government, or local authority in Pakistan), a director or a manager or secretary or agent or accountant or any similar officer of the company;

(c) where the person is a trust declared by a duly executed instrument in writing whether testamentary or otherwise, any trustee of the trust;

1 Section 58A and 58B inserted by Finance Act, 2008
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

(d) where the person is a Provincial Government, or local authority in Pakistan, any individual responsible for accounting for the receipt and payment of money or funds on behalf of the Provincial Government or local authority;

(e) where the person is an association of persons, a director or a manager or secretary or agent or accountant or any similar officer of the association or, in the case of a firm, any partner in the firm;

(f) where the person is the Federal Government, any individual responsible for accounting for the receipt and payment of moneys or funds on behalf of the Federal Government; or

(g) where the person is a public international organization, or a foreign government or political sub-division of a foreign government, any individual responsible for accounting for the receipt and payment of moneys or funds in Pakistan on behalf of the organization, government, or political subdivision of the government.

(2) Where the Court of Wards, the Administrator General, the Official Trustee, or any receiver or manager appointed by, or under, any order of a Court receives or is entitled to receive income on behalf, or for the benefit of any person, such Court of Wards, Administrator General, Official Trustee, receiver, or manager shall be the representative of the person for the purposes of this Act.

(3) Subject to sub-section (4), where a person is a non-resident person, the representative of the persons for the purpose of this Act for a tax year shall be any person in Pakistan:

(a) who is employed by, or on behalf of, the non-resident person;
(b) who has any business connection with the non-resident person;
(c) from or through whom the non-resident person is in receipt of any income, whether directly or indirectly;
(d) who holds, or controls the receipt or disposal of any money belonging to the non-resident person;
(e) who is the trustee of the non-resident person; or
(f) who is declared by the [Commissioner] by an order in writing to be the representative of the non-resident person.

1 Substituted for “Collector” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance no. III of 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010, published in the official Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259.
(4) No person shall be declared as the representative of a non-resident person unless the person has been given an opportunity by the \[1\text{[Commissioner]}\] of being heard.]

58B. Liability and obligations of representatives.— (1) Every representative of a person shall be responsible for performing any duties or obligations imposed by or under this Act on the person, including the payment of tax.

(2) Subject to section 58 and sub-section (5) of this section, any tax that, by virtue of sub-section (1), is payable by a representative of a registered person shall be recoverable from the representative only to the extent of any assets of the registered person that are in the possession or under the control of the representative.

(3) Every representative of a registered person who pays any tax owing by the registered person shall be entitled to recover the amount so paid from the registered person or to retain the amount so paid out of any moneys of the registered person that are in the representative’s possession or under the representative’s control.

(4) Any representative, or any person who apprehends that he may be assessed as a representative, may retain out of any money payable by him to the person on whose behalf he is liable to pay tax (hereinafter in this section referred to as the “principal”), a sum equal to his estimated liability under this Act, and in the event of disagreement between the principal and such a representative or a person as to the amount to be so retained, such representative or person may obtain from the \[1\text{[Commissioner]}\] a certificate stating the amount to be so retained pending final determination of the tax liability, and the certificate so obtained shall be his authority for retaining that amount.

(5) Every representative shall be personally liable for the payment of any tax due by the representative in a representative capacity if, while the amount remains unpaid, the representative: –

(a) alienates, charges or disposes of any moneys received or accrued in respect of which the tax is payable; or

(b) disposes of or parts with any moneys or funds belonging to the person that is in the possession of the representative or which comes to the representative after the tax is payable, if such tax could legally have been paid from or out of such moneys or funds.
(6) Nothing in this section shall relieve any person from performing any duties imposed by or under this Act on the person which the representative of the person has failed to perform.]

1[59. Tax paid on stocks acquired before registration.— The tax 2[. . .] paid on goods purchased by a person who is subsequently required to be registered under section 14 due to new liabilities or levies or gets voluntary registration under 3[this Act or the rules made thereunder], shall be treated as input tax, provided that such goods were purchased by him from a registered person against an invoice issued under section 23 during a period of thirty days before making an application for registration and constitute his verifiable unsold stock on the date of compulsory registration or on the date of application for registration or for voluntary registration:

Provided that where a person imports goods, the tax paid by him thereon during a period of ninety days before making an application for registration shall be treated as an input tax subject to the condition that he holds the bill of entry relating to such goods and also that these are verifiable unsold or un-consumed stocks on the date of compulsory registration or on the date of application for registration or for voluntary registration.]

4[60. Powers to deliver certain goods without payment of tax.— Subject to such conditions, limitations or restrictions as it thinks fit to impose, Federal Government may authorise the 5[import] of goods or class of goods, without payment of the whole or any part of the tax payable thereon to the following persons, namely:—

(i) registered importers importing such goods temporarily with a view to subsequent exportation;

6[(ii) registered manufacturer-cum-exporters who import raw materials and intermediary products for further manufacture of goods meant for export;]

7[(iii) ***]

1Section 59 inserted by Finance Act, 1999. Earlier it was omitted by Finance Act, 1997. Earlier it was substituted through Finance Act, 1996.

2 Commas and words ―, other than the turnover tax‖ omitted by Finance Act, 2004.

3 Substituted for ―section 18‖ by Finance Act, 2004

4 Section 60 Substituted by Finance Act, 1998.

5 Substituted for ―delivery‖ by Finance Act, 1999

6 Clause (ii) substituted by the Finance Act, 1999.

7 Clause (iii) omitted by Finance Act, 1999.
61. **Repayment of tax in certain cases.**— Subject to such conditions, limitations or restrictions as it thinks fit to impose, the Board may authorise the repayment in whole or in part of the tax paid on any goods of such class or description as it may determine, which have been used in the production, manufacture, processing, repair or refitting in Pakistan of goods of such class or description as it may determine.

2**[61A. Repayment of tax to persons registered in Azad Jammu and Kashmir.**— Subject to such conditions, limitations or restrictions as it may deem fit to impose, the Board may authorize the repayment in whole or in part of the input tax paid on any goods acquired in or imported into Pakistan by the persons registered in Azad Jammu and Kashmir as are engaged in making of zero-rated supplies.]

62. **Drawback allowable on re-export.**— When any goods which have been imported into Pakistan and on which tax has been paid on importation are re-exported outside Pakistan and such goods as are capable of being identified, seven-eighth of such tax shall, except as otherwise hereinafter provided, be repaid as drawback, and the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969), relating to drawback of customs duties shall, so far as may be apply to such tax, as they apply for the purposes of that Act:

Provided that no such drawback shall be repaid unless the re-export is made within a period of two years from the date of importation as shown in the records of the Custom House:

Provided further that the Board may, on sufficient cause being shown, in any case extend the said period by a further period of one year.

63. **Drawback on goods taken into use between importation and re-exportation.**— Notwithstanding anything contained in section 62, the repayment of sales tax as drawback in respect of goods which have been taken into use between importation and re-exportation shall be subject to such orders, conditions or limitations as may be passed or imposed by the Board in each case,

(a) modifying the amount of tax which shall be repaid as drawback on any such goods or class of goods; or

(b) prohibiting the repayment of tax as drawback on any such goods or class of such goods; or

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1 Words “the importation of” omitted by Finance Ordinance, 2002

2 Section 61A inserted by Finance Act, 2008.
(c) varying the condition for the grant of drawback on any such goods or class of such goods by restricting the period after importation within which the goods must be re-exported.

64. **Power to declare what goods are identifiable and to prohibit drawback in case of specified foreign territory.**– The Federal Government may, from time to time, by notification in the official Gazette, prohibit the payment of drawback upon the exportation of goods or any specified goods or class of goods to any specified foreign port or territory.

65. **Exemption of tax not levied or short levied as a result of general practice.**– Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, if in respect of any supply the Federal Government is satisfied that inadvertently and as a general practice: –

(a) tax has not been charged in any area on any supply which was otherwise taxable, or according to the said practice the amount charged was less than the amount that should have actually been charged;

(b) the registered person did not recover any tax prior to the date it was discovered that the supply was liable to tax; and

(c) the registered person started paying the tax from the date when it was found that the supply was chargeable to tax;

it may, by a notification in the official Gazette, direct that the tax not levied or short levied as a result of that inadvertent practice, shall not be required to be paid for the period prior to the discovery of such inadvertent practice.

66. **Refund to be claimed within one year.**– No refund of tax claimed to have been paid or over paid through inadvertence, error or misconstruction or refund on account of input adjustment not claimed within the relevant tax period, shall be allowed, unless the claim is made within one year of the date of payment:

3\[Provided that in a case where a registered person did not deduct input tax within the relevant tax period, the [Commissioner] may, after satisfying himself that input tax

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1 Words inserted by Finance Act, 1998.
2 Substituted for the full-stop by Finance Ordinance, 2001
3 Prov. inserted by Finance Ordinance, 2002.
4 Substituted for “Collector” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010, published in the official Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259.
adjustment is due and admissible, allow the registered person to take such adjustment in the tax period as specified by the 4[Commissioner];

1[ Provided 2[ further] that in a case where the refund has become due on account of any decision or judgement of any officer of 3[Inland Revenue] or court or the Tribunal, the period of one year shall be reckoned from the date of judgement or decision of such officer, court or Tribunal 4[; ]]

Provided further that the application or claim filed under this section shall be disposed of within a period not exceeding ninety days from the date of filing of such application or claim.

5[Provided also that no refund shall be admissible under this section if incidence of tax has been passed directly or indirectly to the consumer.]

6[67. Delayed Refund.— Where a refund due under section 10 is not made within 7[the time specified in section 10 from the date] of filling of 8[refund claim], there shall be paid to the claimant in addition to the amount of refund due to him, a further sum equal to 9[KIBOR] per annum of the amount of refund due, from the date following the expiry of [the time specified 6[in this behalf]] [as aforesaid], to the day preceding the day of payment of refund:

Provided that where there is reason to believe that a person has claimed the refund which is not admissible to him, the provision regarding the payment of such additional amount shall not apply till the investigation of the claim is completed and the claim is either accepted or rejected.]

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2 Word inserted by Finance Ordinance, 2002.
3 Substituted for “sales tax” by Finance Act, 2010 w.e.f. June 5, 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance no. III of 2010, the same amendment was made by Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010, promulgated as Ordinance No. III of 2010, dated February 6, 2010, published in the official Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 23 to 53 and this amendment was made through Finance (amendment) Ordinance, 2009, promulgated as Ordinance No. XXII of 2009, dated October 28, 2009, published in the Gazette of Pakistan Extraordinary Part I at pages 229 to 259.
4 Substituted for full stop by Finance Act, 2005
5 Proviso inserted by Finance Act, 2011.
6 Section 67 substituted by Finance Act, 1996.
7 Substituted for “thirty days” by Finance Act, 1997
8 Substituted for “return” by Finance Act, 2007
9 Substituted for “Six percent” by Finance Act, 2009, earlier the word “six” was substituted for “fourteen” by the Finance Act, 2004, before that it was substituted for “ten” by Finance Supplementary (Amendment) Act, 1997. Which came into force on March 28, 1997, prior to this it was substituted by Sales Tax (Second Amendment) Ordinance 1996, dated 2nd November, 1996.
68. **Liability of the registered person for the acts of his agent.**— When any person is expressly or impliedly authorised by a registered person to be his agent for all or any of the purposes of this Act, the registered person shall be responsible for the act done by his agent.

69. **Issuance of duplicate of sales tax documents.**— An officer of [Inland Revenue not below the rank of Assistant Commissioner] may, on payment of one hundred rupees, issue an attested duplicate of any sales tax document as is available with the department or has been filed under this Act or rules made thereunder to a relevant registered person applying for the same.

70. **Computation of limitation period.**— In computing the period of limitation prescribed for any appeal or application under this Act, the day on which the order complained of was served and, if the concerned person was not furnished with a copy of the order, the time requisite for obtaining a copy of such order shall be excluded.

71. **Special procedure.**— (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the Federal Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, prescribe special procedure for scope and payment of tax, registration, book keeping and invoicing requirements and returns, etc. in respect of such supplies as may be specified therein.

(2) ***

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or any other law for the time being in force or any decision of any court, the trade enrolment Certificate Schemes immediately in force before the commencement of the Finance Act, 1999, shall be deemed to be validly made under this Act.

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1 Section 69 substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.
2 Substituted for the words “Sales Tax not below the rank of Assistant Collector” by the Finance Act, 2010
3 Section 71 inserted by Finance supplementary (Amendment) Act, 1997, which came into force on March 28, 1997. Earlier the same amendment was made by Sales Tax (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 1996 and by Sales Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 1997.
4 Section 71 re-numbered as sub-section (1) by Finance Act, 1999
6 Sub-section (3) inserted by Finance Act, 1999.
1[72. Officers of Sales Tax] to follow Board’s orders, etc.– All officers of Inland Revenue and other persons employed in the execution of this Act shall observe and follow the orders, instructions and directions of the Board:

Provided that no such orders, instructions or directions shall be given so as to interfere with the discretion of officers of Inland Revenue in the exercise of their quasi-judicial functions.]

3[72A. Reference to the authorities.– Any reference to the Collector, Additional Collector, Deputy Collector, Assistant Collector, Superintendent, Senior Auditor and an officer of Sales Tax wherever occur in this Act and rules, notifications, clarifications general orders or order made or issued there under, shall be construed as reference to the Commissioner Inland Revenue, Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue, Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue, Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue, Inland Revenue Audit Officer and an officer of Inland Revenue, respectively.]

4[72B. Selection of audit by the Board.– (1) The Board may selects persons or classes of persons for audit of tax affairs through computer ballot which may be random or parametric as the Board may deem fit.

(2) Audit of tax affairs of persons selected under sub-section (1) shall be conducted as per procedure given in section 25 and all the provisions of this Act shall apply accordingly.

(3) For the removal of doubt, it is hereby declared that the Board shall be deemed always to have had, the power to select any persons or classes of persons for audit of tax affairs through computer ballot which may be random or parametric as the Board may deem fit.

1Sub-section (3) inserted by Finance Act, 1999.
2Section 72 inserted by Finance Act, 1998.
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

1[72C. Reward to Inland Revenue Officers and Officials.— (1) In cases involving concealment or evasion of sales tax and other taxes, cash reward shall be sanctioned to the officers and officials of Inland Revenue for their meritorious conduct in such cases and to the informer providing credible information leading to such detection, as may be prescribed by the Board, only after realization of part or whole of a taxes involve in such cases.

(2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, prescribed the procedure in this behalf and specify the apportionment of reward sanctioned under this section for individual performance or to collective welfare of the officers and officials of Inland Revenue.]

2[72D. Reward to whistleblowers.— (1) The Board may sanction reward to whistleblowers in cases of concealment or evasion of tax, tax fraud, corruption or misconduct providing credible information leading to such detection of evasion of tax fraud.

(2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, prescribe the procedure in this behalf and also specify the apportionment of reward sanctioned under this section for whistleblowers.

(3) The claim for reward by the whistleblower shall be rejected, if-

(a) the information provided is of no value;

(b) the Board already had the information;

(c) the information was available in public records; or

(d) no collection of taxes is made from the information provided from which the Board can pay the reward.

(4) For the purpose of this section, “whistleblower” means a person who reports concealment or evasion of sales tax and tax fraud leading to detection or collection of taxes, fraud, corruption or misconduct, to the competent authority having power to take action

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1Section 72C substituted by Finance Act, 2013.

2 Section 72D added by Finance Act, 2015.
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

against the person or a sales tax authority committing fraud, corruption, misconduct, or involved in concealment or evasion of taxes.]

1[73. Certain transactions not admissible.— (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or any other law for the time being in force, payment of the amount for a transaction exceeding value of fifty thousand rupees, excluding payment against a utility bill, shall be made by a crossed cheque drawn on a bank or by crossed bank draft or crossed pay order or any other crossed banking instrument showing transfer of the amount of the sales tax invoice in favour of the supplier from the business bank account of the buyer 2:]

3[Provided that online transfer of payment from the business account of buyer to the business account of supplier as well as payments through credit card shall be treated as transactions through the banking channel, subject to the condition that such transactions are verifiable from the bank statements of the respective buyer and the supplier.]

(2) The buyer shall not be entitled to claim input tax credit, adjustment or deduction, or refund, repayment or draw-back or zero-rating of tax under this Act if payment for the amount is made otherwise than in the manner prescribed in sub-section (1), provided that payment in case of a transaction on credit is so transferred within one hundred and eighty days of issuance of the tax invoice.

(3) The amount transferred in terms of this section shall be deposited in the business bank account of the supplier, otherwise the supplier shall not be entitled to claim input tax credit, adjustment or deduction, or refund, repayment or draw-back or zero-rating of tax under this Act.

Explanation— For the purpose of this section, the term “business bank account” shall mean a bank account utilized by the registered person for business transactions, declared to the 4[Commissioner] in whose jurisdiction he is registered 5[through Form STR-1 or change of particulars in registration database.]]

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1 Section 73 substituted by Finance Act, 2004. Earlier it was substituted by Finance Act, 2003, which was inserted by Tax Laws (Amendments) Ordinance, 1999.
2 Substituted for full stop by Finance Act, 2005
3 Proviso inserted by Finance Act, 2005.
5 Words inserted by Finance Act, 2013.
74. **Condonation of time-limit.**– Where any time or period has been specified under any of the provisions of the Act or rules made thereunder within which any application is to be made or any act or thing is to be done, the Board may, in any case or class of cases, permit such application to be made or such act or thing to be done within such time or period as it may consider appropriate:

Provided that the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, and subject to such limitations or conditions as may be specified therein, empower any Commissioner to exercise the powers under this section in any case or class of cases.

**Explanation.**– For the purpose of this section, the expression “any act or thing is to be done” includes any act or thing to be done by the registered person or by the authorities specified in section 30 of this Act.

75. **Application of the provisions of Act IV of 1969 to Sales Tax.**– The Federal Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, declare that any of the provision of the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969), relating to the levy of, and exemption from, customs duties, draw-back of duty, warehousing, confiscation, and procedure relating to offences and appeals shall, with such modifications and alterations as it may consider necessary or desirable to adapt them to the circumstances, be applicable in regard to like matters in respect of the tax imposed by section 3.
## The Sales Tax Act, 1990

### SCHEDULES

#### The FIRST SCHEDULE

1 [***]

#### The SECOND SCHEDULE

2 [***]

#### The THIRD SCHEDULE

See 4 [clause (a)] of sub-section (2) of section 3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Heading Nos. of the First Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>Fruit juices and vegetable juices</td>
<td>20.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Ice Cream.</td>
<td>21.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Aerated waters or beverages.</td>
<td>22.01 and 20.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Syrups and squashes.</td>
<td>Respective headings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Cigarettes.</td>
<td>2402.2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Toilet soap</td>
<td>3401.1100 and 3401.2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Detergents</td>
<td>3402.2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Shampoo</td>
<td>3305.1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Toothpaste</td>
<td>3306.1010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Shaving cream</td>
<td>3307.1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Perfumery and cosmetics</td>
<td>Respective sub-headings of 33.03 and 33.04.]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>***</td>
<td></td>
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<td>13</td>
<td>***</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Tea</td>
<td>Respective sub-headings of 09.02</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 The first schedule omitted by Finance Supplementary (Amendment) Act, 1997, with effect from March 28, 1997.
3 The Third Schedule Substituted by Finance Act, 1998, earlier it was inserted by Finance Act, 1996.
4 Substituted for the words, brackets and letter “clause (c)” by Finance Ordinance, 2002
5 Serial No.6 and entries relating thereto substituted by Finance Act, 2005, earlier these were inserted by Sales Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2002, dated March 21, 2002.
6 Serial No.7 to 11 and entries relating thereto added by Finance Act, 2005
7 Serial No.12 to 13 and entries relating thereto omitted by Finance Act, 2008
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Tax</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Powder drinks</td>
<td>21.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Milky drinks</td>
<td>2106.9090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Toilet paper and tissue paper</td>
<td>4818.1000 and 4818.2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Spices sold in retail packing bearing brand names and trade marks</td>
<td>09.04, 09.06, 09.08 and 09.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>***</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>***</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Shoe polish and shoe cream</td>
<td>3405.1010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>***</td>
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<tr>
<td>23</td>
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<td>31</td>
<td>***</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Fertilizers</td>
<td>Respective heading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>Cement sold in retail packing</td>
<td>Respective heading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>***</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>***</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>***</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The FOURTH SCHEDULE

1 Serial No.14 to 16 and entries relating thereto added by Finance Act, 2005
2 Serial No.17 and entries relating thereto added by Finance Act, 2005
3 Serial No.18 to 21 and entries relating thereto added by Finance Act, 2006
4 Serial No.19 to 20 and entries relating thereto omitted by Finance Act, 2008
5 Serial Nos. 22 to 36 added by Finance Act, 2013
"The Sales Tax Act, 1990"

1[The
FIFTH SCHEDULE
[See section 4]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
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<tr>
<td>(2)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. (i) Supply, repair or maintenance of any ship which is neither;
   (a) a ship of gross tonnage of less than 15 LDT; nor
   (b) a ship designed or adapted for use for recreation or pleasure.
(ii) Supply, repair or maintenance of any aircraft which is neither;
   (a) an aircraft of weight-less than 8000 kilograms; nor
   (b) an aircraft designed or adapted for use for recreation or pleasure.
(iii) Supply of spare parts and equipment for ships and aircraft falling under (i)
      and (ii) above.
(iv) Supply of equipment and machinery for pilot age, salvage or towage services.
(v) Supply of equipment and machinery for air navigation services.
(vi) Supply of equipment and machinery for other services provided for the
     handling of ships or aircraft in a port or Customs Airport.

2. Supply to diplomats, diplomatic missions, privileged persons and privileged organizations
   which are covered under various Acts, Orders, Rules, Regulations and Agreements passed
   by the Parliament or issued or agreed by the Government of Pakistan.

3. Supplies to duty free shops, provided that in case of clearance from duty free shops
   against various baggage rules issued under the Customs Act, 1969, (IV of 1969), the
   supplies from duty free shops shall be treated as import for the purpose of levy of sales
   tax.

4. Supply of raw materials [components and goods for further] manufacture of goods in
   the Export Processing Zones.

5. Supplies of such locally manufactured plant and machinery to petroleum and gas sector
   Exploration and Production companies, their contractors and sub-contractors as may be
   specified by the Federal Government, by notification in the official Gazette, subject to such
   conditions and restrictions as may be specified in such notification.]

1 Fifth Schedule added by Finance Act, 1996.
2 Serial Nos. 3 and 4 added by Finance Supplementary (Amendment) Act, 1997, with effect from March 28, 1997.
3 Serial No. 4 and entry relating thereto omitted by Finance Act, 2012
4 Serial No. 5 added by the Finance Act, 1997.
5 Substituted for the words “and components for” by the Sales Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 1999
6 Serial No. 6 added by the Finance Act, 2001.
7 Words “to the Export Processing Zones and” omitted by Finance Act, 2015.
8 The words “and to petroleum and gas….” inserted by the Finance Ordinance, 2002.
Supplies of locally manufactured plant and machinery of the following specifications, to manufacturers in the Export Processing Zone, subject to the conditions, restrictions and procedure given below, namely:-

(i) Plant and machinery, operated by power of any description, as is used for the manufacture or production of goods by that manufacturer;

(ii) Apparatus, appliances and equipments specifically meant or adapted for use in conjunction with the machinery specified in clause (i);

(iii) Mechanical and electrical control and transmission gear, meant or adapted for use in conjunction with machinery specified in clause (i); and

(iv) Parts of machinery as specified in clauses (i), (ii) and (iii), identifiable for use in or with such machinery.

Conditions, restrictions and procedures:-

(a) the supplier of the machinery is registered under the Act;

(b) proper bill of export is filed showing registration number;

(c) the purchaser of the machinery is an established manufacturer located in the Export Processing Zone and holds a certificate from the Export Processing Zone Authority to that effect;

(d) the purchaser submits an indemnity bond in proper form to the satisfaction of the concerned Commissioner Inland Revenue that the machinery shall, without prior permission from the said Commissioner, not be sold, transferred or otherwise moved out of the Export Processing Zone before a period of five years from the date of entry into the Zone;

(e) if the machinery is brought to tariff area of Pakistan, sales tax shall be charged on the value assessed on the bill of entry; and

(f) breach of any of the conditions specified herein shall attract legal action under the relevant provisions of the Act, besides recovery of the amount of sales tax along with default surcharge and penalties involved.

Supplies made to exporters under the Duty and Tax Remission Rules, 2001 subject to the observance of procedures, restrictions and conditions prescribed therein.

Imports or supplies made to Gawadar Special Economic Zone, excluding vehicles falling under heading 87.02 of the Pakistan Customs Tariff, subject to such conditions, limitations and restrictions as the [Board] may impose.
### The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Goods exempted under section 13, if exported by a manufacturer “[***].”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Petroleum Crude Oil (PCT heading 2709.0000).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Raw materials, components, sub-components and parts, if imported or purchased locally for use in the manufacturing of such plants and machinery as is chargeable to sales tax at the rate of zero percent, subject to the condition that the importer or purchaser of such goods holds a valid sales tax registration showing his registration category as “manufacturer”; and in case of import, all the conditions, restrictions, limitations and procedures as are imposed by notification under section 19 of the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969), shall apply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>The following goods and the raw materials, packing materials, sub-components, components, sub-assemblies and assemblies imported or purchased locally for the manufacture of the said goods, subject to the conditions, limitations and restrictions as specified in Chapter XIV of the Sales Tax Special Procedure Rules, 2007:--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(i) Colors in sets (PCT heading 3213.1000).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) Writing, drawing and marking inks (PCT heading 3215.9010 and 3215.9090)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(iii) Erasers (PCT heading 4016.9210 and 4016.9290)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(iv) Exercise books (PCT heading 4820.2000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(v) Pencil sharpeners (PCT heading 8214.1000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(vi) Geometry boxes (PCT heading 9017.2000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(vii) Pens, ball pens, markers and porous tipped pens (PCT heading 96.08)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(viii) Pencils including color pencils (PCT heading 96.09)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ix) Milk (^3)[…] (PCT heading 04.01 (^4)[…])</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^1\) S. Nos. 9 to 12 and entries relating thereto inserted by Finance Act, 2014

\(^2\) Words “who makes local supplies of both taxable and exempt goods” omitted by Finance Act, 2015.

\(^3\) Words “including flavored milk” omitted by Finance Act, 2015.

\(^4\) Word and figure “and 0402.9900” omitted by Finance Act, 2015.

\(^5\) Clauses (x) to (xvi) omitted by Finance Act, 2015.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(xi)</th>
<th>...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(xvii) Fat filled milk (PCT heading 1901.9090)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(xviii) Bicycles (PCT heading 87.12).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

1[SIXTH SCHEDULE

[See section 13(1)]

Table-1
(Imports or Supplies)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial No</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Heading Nos. of the First Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Live Animals <code>[and live poultry.]</code></td>
<td>![3][0101.2100, 0101.3100], 0101.9000, 0102.1010, ![4][0102.2110], ![5][0102.2120], ![6][0102.2130], ![7][0102.2190], ![8][0102.3900], ![9][0102.2910], ![10][0102.2920], ![11][0102.2930], ![12][0102.2990, 0102.9000], 0104.1000, 0104.2000, 0105.1100, 0105.1200, 0105.1900, ![13][0105.9400], 0105.9900, 0106.1100, 0106.1200, 0106.1900, 0106.2000, 0106.3110, 0106.3190, 0106.3200, 0106.3900 and 0106.9000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Meat of bovine animals, sheep and goat, excluding poultry and offal, whether or not fresh, frozen or otherwise, preserved.</td>
<td>![14][02.01, 02.02 and 02.04.]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Fish and crustaceans excluding live fish whether or not fresh, frozen or otherwise preserved.</td>
<td>![15][03.02, 03.03, 03.04, 03.05 and 03.06]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1Sixth Schedule substituted by Finance Act, 2005. Earlier it was substituted by Finance Act, 1998. Originally it was inserted by Finance Act, 1996.

2The words added by Finance Act, 2007.

3Substituted for PCT heading “0101.1000” by Finance Act, 2012

4Substituted for “0102.1020” by Finance Act, 2012

5Substituted for “0102.1030” by Finance Act, 2012

6Substituted for “0102.1040” by Finance Act, 2012

7Substituted for “0102.1090” by Finance Act, 2012

8Substituted for “0102.9040” by Finance Act, 2012

9Substituted for “0102.9090” by Finance Act, 2012

10Substituted for “0102.9030” by Finance Act, 2012

11Substituted for “0102.9040” by Finance Act, 2012

12Substituted for “0102.9090” by Finance Act, 2012

13Substituted for the figures and comma “0105.9200, 0105.9300” by Finance Act, 2007

14Substituted by Finance Act, 2007

15S. No. 3 substituted by Finance Act, 2007.
### The Sales Tax Act, 1990

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<td>10</td>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Eggs including eggs for hatching <em>[407.1100, 407.1900] and [407.2100, 407.2900]</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Live plants including bulbs, <em>[4][roots and the like.]</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Edible vegetables including roots and tubers, *[5][except ware potato and onions], whether fresh, frozen or otherwise preserved (e.g. in cold storage) but excluding those bottled *[6][or] canned <em>[7][</em>**].</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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1. S. Nos. 4 to10 and entries relating thereto omitted by Finance Act, 2006
2. Substituted for PCT heading “0407.0010” by the Finance Act, 2012
5. The words inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.
7. The words “or package” omitted by the Finance Act, 2008.
8. The figure and comma “0701.9000,” omitted by the Finance Act, 2009
9. The figure and comma “0703.1000,” omitted by the Finance Act, 2009
10. Substituted for the figure and comma “0709.5200, 0709.5900” by the Finance Act, 2007
11. Substituted for the figure and comma “0713.2000” by the Finance Act, 2009
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Red chillies excluding those sold in retail packing bearing brand names and trademarks.</td>
<td>[3][0904.2110] and [3][0904.2210]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17.</td>
<td>Ginger excluding those sold in retail packing bearing brand names and trademarks.</td>
<td>0910.1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.</td>
<td>Turmeric excluding those sold in retail packing bearing brand names and trademarks.</td>
<td>0910.3000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.</td>
<td>![Cereals and products of milling industry.](1104.2200, 1104.2300, 1104.2900 and 1104.3000)](1104.2200, 1104.2300, 1104.2900 and 1104.3000)</td>
<td>[3][1001.1000, 1001.9000, 1002.0000, 1003.0000, 1004.0000, 1005.1000, 1005.9000, 1006.1000, 1006.2000, 1006.3010, 1006.3090, 1006.4000, 1007.0000, 1008.1000, 1008.2000, 1008.3000, 1008.9000, 1101.0010, 1101.0020, 1102.1000, 1102.2000, 1102.3000, 1102.9000, 1103.1100, 1103.1300, 1103.1900, 1103.2100, 1103.3000, 1103.4000, 1103.4020 and 1103.4090]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

1 Substituted for the comma by the Finance Act, 2008
2 The words “or packaged” omitted by the Finance Act, 2008
3 Substituted for PCT heading “0808.2000” by the Finance Act, 2012
4 The figures and comma “0810.3000,” omitted by the Finance Act, 2007
5 Substituted for PCT heading “0904.2010” by the Finance Act, 2012
6 Substituted for PCT heading “0904.2020” by the Finance Act, 2012
7 Substituted for “Cereals whether or not milled, hulled, polished, packed for retail sale.” by the Finance Act, 2007.
8 Substituted for “1006.1000” by the Finance Act, 2009
9 Figure and comma “1006.1010,” omitted by the Finance Act, 2015
10 Substituted for the words and figures “and respective headings of 1104” by the Finance Act, 2007
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Tariff Item</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>20.</td>
<td>Seeds, fruit and spores of a kind used for sowing.</td>
<td>1[1006.1010, 1209.1010, 1209.2100, 1209.2200, 1209.2300, 1209.2400, 1209.2500, 1209.3000, 1209.9110, 1209.9120, 1209.9130, 1209.9190 and 1209.9900]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.</td>
<td>Cinchona bark.</td>
<td>1211.9000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.</td>
<td>Sugar beet.</td>
<td>1212.9100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23.</td>
<td>Sugar cane.</td>
<td>7[1212.9990]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24.</td>
<td>Edible oils and vegetable ghee, including cooking oil, on which Federal Excise Duty is charged, levied and collected 8[by a registered manufacturer or importer] as if it were a tax payable under section 3 of the Act.</td>
<td>1507.9000, 1508.9000, 1509.1000, 1509.9000, 1510.0000, 6[1511.1000, 7[<strong><em>], 1511.9020, 1511.9030, 1512.1900, 1513.1900, 1513.1990, 1514.1900, 1514.9900, 1515.2900, 1515.5000, 1516.2010, 1516.2020 8[</em>, 1517.1000]], 9[</strong>*], 1517.9000 and 1518.0000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Explanation.– Exemption of this entry shall not be available to distributors, wholesalers or retailers.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25.</td>
<td>***</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27.</td>
<td>Ice and waters excluding those for sale under brand names or trademarks.</td>
<td>2201.1010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28.</td>
<td>***</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29.</td>
<td>Table salt including iodized salt excluding salt sold in retail packing bearing brand names and trademarks.</td>
<td>2501.0010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29A</td>
<td>***</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Substituted for the figure “1209.1000” by Finance Act, 2015
2 The figures and comma “1209.2600,” omitted by Finance Act, 2007
3 Substituted for the figure “1212.9900” by Finance Act, 2009
4 The words inserted by the Finance Act, 2007
5 Explanation inserted by the Finance Act, 2007
6 The figure and comma inserted by the Finance Act, 2014
7 The figure and comma “1511.9010” omitted by the Finance Act, 2007
8 The comma and figure inserted by Finance Act, 2008
9 The figure and comma “1517.1000” omitted by the Finance Act, 2007
10 S. No. 25 and the entries relating thereto omitted by the Finance Act, 2013
11 Serial No. 28 and entries relating thereto omitted by Finance Act, 2015
12 S. Nos. 29A and 29B omitted by the Finance Act, 2011
### The Sales Tax Act, 1990

**29B.** ***

**29C.** Glass bangles 7020.0090

**30.** ***

31. Holy Quran, complete or in parts, with or without translation; Quranic Verses recorded on any analogue or digital media; other Holy books.

32. Newsprint, newspapers, journals, periodicals, books **[***]** but excluding directories.

33. Currency notes, bank notes, shares, stocks and bonds.

34. ***

35. ***

36. Silver, in unworked condition.

37. Gold, in un-worked condition.

38. Monetary gold.

39. ***

40. ***

41. ***

42. ***

43. ***

44. ***

45. Dextrose and saline infusion giving sets 9018.3910, 9018.3920, 9021.3100,

---

1 S. No. 29C inserted by the Finance Act, 2007

2 S. No. 30 omitted by the Finance Act, 2011

3 Substituted for the words and figures ―4901.9910 and respective headings of 85.24‖ by the Finance Act, 2007

4 Substituted for PCT heading “8523.4010” by Finance Act, 2012

5 Substituted for PCT heading “8523.4030” by Finance Act, 2012

6 Substituted for PCT heading “8523.4090” by Finance Act, 2012

7 Substituted for the word “Newspapers” by the Finance Act, 2009

8 The comma, word and full stop “, etc.” omitted by the Finance Act, 2008

9 The figures, full stop and comma inserted by the Finance Act, 2009

10 Substituted for the figures and comma “4902.1010, 4902.1090, 4902.9010, 4902.9090” by the Finance Act, 2009

11 S. Nos. 34 & 35 omitted by the Finance Act, 2011

12 Substituted for the word and figures “7106.1000 and 7106.9100” by the Finance Act, 2007

13 Substituted for the word and figures “7106.1100 and 7106.1200” by the Finance Act, 2007

14 The word and figures added by the Finance Act, 2007

15 S. No. 39 and entries relating thereto omitted by Finance Act, 2015

16 S. No. 40 omitted by the Finance Act, 2006

17 S. Nos. 41 to 44 omitted by the Finance Act, 2011
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1[***] along with empty non-toxic bags for infusion solution, Dextrose and saline infusion giving sets, Artificial parts of the body, Intra-Ocular lenses and Glucose testing equipment.</td>
<td>^2[9021.3900] and 9027.8000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46.</td>
<td>[Goods imported by various agencies of the United Nations, diplomats, diplomatic missions, privileged persons and privileged organizations which are covered under various Acts and, Orders, rules and regulations made thereunder; and agreements by the Federal Government provided that such goods are charged to zero-rate of customs duty under Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969), and the conditions laid therein] 99.01, 99.02, 99.03 and 99.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47.</td>
<td>Import of articles of household and personal effects including vehicles and also the goods for donation to projects established in Pakistan imported by any of the rulers of Gulf Sheikhdoms who is in possession of residential accommodation in Pakistan and goods including vehicles by the United Arab Emirates dignitaries as are listed in column (2) against heading No. 99.05 in column (1) of the First Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969) for their personal use and for donation to welfare projects established in Pakistan subject to the similar conditions as are envisaged for the purposes of applying zero-rate of customs duty on such goods under the said Act. 99.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48.</td>
<td>Goods imported or supplied under grants-in-aid for which a specific consent has been obtained from the ^4[Board]; supplies and imports under agreements signed by the Government of Pakistan before the 30th June, 1996, provided the agreements contained the provision for exemption of tax at the time of signing of agreement. 99.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49.</td>
<td>Import of all goods received, in the event of a natural disaster or other catastrophe, as gifts and relief consignments, including goods imported for the President’s Fund for Afghan Refugees, relief goods donated 99.07, 99.08 and 99.11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 The word “imported” omitted by the Finance Act, 2007
2 Substituted for the figures “9201.3900” by the Finance Act, 2007
3 Substituted by the Finance Act, 2007
4 Substituted for the words “Central Board of Revenue” by Finance Act, 2007
for Afghan Refugees, gifts for President’s Fund for Assistance of Palestine and gifts received by Pakistani organizations from Church World Services or the Catholic Relief Services subject to the similar conditions as are envisaged for the purposes of applying zero-rate of customs duty under the Custom Act, 1969.

50. Articles imported through post as unsolicited gifts, subject to the same conditions as are envisaged for the purposes of applying zero-rate of customs duty under the Customs Act, 1969. (IV of 1969).

51. Imported samples, subject to the same conditions as are envisaged for the purposes of applying zero-rate of customs duty under the Customs Act, 1969. (IV of 1969).

52. Goods imported by or donated to hospitals run by the Federal Government or a Provincial Government; and non-profit making educational and research institutions subject to the similar restrictions, limitations, conditions and procedures as are envisaged for the purpose of applying zero-rate of customs duty on such goods under the Customs Act, 1969, (IV of 1969).

53. Import of all such gifts as are received, and such equipment for fighting tuberculosis, leprosy, AIDS and cancer and such equipment and apparatus for the rehabilitation of the deaf, the blind, crippled or mentally retarded as are purchased or otherwise secured by a charitable non-profit making institution solely for the purpose of advancing declared objectives of such institution, subject to the similar conditions as are envisaged for the purposes of applying zero-rate of customs duty under the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969).

54. Educational, scientific and cultural

1 Serial No. 52A and entries relating thereto inserted by the Finance Act, 2008
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>55.</td>
<td>Import of replacement goods supplied free of cost in lieu of defective goods imported, subject to similar conditions as are envisaged for the purposes of applying zero-rate of customs duty under the Customs Act, 1969.</td>
<td>99.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56.</td>
<td>Omitted.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57.</td>
<td>Goods (including dry fruits imported from Afghanistan) temporarily imported into Pakistan, meant for subsequent exportation charged to zero-rate of customs duty subject to the similar restrictions, limitations, conditions and procedures as are envisaged for the purpose of applying zero-rate of customs duty on such goods under the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969).</td>
<td>99.19, 99.20 and 99.21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58.</td>
<td>Import of ship stores, subject to the procedures, conditions and restrictions as may be specified by the Collector of Customs in this behalf including those consignments of such stores that have been released without charging sales tax since the 1st July, 1998, but excluding such consignments of ship stores as have been cleared on payment of sales tax.</td>
<td>99.22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Serial No. 56 and entries relating thereto omitted by Finance Act, 2015

2 Substituted for the word “and” by the Finance Act, 2008

3 The comma and words inserted by the Finance Act 2014

4 Substituted for the word and figures “and 99.25” by the Finance Act, 2008

5 The comma and figure inserted by the Finance Act 2014
equipment (balloons, catheters, wires and stents), subject to the similar conditions and procedures as are envisaged for the purpose of applying zero-rate of customs duty on these goods under the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969).

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>60.</td>
<td>Contraceptives and accessories thereof.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61.</td>
<td>Goods produced or manufactured in and exported from Pakistan which are subsequently imported in Pakistan within one year of their exportation, provided conditions of section 22 of the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969), are complied with.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62.</td>
<td>***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63.</td>
<td>Personal wearing apparel and bona fide baggage imported by overseas Pakistanis and tourists, if imported under various baggage rules and is exempt from Customs duties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64.</td>
<td>***</td>
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<tr>
<td>65.</td>
<td>***</td>
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<tr>
<td>66.</td>
<td>***</td>
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<tr>
<td>67.</td>
<td>***</td>
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<tr>
<td>68.</td>
<td>***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69.</td>
<td>***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70.</td>
<td>***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71.</td>
<td>Goods and services purchased by non-resident entrepreneurs and in trade fairs and exhibitions subject to reciprocity and such conditions and restrictions as may be specified by the Board.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72.</td>
<td>Uncooked poultry Meat 02.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73.</td>
<td>Milk 04.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73A.</td>
<td>Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar or other sweetening matter, excluding that sold in retail packing under a brand name 04.01 and 04.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74.</td>
<td>Flavored milk, excluding that sold in retail packing under a brand name 0402.9900</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Substituted for the words “Respective headings” by the Finance Act, 2007
2. S. No. 62 omitted by the Finance Act, 2011
3. S. Nos. 64 to 70 omitted by the Finance Act, 2011
4. S. No. 71 inserted by the Finance Act, 2008
5. S. Nos. 72 to 116 inserted by the Finance Act, 2014
6. Substituted for S. Nos. 73 to 80 by Finance Act, 2015
### The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>HS Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>75.</td>
<td>Yogurt, excluding that sold in retail packing under a brand name</td>
<td>0403.1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76.</td>
<td>Whey, excluding that sold in retail packing under a brand name</td>
<td>04.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77.</td>
<td>Butter, excluding that sold in retail packing under a brand name</td>
<td>0405.1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78.</td>
<td>Desi ghee, excluding that sold in retail packing under a brand name</td>
<td>0405.9000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>79.</td>
<td>Cheese, excluding that sold in retail packing under a brand name</td>
<td>0406.1010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80.</td>
<td>Processed cheese not grated or powdered, excluding that sold in retail packing under a brand name</td>
<td>0406.3000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81.</td>
<td>Cotton seed</td>
<td>1207.2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82.</td>
<td>Frozen prepared or preserved sausages and similar products of poultry meat or meat offal</td>
<td>1601.0000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>83.</td>
<td>Meat and similar products of prepared frozen or preserved meat or meat offal of all types including poultry, meat and fish.</td>
<td>1602.3200, 1602.3900, 1602.5000, 1604.1100, 1604.1200, 1604.1300, 1604.1400, 1604.1500, 1604.1600, 1604.1900, 1604.2010, 1604.2020, 1604.2090, 1604.3000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84.</td>
<td>Preparations for infant use, put up for retail sale</td>
<td>1901.1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85.</td>
<td>Fat filled milk</td>
<td>1901.9090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>86.</td>
<td>Colors in sets(Poster colors)</td>
<td>3213.1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87.</td>
<td>Writing, drawing and making inks</td>
<td>3215.9010 and 3215.9090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88.</td>
<td>Erasers</td>
<td>4016.9210 and 4016.9290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>89.</td>
<td>Exercise books</td>
<td>4820.2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90.</td>
<td>Pencil sharpeners</td>
<td>8214.1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91.</td>
<td>Energy saver lamps</td>
<td>8539.3910</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>92.</td>
<td>Sewing machines of the household type</td>
<td>8452.1010 and 8452.1090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>93.</td>
<td>Bicycles</td>
<td>87.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>94.</td>
<td>Wheelchairs</td>
<td>8713.1000 and 8713.9000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95.</td>
<td>Vessels for breaking up</td>
<td>89.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96.</td>
<td>Other drawing, marking out or mathematical calculating instruments(geometry box)</td>
<td>9017.2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97.</td>
<td>Pens and ball pens</td>
<td>96.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98.</td>
<td>Pencils including color pencils</td>
<td>96.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99.</td>
<td>Compost(non-commercial fertilizer) produced and supplied locally</td>
<td>Respective Heading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100.</td>
<td>Construction materials to Gawadar Export processing Zone’s investors and to Export Processing Zone Gawadar for development of Zone’s infrastructure</td>
<td>Respective headings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101.</td>
<td>Raw and pickled hides and skins, wet blue hides and skins, finished leather, and accessories, components and trimmings, if imported by a registered leather goods</td>
<td>Respective headings</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>102.</td>
<td>Machinery, equipment and materials imported either for exclusive use within the limits of Export Processing Zone or for making exports therefrom, and goods imported for warehousing purpose in Export Processing Zone, subject to the conditions that such machinery, equipment, materials and goods are imported by investors of Export Processing Zones, and all the procedures, limitations and restrictions as are applicable on such goods under the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969) and rules made thereunder shall <em>mutatis mutandis</em>, apply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>103.</td>
<td>Import and supply thereof, up to the year 2020, of ships of gross tonnage of less than 15 LDT and all floating crafts including tugs, dredgers, survey vessels and other specialized crafts purchased or bare-boat chartered by a Pakistan entity and flying the Pakistan flag, except ships or crafts acquired for demolition purposes or are designed or adapted for use for recreation or pleasure purposes, subject to the condition that such ships or crafts are used only for the purpose for which they were procured and in case such ships or crafts are used only for the purpose for which they were procured, and in case such ships or crafts are used for demolition purposes within a period of five years of their acquisition, sales tax applicable to such ships purchased for demolition purposes shall be chargeable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 104. | Substances registered as drugs under the Drugs Act, 1976 (XXXI of 1976) and medicaments as are classifiable under chapter 30 of the First Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969) except the following, even if medicated or medicinal in nature, namely:-

(a) filled infusion solution bags imported with or without...
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

| 105. | Raw materials for the basic manufacture of pharmaceutical active ingredients and for manufacture of pharmaceutical products, provided that in case of import, only such raw materials shall be entitled to exemption which are liable to customs duty not exceeding ten per cent ad valorem, either under the First Schedule [or Fifth Schedule] to the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969) or under a notification issued under section 19 thereof. | Respective headings. |
| 106. | Import of *Halal* edible offal of bovine animals | 0206.1000, 0206.2000, 0206.8000 and 0206.9000 |
| 107. | Import and supply of iodized salt bearing brand names and trademarks whether or not sold in retail packing. | 2501.0010 |
| 108. | Components or sub-components of energy saver lamps, namely:- | |
|      | (a) Electronic Circuit | 8539.9040 |
|      | (b) Plastic Caps (upper and lower) | 8539.9040 |
|      | (c) Base Caps B22 and E27 | 8539.9040 |
|      | (d) Tungsten Filaments | 8539.9040 |
|      | (e) Lead-in-wire | 8539.9040 |
|      | (f) Fluorescent powder (Tri Band Phospher) | 3206.5010 |
|      | (g) Adhesive Additive | 3824.9099 |
|      | (h) Al-oxide Suspension | 3824.9099 |
|      | (i) Capping Cement | 3214.1050 |
|      | (j) Stamp Pad Ink | 3215.9010 |

1 Inserted by Finance Act, 2015
<p>| | | |</p>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(k) Gutter for Suspension</td>
<td>2850.0000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>109.</td>
<td>Goods imported temporarily with a view to subsequent, exportation as concurred by the Board, including passenger service item, provision and stores of Pakistani Airlines.</td>
<td>Respective Headings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110.</td>
<td>The following items with dedicated use of renewable source of energy like solar and wind, subject to certification by the Alternative Energy Development Board (AEDB), Islamabad:--</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Solar PV panels;</td>
<td>8541.5000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) LVD induction lamps;</td>
<td>8539.3990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) SMD, LEDs, with or without ballast, with fittings and fixtures;</td>
<td>9405.1090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(d) Wind turbines including alternators and mast;</td>
<td>8502.3100</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(e) Solar Torches;</td>
<td>8513.1040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(f) Lanterns and related instruments;</td>
<td>8513.1090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(g) PV modules along with related components, including invertors, charge controllers and batteries.</td>
<td>8541.4000, 8504.4090, 9032.8990 and 8507.0000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>111.</td>
<td>White crystalline sugar</td>
<td>1701.9910 and 1701.9920</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>112.</td>
<td>Following cardiology/cardiac surgery, neurovascular, electrophysiology, endosurgery, endoscopy, oncology, urology, gynaecology, disposables and other equipment:--</td>
<td>Respective headings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>A. ANGIOPLASTY PRODUCTS</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. Coronary Artery Stents</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Drugs Eluting Coronary Artery Stents</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Coronary Artery Dilatations Catheters (Balloons)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. PTCA Guide Wire</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. PTCA Guiding Catheters</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6. Inflation Devices/Priority Packs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>B. ANGIOGRAPHY PRODUCTS</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. Angiography Catheters</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Sheaths</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Guide Wires
4. Contrast Lines
5. Pressure Lines
6. Mannifolds

C. CONTRAST MEDIA FOR ANGIOGRAPHY/ANGIOPLASTY

1. Angiography Accessories
2. ASD Closure Devices
3. ASD Delivery Systems
4. VSD Closure Devices
5. VSD Delivery System
6. Guide Wires
7. Sizing Balloons
8. Sizing Plates
9. PDA Closure Devices
10. PDA Delivery System

D. TEMPORARY PACEMAKERS
(with leads, connectors and accessories)

E. PERMANENT PACEMAKER.
(with leads, connectors and accessories)

F. HEART FAILURE DEVICES
(with leads, connectors and accessories)

G. IMPLANTABLE CARDIOVERTES
(with leads, connectors and accessories)

H. CARDIAC ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY PRODUCTS

1. Electrophysiology catheters
2. Electrophysiology cables
3. Electrophysiology connectors

I. LEAR CARDIOLOGY PRODUCTS

1. Radioactive isotopes
2. Cold kits (cardiolotic MAA, DTPA etc.)

J. CARDIAC SURGERY
### PRODUCTS

1. Oxygenators  
2. Cannulas  
3. Prosthetic Heart Valves  
4. Luminal shunts for heart surgery  
5. Artificial limbs and appliances

### J. EQUIPMENT

1. Cardiac Angiography Machine  
2. Echocardiography Machines  
3. ETT Machines  
4. Gamma Camera for Nuclear Cardiology Studies

### K. PERIPHERAL INTERVENTIONS EQUIPMENT

Disposables and other equipment for peripheral interventions including stents (including carotid and wall stents), balloons, sheaths, catheters, guide wires, filter wires, coils, needles, valves (including rotating homeostatic valves), connecting cables, inflation devices adapters.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>113.</th>
<th>High Efficiency Irrigation Equipment (If used for agriculture sector)</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(1) Submersible pumps (up to 75 lbs and head 150 meters)</td>
<td>8413.7010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2) Sprinklers including high and low pressure (centre pivotal) system, conventional sprinkler equipment, water reel travelling sprinkler, drip or trickle irrigation equipment, mint irrigation sprinkler system</td>
<td>8424.8100, 8424.2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(3) Air release valves, pressures gauges, water meters, back flow preventers, and automatic controllers.</td>
<td>8481.1000, 8481.3000, 9026.2000, 9032.8990</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>114.</th>
<th>Green House Framing and Other Green House Equipment (If used for Agriculture Sector)</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(1) Tunnel farming equipment [consisting of plastic covering and]</td>
<td>[3920.1000, 3926.9099, 5608.1900, 5608.9000.] 9406.0010</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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1 Words and comma inserted by Finance Act, 2015
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>HSN Code</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>115.</td>
<td>Green houses (prefabricated)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Respective headings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>116.</td>
<td>Plant, machinery and equipment imported for setting up fruit processing and preservation units in Gilgit-Baltistan, Balochistan Province and Malakand Division upto the 30th June, 2019 subject to the same conditions and procedure as are applicable for import of such plant, machinery and equipment under the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969).</td>
<td></td>
<td>Respective headings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cratinin sysi</strong></td>
<td><strong>Ring</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Detektiion cups</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>ISE Standard</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Alkaline phosphatase (Alb)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Bilirubin kit</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HDL Cholesterol</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ck creatinin kinase (mb)</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Ck nac</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Glulcose kit</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ammonia Modular</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lac</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ldh kit (lactate dehydrogenase kit)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Urea uv kit</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ua plus</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tina quant</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Crp control</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Aslo tin</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Proteins</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lipids</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HDL/LDL cholesterol</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Protein kit</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>U</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Control Sera</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Pac</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Control</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HCV</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>UIBC (Unsaturated iron binding capacity)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>U/CSF</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inorganic Phosphorus kit</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Kit amplicon kit (for PCR)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Ige</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lc hsv</strong></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Oligo</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NA/K/CL</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hey</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard [or calibrated]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hla B27</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liss Coombs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typhoid kit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HCV amp</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urine test strips</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strips for sugar test</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blood glucose test strips</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kits for automatic cell separator for collection of platelets</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elisa or Eclia kit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCR kits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immunoblast (western blot test).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I.C.T. (Immunochromatographic kit)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CBC Reagent (For hematology analyzer) Complete blood count reagent</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| 121. | Blood Bag CPDA-1 with blood transfusion set pack in aluminium foil with set. | Respective headings |
| 122. | Urine drainage bags | Respective headings |
| 123. | Aircraft, whether imported or acquired on wet or dry lease | 8802.2000, 8802.3000, 8802.4000 |
| 124. | Maintenance kits for use in trainer aircrafts of PCT headings 8802.2000 and 8802.3000 | Respective headings |
| 125. | Spare parts for use in aircrafts, trainer aircrafts or simulators | Respective headings |
| 126. | Machinery, equipment and tools for setting up maintenance, repair and overhaul (MRO) workshop by MRO company recognized by Aviation Division. | Respective headings |
| 127. | Operational tools, machinery, equipment and furniture and fixtures on one-time basis for setting up Greenfield airports by a company authorized by Aviation Division. | Respective headings |
| 128. | Aviation simulators imported by airline company recognized by Aviation Division. | Respective headings |
| 129. | Import of plant, machinery and production line equipment used for the manufacturing | Respective headings |
of mobile phones by the local manufacturers of mobile phones duly certified by the Pakistan Telecommunication Authority.

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### Table-2
(Local Supplies only)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial No</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Heading Nos. of the First Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Supply of cottonseed exclusively meant for sowing purposes, subject to such conditions as the Board may specify.</td>
<td>1207.2000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Supply of locally produced crude vegetable oil obtained from the locally produced seeds [1] [other than cotton seed], except cooking oil, without having undergone any process except the process of washing.</td>
<td>Respective headings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Supplies made by cottage industry.</td>
<td>Respective headings.]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Raw material and intermediary goods manufactured or produced, and services provided or rendered, by a registered person, consumed in-house for the manufacture of goods subject to sales tax.</td>
<td>Respective headings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>***</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Supply of fixed assets against which input tax adjustment is not available under a notification issued in terms of clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 8 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990.</td>
<td>Respective headings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Foodstuff cooked or prepared in-house and served in messes run on the basis of mutuality and industrial canteens for workers.</td>
<td>Respective headings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Foodstuff and other eatables prepared in</td>
<td>Respective headings.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 The words inserted by the Finance Act, 2012
2 S. No. 3 substituted by the Finance Act, 2007
3 Substituted by the Finance Act, 2014
4 S. No. 5 omitted by the Finance Act, 2011
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Agricultural produce of Pakistan, not subjected to any further process of manufacture.</td>
<td>Respective headings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![11. Supply of ware potato and onions](0701.9000 and 0703.1000)]</td>
<td>![2. Supply of ware potato and onions](0701.9000 and 0703.1000)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![3. Sprinkler Equipment](a. Sprinkler Equipment)</td>
<td>![4. Drip Equipment](b. Drip Equipment)</td>
<td>![5. Spray Pumps and nozzles](c. Spray Pumps and nozzles)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Raw cotton and ginned cotton</td>
<td>Respective headings]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![6. Raw and pickled hides and skins, wet blue hides and skins](41.01, 41.02, 41.02, 4104.1000, 4105.1000, 4106.2100, 4106.3000, 4106.9000)</td>
<td>![7. Supplies made by manufacturers of marble and granite having annual turnover less than five million rupees even if their annual utility bill is more than eight hundred thousand rupees](Respective headings)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.</td>
<td>Bricks (up to 30th June, 2018)</td>
<td>6901.1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.</td>
<td>Crushed stone (up to 30th June, 2018)</td>
<td>2517.1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.</td>
<td>Poultry feed, cattle feed, sunflower seed meal, rape seed meal and canola seed meal</td>
<td>2306.3000, 2306.4900 and respective headings]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:--

1. For the purpose of this Schedule, for entries against which classification of headings or sub-headings has been specified, exemption shall be admissible on the basis of description of goods as mentioned in column 2 of the Schedule Pakistan Customs Tariff classification of headings is provided for ease of reference and commodity classification purposes only.

2. For the purposes of determining classification of any goods, the general rules for interpretation of the First Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969) and Explanatory Notes to the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (relevant version) as amended from time to time shall be considered authentic source of interpretation.

---

1. S. No. 11 inserted by the Finance Act, 2009
2. S. No. 12 omitted by the Finance Act, 2013
3. S. Nos. 13 to 16 added by the Finance Act, 2014
4. S. No. 13 & 14 omitted by the Finance Act, 2015
5. S. Nos. 17 to 21 added by Finance Act, 2015.
3. For the purposes of exemption of sales tax under serial numbers 46, 47, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 56, 57, 59, 60 and 62 of this Schedule, the definitions, restrictions, limitations, conditions and procedures and all the provisions of Chapter 99 of the First Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969), for the purposes of applying zero-rate of customs duty shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply and shall be deemed and construed to be part of this Schedule.

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**TABLE-3**

The plant, machinery, equipment and apparatus, including capital goods, specified in column (2) of the Annexure below, falling under the HS Codes specified in column (3) of that Annexure, shall be exempt from the whole of Sales tax, subject to the following conditions, besides the conditions specified in column (4) of the Annexure, namely:-

(i) The imported goods as are not listed in the locally manufactured items, notified through a Customs General Order issued by the Board from time to time or, as the case may be, certified as such by the Engineering Development Board.

(ii) except for S. No. 9 and 14 of the Annexure, the Chief Executive, or the person next in hierarchy duly authorized by the Chief Executive or Head of the importing company shall certify in the prescribed manner and format as per Annex-A that the imported items are the company’s *bona fide* requirement. He shall furnish all relevant information online to Pakistan Customs Computerized System against a specific user ID and password obtained under section 155D of the Customs Act, 1969. In already computerized Collectorates or Customs stations where the Pakistan Customs Computerized System is not operational, the Project Director or any other person authorized by the Collector in this behalf shall enter the requisite information in the Pakistan Customs Computerized System on daily basis, whereas entry of the data obtained from the customs stations which have not yet been computerized shall be made on weekly basis; and

(iii) in case of partial shipments of machinery and equipment for setting up a plant, the importer shall, at the time of arrival of first partial shipment, furnish complete details of the machinery, equipment and components required for the complete plant, duly supported by the contract, layout plan and drawings:

*Explanation.*- For the purpose of Table-3, capital goods mean any plant, machinery, equipment, spares and accessories, classified in Chapters 84, 85 or any other chapter of the Pakistan Customs Tariff, required for-

(a) the manufacture or production of any goods and includes refractory bricks and materials required for setting up a furnace, catalysts, machine tools, packaging machinery and equipment, refrigeration equipment, power generating sets and equipment, instruments for

---

1Inserted by Finance Act, 2014
testing, research and development, quality control, pollution control and the like; or

(b) used in mining, agriculture, fisheries, animal husbandry, floriculture, horticulture, livestock, dairy and poultry industry.

### ANNEXURE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>PCT heading</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Machinery and equipment for initial installation, balancing, modernization, replacement or expansion of desalination plants, coal firing system, gas processing plants and oil and gas field prospecting.</td>
<td>Respective Headings</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Following machinery, equipment, apparatus, and medical, surgical, dental and veterinary furniture, materials, fixtures and fittings imported by hospitals and medical or diagnostic institutes:-</td>
<td>(a) The project requirement shall be approved by the Board of Investment (BOI). The authorized officer of BOI shall certify the item wise requirement of the project in the prescribed format and manner as per Annex-B and shall furnish all relevant information online to Pakistan Customs Computerized System against a specific user ID and password obtained under Section 155D of the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969); (b) the goods shall not be sold or otherwise disposed of without prior approval of the Board and the payment of customs-duties and taxes at statutory rates leviable at the time of import. Breach of this condition shall be construed as a criminal offence under the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A. Medical Equipment.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>Dentist chairs</td>
<td>9402.1010</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>Medical surgical dental or veterinary furniture</td>
<td>9402.9090</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Operating Table.</td>
<td>9402.9010</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>Emergency Operating Lights.</td>
<td>9405.4090</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(5)</td>
<td>Hospital Beds with mechanical fittings</td>
<td>9402.9020</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(6)</td>
<td>Gymnasium equipment</td>
<td>9506.9100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(7)</td>
<td>Cooling Cabinet.</td>
<td>8418.5000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(8)</td>
<td>Refrigerated Liquid Bath.</td>
<td>3824.9099</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(9)</td>
<td>Contrast Media Injections (for use in Angiography &amp; MRI etc).</td>
<td>3822.0000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Cardiology / Cardiac Surgery Equipment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>Cannulas.</td>
<td>9018.3940</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>Manifolds.</td>
<td>8481.8090</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Intravenous cannula i.v. catheter.</td>
<td>9018.3940</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Disposable Medical Devices</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>Self-disabling safety</td>
<td>9018.3110</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Inserted by Finance Act, 2014.
sterile syringes. | (2) Insulin syringes. | 9018.3110
---|---|---
### D. Other Related Equipments

| 1) Fire extinguisher. | 8424.1000 |
| 2) Fixtures & fittings for hospitals | Respective Headings |

#### 3. Machinery, equipment, materials, capital goods, specialized vehicles (4x4 non-luxury) i.e. single or double cabin pickups, accessories, spares, chemicals and consumables meant for mine construction phase or extraction phase.

1. This concession shall be available to those mineral explorations and extraction companies or their authorized operators or contractors who hold permits, licences, lease and who enter into agreements with the Government of Pakistan or a Provincial Government.

2. Temporarily imported goods shall be cleared against a security in the form of a post-dated cheque for the amount of sales tax, along with an under-taking to pay the sales tax at the statutory rate in case such goods are not re-exported on conclusion of the project.

3. The goods shall not be sold or otherwise disposed of without prior approval of the Board and the payment of sales tax leviable at the time of import. These shall, however, be allowed to be transferred to other entitled mining companies with prior approval of the Board; and

- Coal mining machinery, equipment, spares, including vehicles for site use i.e. single or double cabin pick-ups, imported for Thar Coal Field.

(a) This concession shall be available to those mining companies or their authorized operators or contractors who hold permits, licenses, leases and who enter into agreements with the Government of Pakistan or a Provincial Government.

(b) The goods shall not be sold or otherwise disposed of without prior approval of the Board and the payment of customs duties and taxes leviable at the time of import. These shall, however, be allowed to be transferred to other entitled
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<p>| | | |</p>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>mining companies with prior approval of the Board.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 5. | 1. Machinery, equipment and spares meant for initial installation, balancing, modernization, replacement or expansion of projects for power generation through oil, gas, coal, wind and wave energy including under construction projects, which entered into an implementation agreement with the Government of Pakistan. | (i) This concession shall also be available to primary contractors of the project upon fulfilment of the following conditions, namely:-
(a) the contractor shall submit a copy of the contract or agreement under which he intends to import the goods for the project;
(b) the Chief Executive or head of the contracting company shall certify in the prescribed manner and format as per Annex-A that the imported goods are the projects bona fide requirement; and
(c) the goods shall not be sold or otherwise disposed of without prior approval of the FBR on payment of sales tax leviable at the time of import;
(ii) temporarily imported goods shall be cleared against a security in the form of a post-dated cheque for the differential amount between the statutory rate of sales tax and the amount payable under this notification, along with an undertaking to pay the sales tax at the statutory rates in case such goods are not re-exported on conclusion of the project. |
|   | 2. Construction machinery, equipment and specialized vehicles, excluding passenger vehicles, imported on temporary basis as required for the construction of project. | |
| 6. | 1. Machinery, equipment and spares meant for initial installation, balancing, modernization, replacement or expansion of projects for power generation through gas, coal, hydel, and oil including under construction projects. | |
|   | 2. Construction machinery, | |
|   |   |   |
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

7. 1. Machinery, equipment and spares meant for initial installation, balancing, modernization, replacement or expansion of projects for power generation through nuclear and renewable energy sources like solar, wind, micro-hydel bio-energy, ocean, waste-to-energy and hydrogen cell etc.

2. Construction machinery, equipment and specialized vehicles, excluding passenger vehicles, imported on temporary basis as required for the construction of project.

**Explanation.**- The expression “projects for power generation” means any project for generation of electricity whether small, medium or large and whether for supply to the national grid or to any other user or for in house consumption.
8. Machinery and equipment meant for power transmission and grid stations including under construction projects.

*Explanation:* For the purpose of this serial number, “machinery and equipment” shall mean,

(a) machinery and equipment operated by power of any description, such as is used in the generation of power;

(b) apparatus, appliances, metering and testing apparatus, mechanical and electrical control, transmission gear and transmission tower, power transmission and distribution cables and conductors, insulators, damper spacer and hardware and parts thereof adapted to be used in conjunction with the machinery and equipment as specified in clause (a) above; and

(c) component parts of machinery and equipment, as specified in clause (a) and (b) above, identifiable for use in or with machinery imported for the project and equipment including spares for purposes of the project.

2. Construction machinery, equipment and specialized vehicles, excluding passenger vehicles, imported on temporary basis as required for the construction of project.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Following machinery, equipment and other education and research related items imported by technical, training institutes, research institutes, schools, colleges and universities:</th>
<th>Nil</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>Quartz reactor tubes and holders designed for insertion into diffusion and oxidation furnaces for production of semiconductor wafers.</td>
<td>7017.1010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>Other dryers</td>
<td>8419.3900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>Filtering or purifying machinery and apparatus for water</td>
<td>8421.2100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>Other filtering or purifying machinery and apparatus for liquids</td>
<td>8421.2900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(5)</td>
<td>Personal weighing machines, including baby scales; household scales</td>
<td>8423.1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(6)</td>
<td>Scales for continuous weighing of goods on conveyors</td>
<td>8423.2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(7)</td>
<td>Constant weight scales and scales for discharging a predetermined weight of material into a bag or container, including hopper scales</td>
<td>8423.3000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(8)</td>
<td>Other weighing machinery having a maximum weighing capacity not exceeding 30 kg</td>
<td>8423.8100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(9)</td>
<td>Other weighing machinery having a maximum weighing capacity exceeding 30 kg but not exceeding 5,000kg</td>
<td>8423.8200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(10)</td>
<td>Other weighing machinery</td>
<td>8423.8900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(11)</td>
<td>Weighing machine weights of all kinds; parts of weighing machinery of machines of heading 8423.2000 &amp; 8423.3000</td>
<td>8423.9000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(12)</td>
<td>Other weighing machine weights of all kinds; parts of weighing machinery of machines of heading 8423.2000 &amp; 8423.3000</td>
<td>8423.9000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Tariff Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Networking equipments like routers, LAN bridges, hubs excluding switches and repeaters.</td>
<td>8517.6970</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Other furnaces and ovens</td>
<td>8514.3000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Electronic balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better, with or without weights.</td>
<td>9016.0010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Other balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better, with or without weights.</td>
<td>9016.0090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Thermostats of a kind used in refrigerators and air-conditioners</td>
<td>9032.1010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Other thermostats</td>
<td>9032.1090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Manostats</td>
<td>9032.2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Other instruments and apparatus Hydraulic or pneumatic</td>
<td>9032.8100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Other instruments and apparatus</td>
<td>9032.8990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Parts and accessories of automatic regulating or controlling instruments and apparatus</td>
<td>9032.9000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Spares, accessories, and reagents for scientific equipments.</td>
<td>Respective Headings</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*1. For the projects of Gem Stone & Jewellery Industry, CEO/COO, Pakistan Gem and Jewellery Company shall certify in the prescribed format and manner as per Annex-B that the imported goods are bona fide project requirement. The authorized person of the Company shall furnish all relevant information online to Pakistan Customs Computerized System against a specific user ID and password obtained under section 155D of the Customs Act,

---

1. S. No. 10 and entries relating thereto omitted by Finance Act, 2015
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>HSN Code</th>
<th>Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Gang saw blades/diamond saw blades/multiple blades of all types and dimensions.</td>
<td>8202.9990</td>
<td>1969.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Machine and tool for stone work; sand blasting machines; tungsten carbide tools; diamond tools &amp; segments (all type &amp; dimensions), hydraulic jacking machines, hydraulic manual press machines, air/hydro pillows, compressed air rubber pipes, hydraulic drilling machines, manual and power drilling machines, steel drill rods and spring (all sizes and dimensions), whole finding system with accessories, manual portable rock drills, cross cutter and bridge cutters.</td>
<td>8464.9000 &amp; Respective headings</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Integral drilling steel for horizontal and vertical drilling, extension thread rods for pneumatic super long drills, tools and accessories for rock drills.</td>
<td>8466.9100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. For the projects of Marble & Granite Industry, CEO/COO, Pakistan Stone Development Company shall certify in the prescribed format and manner as per Annex-B that the imported goods are *bona fide* project requirement. The authorized persons of the Company shall furnish all relevant information online to Pakistan Customs Computerized System against a specific user ID and password obtained under section 155D of the Customs Act, 1969.

3. The goods shall not be sold or otherwise disposed of within a period of five years of their import except with the prior approval of the FBR and payment of customs duties and taxes leviable at the time of import.
12. Machinery, equipment and other project related items including capital goods, for setting up of hotels, power generation plants, water treatment plants and other infrastructure related projects located in an area of 30 km around the zero point in Gwadar.

Respective Headings

1. The Division dealing with the subject matter of Industries shall certify in the prescribed manner and format as per Annex-B that the imported goods are bonafide project requirement. The authorized officer of the Ministry shall furnish all relevant information online to Pakistan Customs Computerized System against a specific user ID and password obtained under section 155D of the Customs Act, 1969.

2. The goods shall not be sold or otherwise disposed of without prior approval of the FBR and payment of customs duties and taxes leviable at the time of import.

13. Effluent treatment plants

Respective headings

Nil

14. Following items with dedicated use of renewable source of energy like solar, wind, geothermal etc:-

Parallel Headings

Nil


(a) Inverters. 8504.4090

(b) Charge controllers/current controllers. 9032.8990

(c) Energy saver lamps of varying voltages (operating on DC). 8539.3910

(d) Energy saver lamps of varying voltages (operating on AC). 8539.3910

(e) Light emitting diodes (light emitting in different colours). 8541.5000

(f) Water pumps operating on solar energy. 8413.7090, 8413.7010

(g) Water purification plants operating on solar energy. 8421.2100

(h) Batteries NiCd, Li-ion & Lead Acid specific utilization and integrated with solar electrification system. 8507.3000, 8507.8000

(i) Energy Saving Tube Lights 8539.3920

2. Solar Parabolic Trough Power Plants. 8502.3900
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>Parabolic Trough collectors modules.</td>
<td>8503.0010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b)</td>
<td>Absorbers/Receives tubes.</td>
<td>8503.0090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c)</td>
<td>Steam turbine of an output exceeding 40MW.</td>
<td>8406.8100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d)</td>
<td>Steam turbine of an output not exceeding 40MW.</td>
<td>8406.8200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e)</td>
<td>Sun tracking control system.</td>
<td>8543.7090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(f)</td>
<td>Control panel with other accessories.</td>
<td>8537.1090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Solar Dish Sterling Engine.</td>
<td>8412.8090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>Solar concentrating dish</td>
<td>8543.7000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b)</td>
<td>Sterling engine.</td>
<td>8543.7000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c)</td>
<td>Sun tracking control system</td>
<td>8543.7090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d)</td>
<td>Control panel with accessories.</td>
<td>8406.8200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e)</td>
<td>Generator</td>
<td>8501.6100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Solar Air Conditioning System</td>
<td>8415.1090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>Absorption chillers.</td>
<td>8418.6990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b)</td>
<td>Cooling towers.</td>
<td>8419.8910</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c)</td>
<td>Pumps.</td>
<td>8413.3090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d)</td>
<td>Air handling units.</td>
<td>8415.8200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e)</td>
<td>Fan coils units.</td>
<td>8415.9099</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(f)</td>
<td>Charging &amp; Testing equipment.</td>
<td>9031.8000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Solar Desalination System</td>
<td>8421.2100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>Solar photo voltaic panels</td>
<td>8541.4000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b)</td>
<td>Solar water pumps</td>
<td>8413.3090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c)</td>
<td>Storage batteries.</td>
<td>8507.2090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d)</td>
<td>Charge controllers.</td>
<td>9032.8990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e)</td>
<td>Inverters</td>
<td>8504.4090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Solar Thermal Power Plants with accessories.</td>
<td>8502.3900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Solar Water Heaters with accessories.</td>
<td>8419.1900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>Vacuum tubes (Glass).</td>
<td>7020.0090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b)</td>
<td>Selective coating for absorber plates.</td>
<td>Respective heading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c)</td>
<td>Copper, aluminium and stainless steel sheets.</td>
<td>Respective heading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d)</td>
<td>Copper and aluminium tubes.</td>
<td>Respective heading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>PV Modules</td>
<td>8541.4000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Solar cells.</td>
<td>8541.4000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Tempered Glass.</td>
<td>7007.2900</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Aluminium frames.</td>
<td>7610.9000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) O-Ring.</td>
<td>4016.9990</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e) Flux</td>
<td>3810.1000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(f) Adhesive labels.</td>
<td>3919.9090</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(g) Junction box + Cover</td>
<td>8538.9090</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(h) Sheet mixture of Paper and plastic</td>
<td>3920.9900</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(i) Ribbon for PV Modules (made of silver &amp; Lead)</td>
<td>Respective headings</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(j) Bypass diodes.</td>
<td>8541.1000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(k) EVA (Ethyl Vinyl Acetate) Sheet (Chemical).</td>
<td>3920.9900</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**9. Solar Cell Manufacturing Equipment.**

| (a) Crystal (Grower) Puller (if machine). | 8479.8990 |
| (b). Diffusion furnace. | 8514.3000 |
| (c) Oven. | 8514.3000 |
| (d). Wafering machine | 8479.8990 |
| (e). Cutting and shaping machines for silicon ingot. | 8461.9000 |
| (f). Solar grade polysilicon material. | 3824.9099 |
| (g). Phosphene Gas. | 2848.0000 |
| (h). Aluminum and silver paste. | Respective headings |

**10. Pyranometers and accessories for solar data collection**

| 9030.8900 |

**11. Solar chargers for charging electronic devices**

| 8504.4020 |

**12. Remote control for solar charge controller.**

| 8543.7010 |

**13. Wind Turbines.**

| 8412.8090 |
| (a) Rotor | 8412.9090 |
| (b) Hub | 8412.9090 |
| (c) Generator | 8501.6490 |
| (d) Deep cycle battery | 8507.8000 |

**14. Wind water pump**

| 8413.8190 |

**15. Geothermal energy equipments.**

| (1) Geothermal Heat Pumps 8418.6100, 8418.6990 |
| (2) Geothermal Reversible Chillers | 8418.6990 |
| (3) Air handlers for indoor quality control | 8415.8300 |
## The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>HSN Code</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Hydronic heat pumps</td>
<td>8418.6100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Slim Jim heat exchangers</td>
<td>8419.5000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>HDPE fusion tools</td>
<td>8515.8000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Geothermal energy Installation tools and Equipment</td>
<td>8419.8990</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Dehumidification equipment</td>
<td>8479.6000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Thermostats and Intelli Zone</td>
<td>9032.1090</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**16. Any other item approved by the Alternative Energy Development Board (AEDB) and concurred to by the FBR.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>HSN Code</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>LVD induction lamps</td>
<td>8539.3990</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>SMD, LEDs with or without ballast with fittings and fixtures.</td>
<td>9405.1090</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Wind turbines including alternators and mast.</td>
<td>8502.3100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Solar torches</td>
<td>8513.1040</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Lanterns and related instruments</td>
<td>8513.1090</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>PV module, with or without the related components including invertors, charge controllers and batteries</td>
<td>8541.4000, 8504.4090, 9032.8990, 8507.0000</td>
<td>Subject to certification by AEDB that the inverters, charge controllers and batteries being imported are in quantities which commensurate with the PV modules being imported.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[S. No. 16 and entries relating thereto omitted by Finance Act, 2015]
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Header Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NTN/FTN of Importer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Details of Input goods (to be filled by the chief executive of the importing company)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>H.S Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Specs</th>
<th>Custom Duty rate (applicable)</th>
<th>Sales Tax rate (applicable)</th>
<th>WHT</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>UOM</th>
<th>Quantit y imported</th>
<th>Collectorate</th>
<th>CRN/ Mach. No.</th>
<th>Date of CRN/ Mach. No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

CERTIFICATE. It is certified that the description and quantity mentioned above are commensurate with the project requirement and that the same are not manufactured locally. It is further certified that the above items shall not be used for any other purpose.

Signature of Chief Executive, or
The person next in hierarchy duly Authorized by the Chief Executive
Name __________________________
N.I.C. No. __________________________

NOTE:- In case of clearance through Pakistan Customs Computerized System, the above information shall be furnished online against a specific user I.D. and password obtained under section 155D of the Customs Act, 1969.

Explanation.-

Chief Executive means.—

1. owner of the firm, in case of sole proprietorship; or
2. partner of firm having major share, in case of partnership firm; or
3. Chief Executive Officer or the Managing Director in case of limited company or multinational organization; or
4. Principal Officer in case of a foreign company.

1 Inserted by Finance Act, 2014
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

1[Annex-B]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Header Information</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NTN/FTN of Importer</td>
<td>Approval No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Details of Input goods (to be filled by the authorized officer of the Regulatory Authority)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Goods imported</th>
<th>(Collectorate of import)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HS Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CERTIFICATE** Before certifying the above-authorized officer of the Regulatory Authority shall ensure that the goods are genuine and *bona fide* requirement of the project and that the same are not manufactured locally.

Signature __________________________

Designation __________________________

**NOTE:** In case of clearance through Pakistan Customs Computerized System, the above information shall be furnished on line against a specific user I.D. and password obtained under section 155D of the Customs Act, 1969.

1 Inserted by the Finance Act, 2014
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

The
SEVENTH SCHEDULE
[***]

2[The
EIGHTH SCHEDULE
[See clause (aa) of sub-section (2) of section 3]

Table-1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Heading Nos. of the First Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969)</th>
<th>Rate of Sales Tax</th>
<th>Condition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Soyabean meal</td>
<td>2304.0000</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Oil cake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets</td>
<td>2306.1000</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Oilseeds meant for sowing.</td>
<td>Respective headings</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>Import thereof subject to the condition that concerned department of the Division dealing with the subject matter of oil seeds certifies that the imported seeds are fungicide and insecticides treated and are meant for sowing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Raw cotton and ginned cotton</td>
<td>Respective headings</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>On import</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Plant and machinery not manufactured locally and having no compatible local substitutes</td>
<td>Respective headings</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>(i) On import of such plant and machinery by registered manufacturers, post-dated</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 The seventh schedule omitted by the Finance Act, 1997
2 The eighth schedule inserted by the Finance Act, 2014
3 Substituted for the figure “5%” by Finance Act, 2015
4 S. No. 3 and entries relating thereto omitted by Finance Act, 2015
5 Substituted for the figure “5%” by Finance Act, 2015
cheque(s) equal to the differential amount of sales tax payable at import stage, shall be submitted to the customs authorities, which shall be returned on furnishing proof of filing of first sales tax return after import of such machinery, showing the import of such machinery;

(ii) On import by commercial importers, good-for-payment cheque, bank guarantee, pay order or treasury challan showing deposit, equal to the differential amount of sales tax payable at import stage, shall be submitted to the customs authorities, which shall be returned back, or as the case may be, refunded, after evidence of subsequent supply to registered manufacturers or industrial users is furnished to the customs authorities;

(iii) Supply of such imported plant and machinery by commercial importers to unregistered
persons or persons other than manufacturers shall be liable to standard rate of tax, and evidence to that effect shall be produced to the customs authorities for release of the above mentioned instruments or refund of the amount paid at import stage;

(iv) Subsequent supply of plant and machinery imported or acquired by registered manufacturers to unregistered persons or persons other than manufacturers shall be liable to tax at standard rate; and

(v) the validity period of instruments furnished under this provision shall not be less than one hundred and twenty days.

**Explanation.**— For the purpose of this provision, plant and machinery means such plant and machinery as is used in the manufacture or production of goods.

| 1[7. | Flavoured milk | 0402.9900 | 10% | Sold in retail packing under a brand name |

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1 Serial numbers 7 to 23 and 25 to 31 and entries relating thereto in columns (2), (3), (4) and (5) inserted by Finance Act, 2015
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>SITC Code</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Yogurt</td>
<td>0403.1000</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>Sold in retail packing under a brand name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Cheese</td>
<td>0406.1010</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>Sold in retail packing under a brand name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Butter</td>
<td>0405.1000</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>Sold in retail packing under a brand name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Cream</td>
<td>04.01 and 04.02</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>Sold in retail packing under a brand name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Desi ghee</td>
<td>0405.9000</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>Sold in retail packing under a brand name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Whey</td>
<td>04.04</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>Sold in retail packing under a brand name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Milk and cream, concentrated and added sugar or other sweetening matter</td>
<td>0402.1000</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>Sold in retail packing under a brand name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Ingredients of poultry feed, cattle feed, except soya bean meal of PCT heading 2304.0000 and oil-cake of cotton-seed falling under PCT heading 2306.1000</td>
<td>2301.2090, 2305.0000, 2306.2000, 2306.3000, 2306.4100, 2306.5000, 2309.9010, 2309.9020, 2309.9090, 2936.2100, 2936.2200, 2936.2300, 2936.2400, 2936.2500, 2936.2600, 2936.2700, 2936.2800, 2308.9000 (Guar Meal), 2303.1000 (Corn Gluton Feed/Meal), 2303.1000 (Residues of starch manufacture and similar residues), 3507.9000 (Enzymes-other), 2302.1000</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

| 2302.2000  | (Maize Bran), |
| 2302.3000  | (Rice Bran), |
| 2302.4000  | (Wheat Bran), |
| 2302.5000  | (Other Cereals), |
| 2306.7000  | (Bran of Leguminous Plants), |
| 2306.4900  | (Oil cake and other solid residues of Maize (corn) germ), |
| 2306.9000  | (Sesame Cake), |
| 2842.1000  | (Sesame Meal/other Meal), |
| 2827.6000  | (Double or complex silicates, including aluminosilicates whether or not chemically defined), |
| 2301.2010  | (Fish Meal), |
| 0505.9000  | (Poultry by product Meal), |
|            | and the following items only of Feed Grade: |
| 2833.2990  | (Manganese Sulphate), |
| 2827.6000  | (Potassium Lodide), |
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2833.2600</td>
<td>Zinc Sulphate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2817.4000</td>
<td>Zinc Oxide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2833.2500</td>
<td>Copper Sulphate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2833.2910</td>
<td>Ferrous Sulphate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2915.5000</td>
<td>Propionic acid, its salts and esters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2930.4000</td>
<td>DL Methionine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2930.4000</td>
<td>Methionine Hydroxy Analogue (liquid)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2922.4100</td>
<td>Lysine Monohydro Chloride /sulphate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2923.2000</td>
<td>Lecithins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2923.9000</td>
<td>Betafin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2922.4290</td>
<td>Arginine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2934.9910</td>
<td>Furazolidone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2922.5000</td>
<td>Threonine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2835.2600</td>
<td>Mono Calcium Phosphate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2835.2500</td>
<td>Di Calcium Phosphate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>and</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2835.2600</td>
<td>Mono Di Calcium Phosphate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Item Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Incinerators of disposal of waste management, motorized sweepers and snow ploughs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17.</td>
<td>Re-importation of foreign origin goods which were temporarily exported out of Pakistan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.</td>
<td>Reclaimed lead</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.</td>
<td>Waste paper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.</td>
<td>Plant, machinery, equipment and specific items used in production of bio-diesel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.</td>
<td>Rapeseed, sunflower seed and canola seed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.</td>
<td>Soya bean seed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23.</td>
<td>Secondhand and worn clothing or footwear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25.</td>
<td>Agricultural tractors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26.</td>
<td>Tillage and seed bed preparation equipment:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(i) Rotavator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) Cultivator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(iii) Ridger</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(iv) Sub soiler</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(v) Rotary slasher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(vi) Chisel plow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(vii) Ditcher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(viii) Border disc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ix) Disc harrow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(x) Bar harrow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xi) Mould board plow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xii) Tractor rear or front blade</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xiii) Land leveller or land planer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xiv) Rotary tiller</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xv) Disc plow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xvi) Soil-scrapper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xvii) K.R.Karundi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xviii) Tractor mounted trancher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xix) Land leveler</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27.</td>
<td>Seeding or planting equipment:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(i) Seed-cum-fertilizer drill (wheat, rice barley, etc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) Cotton or maize planter with fertilizer attachment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(iii) Potato planter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(iv) Fertilizer or manure spreader or broadcaster</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(v) Rice transplanter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(vi) Canola or sunflower drill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(vii) Sugarcane planter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28.</td>
<td>Irrigation, drainage and agro-chemical application equipment:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(i) Tubewells filters or strainers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) Knapsack sprayers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(iii) Granular applicator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(iv) Boom or field sprayers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(v) Self propelled sprayers</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>HSN Code</th>
<th>Tax Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>29.29</td>
<td>(i) Harvesting, threshing and storage equipment:</td>
<td></td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) Wheat thresher</td>
<td>8433.5200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(iv) Maize or groundnut thresher or sheller</td>
<td>8433.5200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(v) Groundnut digger</td>
<td>8433.5900</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(vi) Potato digger or harvester</td>
<td>8433.5300</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(vii) Sunflower thresher</td>
<td>8433.5200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(viii) Post hole digger</td>
<td>8433.5900</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ix) Straw balers</td>
<td>8433.4000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(x) Fodder rake</td>
<td>8433.5900</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xi) Wheat or rice reaper</td>
<td>8433.5900</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xii) Chaff or fodder cutter</td>
<td>8433.5900</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xiii) Cotton picker</td>
<td>8433.5900</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xiv) Onion or garlic harvester</td>
<td>8433.5200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xv) Sugar harvester</td>
<td>8433.5200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xvi) Tractor trolley or forage wagon</td>
<td>8716.8090</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xvii) Reaping machines</td>
<td>8433.5900</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xviii) Combined harvesters</td>
<td>8433.5100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(xix) Pruner/shears</td>
<td>8433.5900</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30.02</td>
<td>Post-harvest handling and processing &amp; miscellaneous machinery:</td>
<td></td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(i) Vegetables and fruits cleaning and sorting or grading equipment</td>
<td>8437.1000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) Fodder and feed cube maker equipment</td>
<td>8433.4000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31.03</td>
<td>Pesticides and their active ingredients registered by the Department of Plant Protection under the Agricultural Pesticides Ordinance, 1971(II of 1971), stabilizers, emulsifiers and solvents, namely:—</td>
<td>38.03</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Xylol (xylenes)</td>
<td>2707.3000</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Beta Pinene / Agroton 527 / Terpenic derivative</td>
<td>2902.1990</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>2902.3000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In case of supplies, no input tax credit shall be admissible, except that of the tax paid under this serial number.
### The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>HS Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mixed xylene isomers</td>
<td>2902.4400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naphthalene</td>
<td>2902.9010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvesso-100, 150, 200</td>
<td>2902.9090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2903.3040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cadusafos Technical Material</td>
<td>2903.6900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methanol (methyl alcohol)</td>
<td>2905.1100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol (propane-1, 2-diol)</td>
<td>2905.3200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Adhesives Polyvinyl Acetate</td>
<td>2905.4900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Polyvinyl Alcohol</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2906.2910</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2906.2990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Solvenon MP / 1-Methoxy 2-Propanol</td>
<td>2909.4910</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Methylglycol Acetate</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methanal (formaldehyde)</td>
<td>2912.1100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cyclo-hexanone and methyl-cyclo-hexanones</td>
<td>2914.2200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Cyclohexanon</td>
<td>2914.2990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Cyclohexanone Mixed petroleum Xylene</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- 1,2 &amp; 1,3 &amp; 1,4 dimethyl benzene and</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- ethyle benzene</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetic anhydride</td>
<td>2915.2400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2916.3920</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dioctyl orthophthalates</td>
<td>2917.3200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2918.9010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2919.0010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2919.0090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Endosulfan Technical Material</td>
<td>2920.9020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2920.9090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diethylamine and its salts</td>
<td>2921.1200</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2921.4310</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2921.4390</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2921.5110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triethanolamine and its salts</td>
<td>2922.1300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimethyl Formamide (DMF)</td>
<td>2924.1990</td>
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<td>Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2924.2930</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2924.2990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alpha cyano, 3-phenoxybenzyl (-) cis, trans 3-(2,2-diclorovinyl) 2,2 dimethyl cyclopropane carboxylate</td>
<td>2926.9010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(S) Alpha cyano, 3-phenoxybenzyl (S)-2-(4, chloro phenyl)-3 methy butyrate</td>
<td>2926.9020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cyano, 3-phenony benzyl 2,2,3,3 tetra methyl cyclopropane carboxalate</td>
<td>2926.9030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other nitrite compounds- Cyfluthrin, Beta Cyfluthrin Technical Material</td>
<td>2926.9090</td>
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<tr>
<td>2-N, N-Dimethyl amino-I sodium thiosulphate, 3-thiosulfourropane</td>
<td>2930.2010</td>
</tr>
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<td>Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2930.2020</td>
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<tr>
<td>2- N,N-dimethylamino 1,3 disodium thiosulphate propane</td>
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<tr>
<td>O,S-dimethyl phosphoramidotioate</td>
<td>2930.9020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S-S (2 dimethyl amino (trimethylene) bis (thio carbamate)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Diafethiuran technical</td>
<td>2930.9040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical Formula</td>
<td>CAS Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>(iterbutyl) 3-2-6 disopropyl (4-phenoxyphenyl) thiourene</td>
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<tr>
<td>O-O diethyl O-(3,5,6 trichloro pyridinyl) phosphorothioate</td>
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<tr>
<td>O-(4-bromo, 2-chloro phenyl) o-ethyl s-propyl (phosphorothioate)</td>
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<tr>
<td>O,O diethyl O-(3,5,6-trichloro 2-pyridyl) phosphorothioate</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Ingredients for pesticides</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other organosulpher compounds - Ethion, Methamidophos Technical Material - Dimethysulfoxid</td>
<td>2931.0010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2931.0090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2931.0090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,3 Dihydro 2-2 dimethyl-7 benzo furanyl methyl-carbamate</td>
<td>2932.2920</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other ingredients for pesticides - Carbosulfan Technical Material</td>
<td>2932.9990</td>
</tr>
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<td>Fipronil</td>
<td>2933.1900</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2933.3930</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2933.3990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Chlorpyrifos, Triazophos, Diazinon Technical Material</td>
<td>2933.5950</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Ingredients for pesticides</td>
<td>2933.5990</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pyrimethamine</td>
<td>2933.6910</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingredients for pesticides</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Atrazine Technical Material</td>
<td>2933.6990</td>
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<tr>
<td>Isatin (lactam of istic acid)</td>
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<tr>
<td>1-Vinyl-2-pyrrol-idone</td>
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<td>- Triazophos Technical Material</td>
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<td>Ingredients for pesticides</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ingredients for pesticides</td>
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<tr>
<td>-Methyl benzimidazol -</td>
<td>2938.9010</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table-2

Plant, machinery, equipment and apparatus, including capital goods, specified in column (2) of the Annexure below, falling under the HS Codes specified in column (3) of that Annexure, shall be charged to sales tax at the rate of five percent ¹, except goods mentioned in serial numbers 1, 5 and 6 of the Annexure which shall be charged at the rate of ten percent subject to the following conditions, besides the conditions specified in column (4) of the Annexure, namely:-

(i) The imported goods as are not listed in the locally manufactured items, notified through a Customs General Order issued by the Board from time to time or, as the case may be, certified as such by the Engineering Development Board.

(ii) The Chief Executive, or the person next in hierarchy duly authorized by the Chief Executive or Head of the importing company shall certify in the prescribed manner and format as per Annex-A that the imported items are the company’s bona fide requirement. He shall furnish all relevant information Online to Pakistan Customs Computerized System against a specific user ID and password obtained under section 155D of the Customs Act, 1969. In already computerized Collectorates or Customs stations where the Pakistan Customs Computerized System is not operational, the Project Director or any other person authorized by the Collector in this behalf shall enter the requisite information in the Pakistan Customs Computerized System on daily basis, whereas entry of the data obtained from the customs stations which have not yet been computerized shall be made on weekly basis; and

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¹ Commas and words inserted by Finance Act, 2015
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

(iii) In case of partial shipments of machinery and equipment for setting up a plant, the importer shall, at the time of arrival of first partial shipment, furnish complete details of the machinery, equipment and components required for the complete plant, duly supported by the contract, lay out plan and drawings.

Explanation.-In this Table the expression, capital goods mean any plant, machinery, equipment, spares and accessories, classified in chapters 84, 85 or any other chapter of the Pakistan Customs Tariff, required for—

(a) the manufacture or production of any goods, and includes refractory bricks and materials required for setting up a furnace, catalysts, machine tools, packaging machinery and equipment, refrigeration equipment, power generating sets and equipment, instruments for testing, research and development, quality control, pollution control and the like; or

(b) use in mining, agriculture, fisheries, animal husbandry, floriculture, horticulture, livestock, dairy and poultry industry.

Annexure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>PCT heading</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Machinery and equipment for development of grain handling and storage facilities.</td>
<td>Respective Headings</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Cool chain machinery and equipment.</td>
<td>Respective Headings</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Machinery, equipment, materials, capital goods, specialized vehicles (4x4 non luxury) i.e. single or double cabin pickups, accessories, spares, chemicals and consumables meant for mineral exploration phase.</td>
<td>Respective Headings</td>
<td>1. This concession shall be available to those Mineral Exploration and Extraction Companies or their authorized operators or contractors who hold permits, licenses, leases and who enter into agreements with the Government of Pakistan or a Provincial Government. 2. Temporarily imported goods shall be cleared against a security in the form of a post-dated cheque for the differential amount between the statutory rate of customs duty and sales tax and the amount payable under this.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 S. No.3 and entries relating thereto omitted by Finance Act, 2015
notification, along with an undertaking to pay the customs duty and sales tax at the statutory rates in case such goods are not re-exported on conclusion of the project.
3. The goods shall not be sold or otherwise disposed of without prior approval of the FBR and the payment of customs duties and taxes leviable at the time of import. These shall however be allowed to be transferred to other entitled mining companies with prior approval of the Board.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>5.</th>
<th>Complete plants for relocated industries.</th>
<th>Respective Headings</th>
<th>Nil</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Machinery, equipment and other capital goods meant for initial installation, balancing, modernization, replacement or expansion of oil refining (mineral oil, hydro-cracking and other value added petroleum products), petrochemical and petrochemical downstream products including fibers and heavy chemical industry, cryogenic facility for ethylene storage and handling.</td>
<td>Respective Headings</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1S. No. 7 and entries relating thereto omitted by Finance Act, 2015
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

Annex-A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Header Information</th>
<th></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NTN/FTN of Importer</td>
<td>Regulatory authority no.</td>
<td>Name of Regulatory authority</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Details of Input goods (to be filled by the chief executive of the importing company)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HS Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Specs</th>
<th>Custom Duty rate (applicable)</th>
<th>Sales Tax rate (applicable)</th>
<th>WHT</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>UOM</th>
<th>Quantity imported</th>
<th>Collectorate</th>
<th>CRN/ Mach No.</th>
<th>Date of CRN/ Mach No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

CERTIFICATE. It is certified that the description and quantity mentioned above are commensurate with the project requirement and that the same are not manufactured locally. It is further certified that the above items shall not be used for any other purpose.

Signature of Chief Executive, or the person next in hierarchy duly authorized by the Chief Executive

Name __________________________

N.I.C. No. __________________________

NOTE:-- In case of clearance through Pakistan Customs Computerized System, the above information shall be furnished online against a specific user I.D. and password obtained under section 155D of the Customs Act, 1969.

Explanation.—

Chief Executive means.—

1. owner of the firm, in case of sole proprietorship; or
2. partner of firm having major share, in case of partnership firm; or
3. Chief Executive Officer or the Managing Director in case of limited company or multinational organization; or
4. Principal Officer in case of a foreign company.

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The Sales Tax Act, 1990

Annex-B

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Header Information</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NTN/FTN of Importer</td>
<td>Approval No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Details of Input goods (to be filled by the authorized officer of the Regulatory Authority)

<p>| Goods imported (Collectorate of import) |
|-----------------------------------------|---|</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HS Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Specs</th>
<th>Custom Duty rate (applicable)</th>
<th>Sales Tax rate (applicable)</th>
<th>WHT</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>UOM</th>
<th>Quantity imported</th>
<th>Collectorate</th>
<th>CRN/Mach. No.</th>
<th>Date of CRN/ Mach No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>(5)</td>
<td>(6)</td>
<td>(7)</td>
<td>(8)</td>
<td>(9)</td>
<td>(10)</td>
<td>(11)</td>
<td>(12)</td>
<td>(13)</td>
<td>(14)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CERTIFICATE. Before certifying the above-authorized officer of the Regulatory Authority shall ensure that the goods are genuine and *bona fide* requirement of the project and that the same are not manufactured locally.

Signature ____________________________

Designation __________________________

**NOTE:** In case of clearance through Pakistan Customs Computerized System, the above information shall be furnished online against a specific user I.D. and password obtained under section 155D of the Customs Act, 1969.

----------
### The Sales Tax Act, 1990

#### Ninth Schedule

[See sub-section (3B) of section 3]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Description / Specification of Goods</th>
<th>Sales tax on import[^2][or local supply]</th>
<th>Sales tax chargeable at the time of registration (IMEI number by CMOs)</th>
<th>Sales tax on supply (payable at time of supply by CMOs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>(5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Subscriber Identification Module (SIM) Cards</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Rs. 250</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 2.     | A. Low Priced Cellular Mobile Phones or Satellite Phones  
   i. All cameras: 2.0 mega-pixels or less  
   ii. Screen size: 2.6 inches or less  
   iii. Key pad  
   | Rs.[^3][300]  
   | Rs.[^4][300]  
   |                                                 |                                                 |                                                 |
| 2.     | B. Medium Priced Cellular Mobile Phones or Satellite Phones  
   i. One or two cameras: between 2.1 to 10 mega-pixels  
   ii. Screen size: between 2.6 inches and 4.2 inches  
   iii. Micro-processor: less than 2 GHZ  
   | Rs.[^5][500]  
   | Rs.[^6][500]  
   |                                                 |                                                 |                                                 |
| 2.     | C. Smart Cellular  
   | Rs.[^1][1000]  
   | Rs.[^2][1000]  
   |                                                 |                                                 |                                                 |

[^1]: The Ninth Schedule added by the Finance Act, 2015
[^2]: Substituted for the expression “(payable by importer at the time of import)” by Finance Act, 2015
[^3]: Substituted for the figure “150” by Finance Act, 2015
[^4]: Substituted for the figure “150” by Finance Act, 2015
[^5]: Substituted for the figure “250” by Finance Act, 2015
[^6]: Substituted for the figure “250” by Finance Act, 2015
The Sales Tax Act, 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mobile Phones or Satellite Phones</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>i. One or two cameras: 10 mega-pixels and above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ii. Touch Screen: size 4.2 inches and above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iii. 4GB or higher Basic Memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iv. Operating system of the type IOS, Android V2.3, Android Gingerbread or higher, Windows 8 or Blackberry RIM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>v. Micro-processor: 2GHZ or higher, dual core or quad core</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

LIABILITY, PROCEDURE AND CONDITIONS

(i) In case of the goods specified against S.No 1 of the Table, the liability to charge, collect and pay tax shall be on the Cellular Mobile Operator (CMO) at the time of supply. In case of the goods specified against S.No 2, the liability to pay sales tax at the time of import shall be on the importer, and the liability to charge, collect and pay sales tax payable on supplies shall be on the Cellular Mobile Operator at the time of registering International Mobile Equipment Identity (IMEI) number in his system.

(ii) The Cellular Mobile Operators shall, if not already registered, obtain registration under the Sales Tax Act, 1990.

(iii) No IMEI shall be registered in his system by a Cellular mobile Operator without charging and collecting the sales tax as specified in the Table.

(iv) The Cellular Mobile Operator shall deposit the sales tax so collected through his monthly tax return in the manner prescribed in section 26 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990, and rules made thereunder.

(v) The Cellular Mobile Operator shall maintain proper records of all IMEI numbers registered for a period of six years, and such records shall be produced for inspection, audit or verification, as and when required, by an authorized officer of Inland Revenue.

(vi) The Pakistan Telecommunication Authority shall provide data regarding IMEI numbers registered with other Cellular Mobile Operators to prevent double

1 Substituted for the figure “500” by Finance Act, 2015
2 Substituted for the figure “500” by Finance Act, 2015
taxation on the same IMEI number in case of switching by a subscriber from one operator to another, and to provide data regarding registration of IMEI numbers to the Board on monthly basis.

1[(via) The sales tax as indicated in column (3) of the Table above shall be paid by the importer, in case of imports and by the manufacturer, in case of locally manufactured cellular mobile phones.]

(vii) No adjustment of input tax shall be admissible to the Cellular Mobile Operator or any purchaser of cellular mobile phone against the sales tax charged and paid in terms of this Schedule.

(viii) The tax specified in column (4) of the Table shall be charged, collected and paid with effect from such date as may be specified by the Board and the sales tax specified in column(3) shall stand withdrawn from the date so specified.

Note:- Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, the levy, collection and payment of sales tax under Notification No. S.R.O. 460(I)/2013, dated the 30th May, 2013, shall be deemed to always have been lawfully and validly, levied, collected and paid.]

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